

1 Finish the following dialogue :

Hamza is talking to Ashraf about the White Desert National Park.

Hamza : Good morning, Ashraf. Can I ask you some questions about the White Desert National Park?

Ashraf : (1) What are your questions?

Hamza : (2) ?

Ashraf : It is on the western side of the Nile and continues into Libya.

Hamza : (3) ?

Ashraf : Yes, It contains five oases.

Hamza : Why do the rocks have strange shapes?

Ashraf : The wind made them into strange shapes. Do you have any other questions?

Hamza : (4) ?

Ashraf : (5) ?

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :

Were - Was - ingredients - owner - customer - Unfortunately

Yesterday, I had lunch in a restaurant. I liked the special soup and I asked the waiter about its (1) I often eat in this restaurant, so I'm popular in it. (2), when I wanted to pay for the food, I didn't find any money in my pocket. (3) my money stolen or I forgot it at home? I didn't know, but I promised the restaurant (4) , to come back tomorrow and pay.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Please, don't write below the ticket. The antonym "below" is

- a near b next c under d above

2. The prefix "....." can change the meaning of the verb "change".

- a en b dis c im d ex

3. The car is three metres length.

- a of b at c in d on

4. The synonym of the word "suitable" is

- a helpful b respectable c convenient d content

5. He used to be alone, but now he

- a doesn't b won't c didn't d isn't

6. Technology has a great on our lives.

- a affect b fact c effect d perfect

7. We add the prefix to the word "danger" to make it a verb.

- a dis b un c in d en

8. The synonym of the word "special" is

- a public b general c unique d common

9. A is a place where people can cycle on roads.

- a cycle loom b cycle map c cycle mop d cycle lane

10. Ahmed three books this week. He loves reading.

- a reads b won't read c had read d has read

11. Always be active. Never be

- a lively b dull c energetic d powerful

12. The prefix "....." means one.

- a multi b mono c bi d tri

13. The word "recently" can be replaced by the word

- a early b hardly c scarcely d lately

14. He said just now that he tomorrow.

- a travels b travelled c is travelling d would travel

15. The company was in 1970.

- a find b found c founded d finded

16. This lake looks like an eye. This means it's in the of an eye.

- a shade b shake c shape d share

17. We add the prefix "....." to turn the verb "like" into an adjective.

- a an b in c un d a

18. The suitable suffix for "hero" is

- a ics b al c ic d ful

19. I better go home.

- a could b had c would d should

20. The antonym of "amateur" is

- a free b unpaid c cashless d professional

21. The word "absorb" means

- a take off b take on c take after d take in

22. We add the prefix "....." to get the opposite of "normal".

- a dis b miss c in d ab

23. Lovely is a /an

- a adverb b adjective c verb d proverb

24. I didn't go to school the rain.

- a as a result b because of c why d because

25. She has written emails since

- a this b than c then d thin

26. The little boy was lost in a remote desert area.

"Remote" is similar in meaning to

- a near b close c nearby d distant

27. means the number of people living in a particular area.

- a Pollution b Population c Desertification d Deforestation

28. I avoid speaking with strangers. The antonym of "avoid" is

- a face b flee c escape d evade

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).

1. Some of the whales were 21 meters in (long).

2. It (be) visited by about 1000 people a year.

3. Some researchers found whales (on legs).

4. A list of new wonders (be) made in 2007.

5. The Great wall of china was built (by) rice.

6. Who was it built (with)?

7. This company was (found) by me.

8. They are (danger) mainly because of deforestation.

9. The main problem is the (lose) of habitat.

10. Thousands of fish (be) caught from the sea every day.

11. A lot of names (write) by Mr. Islam yesterday .

12. A list of names (write) by Mr. Islam yesterday .

13. Mr. Islam (write) a lot of names yesterday .

14. Mr. Islam (write) a list of names today .

4 Read the passage then answer the questions :

The Nile is the longest of Africa's rivers and the longest of the world if it is measured from its first source . From Lake Victoria to its mouth in the Mediterranean Sea , the Nile is about six thousand , six hundred kilometers long .

The Nile is actually two rivers . The White Nile starts in the jungle rain-waters which flow in Lake Victoria . It is joined by the Blue Nile in the Sudan . The Blue Nile rises in Lake Tana , high in the mountains of Ethiopia . The Nile flows through the Nubian Desert over six rapids , and then flows through Egypt . Beyond Cairo , the river begins to separate into two branches which form its delta .

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1) Beyond Cairo , the two branches of the Nile form

- a Egypt b its delta c Ethiopia d The White Nile

2) The mouth of the Nile is in the

- a Sudan b Mediterranean Sea c Lake Tana d Nubian Desert

B. Answer the following questions :

3) Which two rivers make the river Nile ?

.....

4) Where does the White Nile begin ?

.....

5) How long is The River Nile ?

.....

6) Where does The White Nile join the Blue Nile ?

.....

1 Finish the following dialogue :

Mr. Islam is talking to the clerk in the train station.
 Mr. Islam : Where does the train to Aswan leave from?
 Clerk : (1)
 Mr. Islam : platform five ! (2) ?
 Clerk : The next train leaves in five minutes.
 Mr. Islam : (3) ?
 Clerk : It takes 7 hours to reach Aswan.
 Mr. Islam : Are there any other trains to Aswan?
 Clerk : (4)
 Mr. Islam : What time does this one leave?
 Clerk : (5)

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :

Reports - pollution - secret - cause - Will - If
 Air is the (1) to life on earth (2) you look at other planets, you cannot find any that we can live on as there is no air on them. Scientists say that our planet is facing problems like air (3) and this will damage the life on it (4) around the world claim that air pollution comes from factories, burning woods, car fumes and so many human actions.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- The homework done by me.
 a didn't b doesn't c wasn't d weren't
- The news very happy.
 a were b are c has d was
- Please don't write blew the ticket. The antonym below" is
 a near b next c under d above
- The suffix " " can turn the verb "change" into an adjective.
 a able b dis c ment d tion
- The car is three metres in
 a short b tall c long d length
- The synonym of the word "unsuitable" is
 a helpful b respectable c inconvenient d content
- She used to study alone, but now she
 a doesn't b won't c didn't d isn't
- Techonolgy can..... our lives.
 a affect b fact c effect d perfect
- We add the suffix to the mean "danger" to make it an adjective.
 a es b os c ous d ment
- The antonym of the word "special" is

- publicity b general c unique d commonly
- A is something we use to weave fabric on.
 a loom b map c mop d lane
- Ahmed many books. He loved reading.
 a reads b doesn't read c reading d read
- Always active.
 a is b are c be d been
- The suffix means three.
 a multi b mono c bi d tri
- The word " rarely can be replaced by the word
 a early b lately c scarcely d hard
- He said that he the next day.
 a travels b travelled c is travelling d would travel
- The lost bag was..... last night.
 a find b found c founded d finded
- The rockets look like an eye, this means they are in the of an eye.
 a shade b shake c shape d share
- We add the prefix " " to turn the verb "like" into an adjective.
 a an b in c un d a
- The suitable suffix for "hero" is
 a ics b al c ic d ful
- I better go home.
 a could b had c would d should
- The antonym of " amateur" is
 a free b unpaid c cashless d professional
- We add The prefix " " to get opposite of normal".
 a dis b miss c in d ab
- Lovely is a /an
 a adverb b adjective c verb d a&b
- The word "absorb" means
 a take off b take on c take after d take in
- Techonolgy has a great on our lives.
 a affect b fact c effect d perfect

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).

- Our planet is getting (hot).
- One of the reasons for this (be) climate change.
- The ink inside printer cartridges (be) very bad for the environment.
- She suggested..... (to swim) in the sea yesterday .
- She suggested that she..... (to swim) in the sea yesterday.
- Would you like (eating) food ?
- Do you like (eat) food ?
- Do you like (a) food ?

- Mr. Islam stopped his students (to cheat) .
- Mr. Islam's students stopped (to cheat) .
- If he read all these books , he (will) be a clever boy .
- If he doesn't read all these books , he (will) be a clever boy .
- What will happen if he..... (studied) hard?
- If he wins the race , he will (excited).
- If they (aren't) play well, they will lose.
- What will happen if he (studied) hard?
- If he comes late, she will (punishes) him.
- If they (aren't) play well, they will lose.
- If he helps her, (she will) get high marks?

5 Read the passage then answer the questions :

Charles Dickens was born in 1812 into a good family in the south of England. When he was still a young boy, his father went to prison because he had got into debt غرق في الديون. Charles went to London to earn money for the family. At the age of twelve, he was working for ten hours a day in a factory. He saw how hard life was for poor people, and many of the ideas for the stories of his novels and the characters in them came from this time.

After he left the factory, Dickens went to work as an office clerk, but he did not enjoy this. In 1834, he started work as a newspaper journalist. While he was working, for the newspaper; he was also writing magazine stories about life in London.

He wrote many successful novels as "Oliver Twist", "Nicholas Nickleby", "David Copperfield", "A Tale of Two Cities" and "Great Expectations".

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- The main idea of the passage is
 a Charles Dickens went to prison b Oliver Twist is a great novel c Charles Dickens' biography d Charles Dickens' job
- Dickens had lived a childhood.
 a interesting b comfortable c attractive d difficult

B. Answer the following questions :

- How were Dickens' works affected by his life?

- Do you think that having a hard life may be the cause of success? Why/Why not?

- Summarise the first paragraph of the passage in your own words.

- Why did Charles Dickens go to London ?

3 Finish the following dialogue :

Hamza invites his cousin Seif to his birthday party.
Hamza : Hi, Seif. I'd like to invite you to my birthday party.

Seif : (1) ! How old will you be?

Hamza : (2)

Seif : Great ! (3) ?

Hamza : It will be next Sunday evening. (4) ?

Seif : Certainly, I will come. What present would you like to have for your birthday?

Hamza : (5)

Seif : Who will come?

Hamza : All our friends, of course.

Seif : That sounds great !

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :

would - expensive - clean - solar - will - inexpensive

All the countries try to replace the fossil fuels with new types of energy. One of these types is the (1)

..... energy. It is (2) and (3)

..... because it doesn't cost much money. If

people had used it many years ago, they (4)

have protected their environment and save much money.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Please, don't write below the ticket. The antonym "below" is

a near b next c under d above

2. The prefix "....." can change the meaning of the verb "change".

a en b dis c im d ex

3. The car is three metres length.

a of b at c in d on

4. The synonym of the word "suitable" is

a helpful b respectable c convenient d content

5. He used to be alone, but now he

a doesn't b won't c didn't d isn't

6. Technology has a great on our lives.

a affect b fact c effect d perfect

7. We add the prefix to the word "danger" to make it a verb.

a dis b un c im d en

8. The synonym of the word "special" is

a public b general c unique d common

9. A is a place where people can cycle on roads.

a cycle loom b cycle map c cycle mop d cycle lane

10. Ahmed three looks this week. He loves reading.

a reads b won't read c had read d has read

11. Always be active. Never be

a lively b dull c energetic d powerful

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a travels b travelled c is travelling d would travel

15. The company was in 1970.

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16. This rocket looks like an eye. This means it's in the of an eye.

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17. We add the prefix "....." to turn the verb "like" into an adjective.

a an b in c un d a

18. The suitable suffix for "hero" is

a ics b al c ic d ful

19. I better go home.

a could b had c would d should

20. The antonym of "amateur" is

a free b unpaid c cashless d professional

21. I'm interested in reading. "Interested in" here is similar in meaning to ".....".

a keen on b pleased with c sure about d full of

22. cars are environmentally friendly means of transport.

a Electrician b Electricity c Electrical d Electric

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).

1. If we (loves) each other, the world will be a better place.

2. If he helped her , (she will) get high marks ?

3. If we played well now , we (would) lose the match .

4. Mr.Islam (is explained) the lesson for his students yesterday .

5. Mr.Islam's students (is explained) the lesson by Mr.Islam yesterday .

6. A lot of people today (catch) with many diseases like COVID-19 .

7. Many diseases (caught) a lot of people today like COVID-19 .

8. COVID-19 (catch) a lot of people four years ago .

9. If she knew the word , she (won't) look up in the dictionary .

10. "Did you go to the party?" - No, I (didn't invited) .

11. When I worked as a postman , I (get) up at 3 o'clock every morning.

12. They (are) able to come because they were so busy.

13. I wish you (come) your time.

14. I (used for) play football .

15. I (used to) playing football.

16. She used to be active, but now she (is) .

17. I used to play football when I was young, but now I (is) .

18. I no longer play tennis as I (used) .

19. My brother no longer gets up late as he (used to) doing.

20. Cotton (used to) make clothes.

21. We used to (wasting) water, but now we try to save it.

5 Read the passage then answer the questions :

Kitten plays with her new toy. She loves her new toy. Her brother likes her new toy, too. When Kitten isn't playing with it, her brother takes it to play. Kitten is having fun. Then, she sees a mouse! She wants to chase the mouse. If she chases the mouse, her brother will take her toy. Kitten thinks. She can only choose one thing to play with. If she picks the mouse, her toy will go away with her brother. If she picks the toy, the mouse will run away. Which one should Kitten pick? Kitten runs after the mouse. She does not see a lot of mice, so that is more fun. She does not catch the mouse, but she has fun running after him . Kitten is happy with her choice.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. love the new toy.

a Kitten only b Brother only

c Kitten & her brother d Mother

2. away is the same as "escape".

a Take b Throw c Pick d Run

B. Answer the following questions :

3. Who are the main characters in the story?

.....

4. Give a word from the passage that equals "chase".

.....

5. Do you think Kitten will make the same choice next time? Why?

.....

6. What does The underlined word "him" refers to the ?

.....

1 Finish the following dialogue :

A customer wants to buy a new TV

Assistant : Can I help you?

Customer : Yes, (1)

Assistant : Do you want a smart one or an ordinary one?

Customer : (2)

Assistant : Ok, the one over there is smart.

Customer : (3)

Assistant : It is 5000 Egyptian pounds.

Customer : (4)

Assistant : Yes, there is a discount. You can pay 4900 L.E.

Customer : OK. (5)

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :

tourism - tourists - looked - species - wildlife - looking

We should protect the (1) in Egypt.

Different (2) of plants and animals are endangered because of man's bad activities. We can encourage more and more (3) to visit Egypt to see these natural places if they are (4) after well.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. Popular places are visited by thousands of tourists every year. The word 'popular' means

- a) disliked b) well-known c) unknown d) unimportant

2. habitats usually have large green areas and no mountains.

- a) Polar b) Coastal c) Desert d) Grassland

3. The synonym of the word "attractive" is

- a) beautiful b) bad c) hard d) ugly

4. We can put the prefix "" to the word " usable " to give the meaning of doing it again.

- a) re b) un c) dis d) in

5. Plants often absorb pollution in the air, making it cleaner for us. The word 'absorb' has the same meaning of

- a) take out b) take in c) take over d) talk

6. The word "" means changing an area into desert.

- a) desertification b) sustainable
- c) deforestation d) orangutan

7. Your homework is, Ali.

- a) Worse than b) badder
- c) the worst d) the most bad

8. I don't want money! I want a lot.

- a) many b) much c) some d) little

9. Our system includes the sun and eight planets.

- a) rainy b) solar c) cloudy d) model

10. Yesterday, dad bought a camera with a very good

- a) telescope b) lens c) orbit d) comet

11. Galileo studied the in our solar system.

- a) discoveries b) lenses c) planets d) times

12. The moon the Earth once every 27 days.

- a) orbits b) lands c) organises d) retires

13. Azza loves studying the stars and planets. She wants to be a/an

- a) astrologer b) soldier c) astronaut d) astronomer

14. A lot of orbit the Earth.

- a) planets b) satellites c) telescopes d) projects

15. I want to enter an international math

- a) competition b) race c) discovery d) lens

16. Most employees at 60.

- a) reclaim b) recall c) retire d) recollect

17. Let's go on a boat on the Nile for an hour.

- a) trip b) journey c) flight d) project

18. Habiba Marzouk is dreaming going to the Olympics.

- a) about b) of c) at d) on

19. You can make an adverb from the adjective "successful" by adding the suffix

- a) - al b) - ly c) - er d) -y

20. We add the suffix to get the noun from the word "Italy".

- a) - er b) - ment c) - ian d) - ing

21. I haven't been to the club recently. The word "recently" can be replaced by the word

- a) early b) lately c) well d) hard

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).

1. (for) the last meeting, we haven't seen each other again.

2. Mr. Islam worked as a teacher (since) thirteen years.

3. My father has lived in Mansoura (for) his birth .

4. She has been writing her first novel (for) 2019.

5. She wrote her first novel (since) 2019.

6. Mr. Islam (work) for ten years before he retired .

7. Mr. Islam (work) for ten years as a teacher .

8. Ali has lived abroad (for) his birth.

9. Fareeda has been ill (since) the last week.

10. It's a month (for) Hager last visited her aunt.

11. (since) how long have you been studying English?

12. (for) when have you lived in your home?

13. He has been training hard (for) the last Olympic games.

14. I have had this car (for) last year.

15. She left London ten years ago, and I haven't seen her (for) then.

16. Wow, have you done your work (yet) ?

17. I can't believe it! Have you eaten all the food (yet) ?

18. Have you eaten all the food (yet) ?

- you must have been very hungry.

19. I met a lot of my old friends (When) my cousin's wedding party.

20. The train (leave) before we arrived at the station.

21. Mr. Islam (went) at a shop for ten years before he got a job at the bank.

22. The tourists (rode) a camel before they went to Egypt.

23. After he had examined the athlete, the doctor (gives) him permission to join the competition.

24. We (arrived) for nearly an hour before the bus finally came.

25. I (have been writing) three emails before I left the office.

26. As soon as I (know) her telephone number, I tried to call her.

27. They have played since he.....(arrive)

Read the passage then answer the questions :

We know that the internet is very useful. All of us use it every day. Although it is useful and easy to use, there are some problems we can face. We should do many things to keep safe on the internet. You shouldn't make friends with people you don't know online. You shouldn't tell your personal information to anyone. Don't send your photos to people you don't know. If you have a problem, ask for help from a parent or teacher. You shouldn't answer a phone call or video call from someone you don't know. Finally, you must keep your password secret.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. You tell your personal information to anyone.

- a) shouldn't b) should c) must d) will

2. The internet is very

- a) unimportant b) lazy c) useful d) helpless

B. Answer the following questions :

3. Does the internet have problems?

.....

4. How must you keep your password?

.....

5. What should you do if you have a problem?

.....

6. Which word means your father or mother ?

.....

3 Finish the following dialogue :

Ahmed and Leila are talking about hobbies.

Ahmed : What's your favourite hobby, Leila ?

Leila : (1)

Ahmed : What musical instrument do you play ?

Leila : (2)

Ahmed : (3)

Leila : I started playing the violin last year.

Ahmed : (4)

Leila : No, it's very easy to play.

Ahmed : Could you teach me how to play it ?

Leila : (5), Let's start tomorrow.

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :

metal - won - wins - positive - negative - unhappy
I am worried about my sister. She is so (1)
about her appearance. How can I help her feel more (2)
..... about herself? People like her and she has
(3) prizes for her art, the only negative
thing about her is her opinion of herself. It is really bad
for her (4) health.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1. The antonym of the word "coastal" is

a) waterside b) coastline c) inland d) A & B

2. The antonym of the word "important" is

a) trivial b) unimportant c) significant d) major

3. We're making our attic an extra bedroom.

a) onto b) into c) to d) All are OK

4. This natural lake is a three..... drive from Hurghada.

a) our b) ours c) hour d) hours

5. To get the antonym of the word "cover" we add the prefix

a) in- b) dis- c) un- d) B & C

6. The fossils were 21 meters

a) long b) in length c) length d) A & B

7. Dr. Ahmed Zewail the Femtosecond.

a) invented b) discovered c) explored d) invited

8. The synonym of the word "fight" is

a) contest b) battle c) surrender d) A & B

9. The antonym of the word "several" is

a) unique b) none c) many d) A & B

10. I need to a speech at my best friend's wedding,
but I'm not sure what to say.

a) give b) do c) make d) have

11. To get the antonym of the word "serious" we add the prefix

a) in- b) dis- c) un- d) A & C

12. is the act of polluting, or the substances that pollute.

a) Pollution b) Air pollution c) Pollute d) All are OK

13. The reason the disaster was engine failure, not human error.

a) why b) of c) for d) All are OK

14. go to the club tonight.

a) Let's b) Why don't we c) Can we d) All are OK

15. The synonym of the word "expensive" is

a) coastly b) costly c) coastal d) coasted

16. is a type of plant with a soft stem, used in cooking and medicine.

a) Seagrass b) Herbs c) Seaweed d) Non-coastal plants

17. To get an adjective from the word "environ" we add the suffix

a) -ment b) -mental c) -tion d) None of them

18. The children ran down the bank, over the bridge and the path.

a) long b) along c) a long d) longer

19. To get the antonym of the word "charge" we add the prefix

a) -un b) -dis c) -im d) A & B

20. Vitamin B12 may have a role in protecting heart disease.

a) from b) against c) with d) A & B

21. We get a machine name if we add the suffix to the word "condition".

a) -ing b) -er c) -ed d) -ly

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).

1. Mona said that if we (boiled) water, it turns into steam.

2. My mother (said) me that she would like to go out for shopping.

3. Marwa said that Alexandria (was) bigger than Aswan.

4. Tarek tells me that he (enjoyed) his new job. He doesn't think of leaving it.

5. Our teacher (said) all of us about the results of the final exams.

6. He said that it was a busy day and that he (doesn't) visit his friends.

7. The doctor told me that he (won't) able to treat me until the next day.

8. My parents promised me that they (will buy) me a phone if I succeeded.

9. Noha explained that they (has been) to Turkey the year before.

10. My uncle has just said that he (met) us at home.

11. Mona (told) her friend Huda was ill and couldn't go to school.

12. Fareeda (said) me if she had won the competition, she would have been happy.

13. My sister told me that she (is doing) her homework then.

14. He said that the first thing he (do) when he got home was to have a shower.

15. Noha said that her favourite drink (is) orange juice.

16. My mother (told) that when she visited her father, she found him very ill.

17. The tour guide explained that the Nile (was) the longest river in the world.

18. I told Akram that I (will travel) to the countryside the following week.

19. Our teacher told us that we (have to) obey our parents.

5 Read the passage then answer the questions :

Live in the city is very exciting. A lot of people enjoy life there. People and things move quickly. There are places for every day needs like supermarkets, banks, hospitals and clinics. There are places for learning, schools, universities and libraries. People can have fun at sports centers, clubs, cinema and parks. Young people can find jobs easily in new cities. But other people think that life in the city isn't so good. They believe that the worst thing about city life is pollution and noise because cities are very crowded with a lot of people and cars. Those people think that life in the country is nice and comfortable.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

1-Life in the country is..... and comfortable.

a) Hard b) nice c) busy d) crowded

2-Young people can find jobs easily in.....

a) Small cities b) big cities c) old cities d) new cities

B. Answer the following questions :

3-What places can people in the city get their every day needs?

.....

4-Where can people in the city have fun?

.....

5- What do you think is the worst thing about life in the city?

.....

6- What does The underlined word "there" refers to ?

.....

12 Finish the following dialogue :

Amany is inviting Sally for watching a film at her house tonight.

Amany : Hi, Sally! How is it going?

Sally : Hi, Amany ! (1)

Amany : Would you like to watch a film at my house tonight ?

Sally : (2) When does it start ?

Amany : (3)

Sally : (4) ?

Amany : It is called "Little Women".

Sally : That's a great film. (5)

Amany : No. Don't bring any snacks. Mom 'll make us cakes and juice.

Sally : Great! I will come before 7. See you then.

2 Read and complete the text words from the following list :
teach - free - get - click - do - teaches

Some people like doing voluntary work. This work is for (1) as they don't (2) any money for it. It is really a great feeling to (3) such work. We should (4) our children the importance of voluntary work.

3 Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- By 2050, all of our energy will be
a horrible b terrible c renewable d impossible
- By 2100, 95 of people will live in tall buildings.
a lane b percent c prediction d transport
- The farms will have so they will be able to produce their own electricity.
a robots b solar panels c assistants d problems
- During the coronavirus , robot assistants worked in hospitals in Rwanda.
a pandemic b device c collection d project
- You should wear a over your face to avoid coronavirus pandemic.
a task b mask c label d charge
- We can't travel to another country without a
a passport b solar panel c tape measure d label
- Sea may rise in the future.
a level b label c table d moral
- Wind can be used to electricity.
a produce b reduce c introduce d feed
- Don't throw your old clothes. You can give them to the poor .
a into b away c off d on

- To form the adjective of "hero", we add the suffix
a - ern b - ic c - y d - able
 - We can make the opposite of "appear" by adding the prefix
a im- b ir- c dis- d un-
 - Formal is the opposite of
a official b informal c late d wise
 - The of happiness is sadness.
a antonym b opposite c synonym d A & B
 - Right and correct are
a antonym b synonym c opposite d subjects
 - To give the opposite of formal, we add the prefix
a un b im c ir d in
 - The adjective calm can be an adverb by adding
a ed b ing c er d ly
 - The antonyms of "popular" is
a famous b known c celebrity d unpopular
 - we add to give the opposite of normal .
a dis b ab c un d in
 - "this present is for free" . the synonyms of word " free " is
a paid b unpaid c sale d payment
 - Fareeda has a specially occasion . the words " specially " is
a noun b verb c adjective d adverb
- Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s).
- Talia speaks Japanese, so she (not be able) to apply for the job in Tokyo.
 - Hamid can't find his passport. He (be able) to travel to the business meeting in England tomorrow.
 - It's very windy, so we (not be) able to go to the beach today.
 - Nawal hopes that she will be able to (working) as an engineer when she's older.
 - They (not be) able to feed the monkeys tomorrow.
 - The journey to Aswan will (took) only 12 hours.
 - What materials will the house (being) made of?
 - What will the houses (looking) like?
 - What materials will the house (being) made of?
 - We won't (goes) to the moon.
 - The journey will (took) only 12 hours.
 - What will holidays (been) like in the future ?
 - Perhaps, he (call) me to visit our friend tomorrow.

- (Last) year. We will buy a new car.
- (Do) you bring me a cup of coffee, please ?
- He (isn't able to) join the main team unless he trains hard.
- (astronauts able to) travel to Mars in 2045?
- They won't (able to) attend the conference this year because of coronavirus disease.
- Omar is a clever student. I think he will (joins) a good faculty.
- Ali hopes he will (being able to) buy that car next year.
- What materials will the house (being) made of ?
- We won't (goes) to the moon.
- The journey will (took) only 12 hours.
- What will holidays (been) like in the future ?
- Perhaps, he (call) me to visit our friend tomorrow.

5 Read the passage then answer the questions :

One day, a rich man was returning home in a ship which contained all his goods. When the ship at the sea, it was hit by a big rock that made a hole in it. water came through the hole and the ship began to go down. The sailors tried hard for a long time to stop the water, but they couldn't, and they became tired. After a time, they were greatly surprised to find that the water had stopped suddenly. The captain found that a large fish had put itself in the hole. So the fish saved the ship.

A. Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d :

- All the people on the ship were in the end
a Save b safe c unsafe d safety
- The made a hole in the ship.
a Fish b man c rock d captain

B. Answer the following questions :

- What made the people on the ship tired?
.....
- Why did the water stop suddenly?
.....
- What do you think would happen if the fish didn't put itself into the hole?
.....
- What does The underlined word "it" refers to the ?
.....

1. different habitat

البيئات المختلفة

There are many different habitats around the world. Coastal habitats are along the coast of the sea. Some animals that live in the sea, such as the sea turtle, will visit land for egg laying. Grasslands are usually found in the centre of large areas of land, between mountains and deserts. This is the natural habitat of animals such as the caracal, which like to hide in the long grass. Grasslands are found all over the world. Warm, wet habitats that get the most rain, are called rainforests. Trees grow very tall here, so that they can get sunlight. More than half of the world's animals live in the rainforest, including the orangutan. A wetland is a place where the land is often covered by water.

توجد العديد من الموائل المختلفة حول العالم. الموائل الساحلية تقع على طول "ساحل البحر". هناك الحيوانات التي تعيش في البحر. مثل السلاحف البحرية. تزور الأرانب لوضع البيض. توجد الأراضي الصغيرة عادة في وسط مساحات كبيرة من الأرض. بين الجبال والصحاري. هذا هو الموطن الطبيعي للحيوانات مثل الوشق. الذي يحب الاختباء في الصغار اللابول. توجد الأراضي الصغيرة في جميع أنحاء العالم. الموائل الدافئة والرطبة التي تحصل على هطول الأمطار تعطي الغابات المطيرة. تنمو الأشجار لتصبح جذاً عظمى. حتى تتمكن من الحصول على ضوء الشمس. يعيش أكثر من نصف حيوانات العالم في الغابات المطيرة. بما في ذلك إنسان الغاب. الأراضي الرطبة هي مكان طائرًا ما تكون الأرض مغطاة بالمياه.

2. Mongoose

التمسك

There are about 30 different species of mongooses in the world. A mongoose has a long body, with short legs and a long tail. Their bodies are covered by thick fur. Mongooses can see and hear very well, which helps them to find food and avoid danger. Mongooses are famous for fighting snakes. They are able to kill snakes by biting them. The mongoose is found in Africa, Asia and parts of Europe. It lives in forests, wetlands or grassland, under the ground or rocks. In the 1800s, mongooses were taken to live in several islands in Hawaii and the Caribbean to control the rat populations there. However, they are endangered, mainly because of deforestation and loss of habitat. Mongooses eat small animals such as rats, birds, frogs and lizards and also seeds, eggs and nuts.

يوجد حوالي 30 نوعًا مختلفًا من التمسك في العالم. يتمتع التمسك بجسم طويل وأرجل قصيرة وذيل طويل. أجسادهم مغطاة بفراء كثيف. يمكن للتمسك الرؤية والسمع بشكل جيد للغاية. مما يساعد في العثور على الطعام وتجنب الخطر. تشتهر التمسك بمحاربة الثعابين. إنها قادرة على قتل الثعابين من طريق منقارها. يوجد التمسك في إفريقيا وآسيا وأجزاء من أوروبا. يعيش في الغابات والأراضي الرطبة أو السهول وفتحات الأرض أو الصخور في الشرق الأوسط. تم نقل التمسك للعيش في العديد من الجزر في هاواي ومنطقة البحر الكاريبي للسيطرة على أعداد الفئران هناك.

وهو ذلك. فهي معروفة للخطر. ويرجع ذلك أساسًا إلى إزالة الغابات وفقدان الموائل. يأكل التمسك الحيوانات الصغيرة مثل الفئران والقطاير والقطايع والسحالي وكذلك البذور والبيض والمكسبات.

3. The wonders of the ancient world

العجائب في مصر القديمة

Tourists have come to Egypt for hundreds of years to see the wonders of the ancient world such as the pyramids, temples and other monuments. It is a wonderful experience for them. Tourists have also come to experience the wonderful natural world such as the desert and the Red Sea. There are a lot of activities to do by the Red Sea. Some people love relaxing on the beach, while others like doing something more exciting like snorkelling. Snorkelling has been popular for many years and people have come to Egypt to swim in the Red Sea for a long time. Dahab has been a popular destination since 1960.

يأتي السياح إلى مصر منذ مئات السنين لرؤية عجائب العالم القديم مثل الأهرامات والمعابد وغيرها من المعانيق الأثرية. إنها تجربة رائعة بالتمسك لوجع. كما يأتي السياح لتجربة العالم الطبيعي الرائع مثل الصحراء والبحر الأحمر. هناك الكثير من الأنشطة التي يمكن القيام بها على البحر الأحمر. يحب بعض الناس الاسترخاء على الشاطئ. بينما يحب البعض الآخر القيام بهي. أكثر إثارة مثل الغطس. كان الغطس شائعًا لسنوات عديدة وكان الناس يأتون إلى مصر لتسباحة في البحر الأحمر لفترة طويلة. كانت دهب وجهة شهيرة منذ عام 1960.

4-A review of a natural wonder in Egypt

العجائب الطبيعية في مصر

Egypt has a lot of natural wonders which cannot be seen in other places all over the world. The Kharga Oasis is one of Egypt's natural wonders. It is surrounded by desert, far from the River Nile. It is visited by more and more tourists every year. It is full of date palm trees. These dates can be exported to a lot of other places in addition to selling them in many shops in the local area. Oases in general lie in remote places. Sometimes it is difficult to be reached especially in extreme weather. People prefer visiting near places to remote ones. If they are visited, it is also difficult to stay in for a few days. There are no many hotels or many houses around oases; simply because oases lie in the desert!

5-Seagrass

الاعشاب البحرية

Seagrass is found in the sea along the coast of many countries. It is food for many sea animals, including turtles. Baby fish and sea animals live in seagrass because it is a safe place. Seagrass helps keep the sea healthy and it can help stop climate change. This is because seagrass absorbs 10% of the ocean's carbon

dioxide every year. Seagrass absorbs carbon dioxide 35 times faster than rainforests. That is why seagrass can help stop climate change. About 90% of all seagrass has disappeared from the UK's coast in the last 100 years. However, there is an environmental project in the UK that is growing new seagrass.

تتمتع مصر بالعديد من العجائب الطبيعية التي لا يمكن رؤيتها في أماكن أخرى في جميع أنحاء العالم. تعد الواحة الخرج واحدة من عجائب مصر الطبيعية. إنها مغطاة بالصحراء. بعيدًا عن نهر النيل. يزورها المزيد والمزيد من السياح كل عام. إنها مليئة بأشجار النخيل. يمكن تقدير هذه التمور إلى الكثير من الأماكن الأخرى بالإضافة إلى بعضها في العديد من الواحات الصحراوية في المنطقة الصحراوية. تقع الواحات بشكل عام في أماكن ريفية. في بعض الأحيان يكون من الصعب الوصول إليها خاصة في الطقس الحار. لا يزال الناس زيارة الأماكن القريبة من الواحات الريفية. إذا تمت زيارتها. فمن الصعب أيضًا البقاء فيها لفترات أطول. لا يوجد العديد من الفنادق أو العديد من المنازل حول الواحات. بسبب ذلك لأن الواحات تقع في الصحراء!

The Kharga Oasis

الواحة الخرجية

The Kharga Oasis is surrounded by desert, far from the River Nile. It is visited by more and more tourists every year. Hundreds of date palm trees are grown here. The dates are sold in many shops in the area. You can also fill your bags with the baskets, shoes and furniture that are also made from the date palm trees. The Kharga Oasis is one of Egypt's natural wonders. kharga is the most modern of Egypt's western oases. Although framed by the oasis, there is no oasis feeling to it, unlike all other oases in this part of Egypt.

تقع الواحة الخرجية في منطقة صحراوية بالصحراء. بعيدًا عن نهر النيل. يزورها المزيد والمزيد من السياح كل عام. تزرع هنا مئات من أشجار النخيل. تُباع التمور في العديد من المحلات التجارية في المنطقة. يمكنك أيضًا ملء حقيبتك بالسلال والأحذية والملابس المصنوعة أيضًا من أشجار النخيل. الواحة الخرجية في الواحة من عجائب مصر الطبيعية. الخرجية هي أحدث الواحات مصر الغربية. على الرغم من أنها مغطاة بالواحة. إلا أنها لا تشعر بالواحة. على عكس جميع الواحات الأخرى في هذا الجزء من مصر.

7. The Fayoum Depression

منطقة الفيوم

The Fayoum Depression is an area of desert, southwest of Egypt. Many ancient fossils are often found here, but the species of animal fossil might surprise you; crocodiles, turtles and whales. The most amazing fossils are the whale fossils. At Wadi al - Hitan, The Valley of the Whales, hundreds of fossils of ancient whales were found by scientists in 1902. The scientists were surprised to find out that these whales had legs, so they once walked on land. The Fayoum Depression is one of the major oases of the Western Desert. It is usually looked upon as a part of the Nile Valley rather than a part of the desert.

مناطق الفروع هو منطقة صحراوية تقع جنوب غرب مصر. فإلى ما يقع العفر على العديد من الشجران القديمة هنا. ولكن قد تلاحظ أنواع الشجران الحيوانية: الكاسيح والسلاحف والحياتان. الشجران الأكثر إثارة للاهتمام في شجران الحيوان في وادي الحيوان، وادي الحيوان، مثل العلماء، على مدار من شجران الحيوان القديمة في عام 1907. فوجد العلماء، بمعرفة أن هذه الحيوان كان لها أرجل. لذلك كان تعني على الأرجح أن يوجد منطقة الفروع هو أحد الواحات الرئيسية في الصحراء الغربية. وعادة ما يُنظر إليه على أنه جل من وادي النيل وليس جبال الصحراء.

8. Weaving النسيج

Weaving is one of the most popular crafts in Upper Egypt. To weave, you need looms, threads and needles. A loom is a machine that crosses threads under and over each other to make fabric. Weavers can make very beautiful things. Unfortunately, there aren't many traditional weavers in Egypt today. To encourage doing that traditional craft, the government is planning to build four new schools to teach weaving in different cities. These schools will have the best weavers all around Egypt. Their job is to teach students how to weave. They also plan to do a recycling project which is connected to weaving. I think weaving is very important

النسيج هو أحد أكثر الحرف شعبية في الصعيد مصر. للنسيج، تحتاج إلى أدوات وخيوط وإبر. والدول هو آلة تمر عبر الخيوط تحت وفوق بعضها البعض لتنعيم القماش. يمكن للنساجين صنع أشياء جميلة جدًا. لسوء الحظ، لا يوجد الكثير من النساجين التقليديين في مصر اليوم. لتشجيع القيام بهذه الحرفة التقليدية، تنفذ الحكومة بناء أربع مدارس جديدة لتعليم النسيج في مدن مختلفة. ستعلم هذه المدارس أفضل النساجين في جميع أنحاء مصر وفيفتوح في تصنيع الملابس النسيج. كما يخططون للتعاون بمشروع إعادة تدوير مرابطة بالنسيج. أعتقد أن النسيج مهم جدًا.

9. Deforestation إزالة الغابات

Deforestation means cutting down trees in large numbers. It is the opposite of tree plantation. The causes of deforestation are many. population needs more accommodations, foods, lands, etc. For all these reasons people are cutting down trees. Besides, there are some dishonest people who cut down trees in our forests to make quick money. If we destroy trees, our country will turn into a great desert. As many living animals and birds live in trees, they will not find any food or shelter to live in. Hence, they will be destroyed too.

إزالة الغابات تعني قطع الأشجار بأعداد كبيرة. وهي عكس زراعة الأشجار وأسباب إزالة الغابات عديدة. فالناس يحتاجون إلى المزيد من المساكن والأطعمة والأراضي. إلخ. ولهذا الأسباب كلها يقطع الناس الأشجار. فكل من ذلك، هناك بعض الأشخاص غير الشرفاء الذين يقطعون الأشجار في غاباتنا لكسب المال السريع. وإذا دمروا الأشجار، فسوف تتحول بلادنا إلى صحراء كبيرة. وبما أن العديد من الحيوانات والطيور الحية تعيش في

الأشجار، فمن نجد أي قطع أو ماوى للحيث فيه. وبالتالي، سيقتل العديد من

10-A review of things we can recycle تدوير الأشياء يمكن إعادة

Recycling things has become one of the most important things these days. We should start recycling because it is a good way to help our planet. There are many things we can recycle. We can recycle paper, plastic, water and other things. If we recycle paper, we will avoid cutting more trees. This will help to reduce pollution. We can recycle water to use it again for growing plants and washing cars. Plastic objects can be recycled. We can use the recycled plastic again for making many things such as bags and bottles. We can recycle cotton and wool to make clothes. To conclude, recycling is very important for both people and the environment

لقد أصبح إعادة تدوير الأشياء من أهم الأشياء في هذه الأيام. يجب أن تبدأ في إعادة التدوير لأنها طريقة جيدة لمساعدة كوكبنا. هناك العديد من الأشياء التي يمكننا إعادة تدويرها. يمكننا إعادة تدوير الورق والبلاستيك والماء وأشياء أخرى. إذا قمنا بإعادة تدوير الورق، فسوف نتجنب قطع المزيد من الأشجار. سيساعد هذا في تقليل التلوث. يمكننا إعادة تدوير المياه لاستخدامها مرة أخرى لزراعة النباتات وغسل السيارات. يمكن إعادة تدوير الأشياء البلاستيكية. يمكننا استخدام البلاستيك المعاد تدويره مرة أخرى لصنع أشياء كثيرة مثل الحقائب والحقائب. يمكننا إعادة تدوير القطن والمواد لفعل الملابس. في الختام، إعادة التدوير مهم جدًا لكل من الناس والبيئة

11-Forms of renewable energy أشكال الطاقة المتجددة

Renewable energy is the best form of energy that we use these days. It is good for the environment. There are many forms of renewable energy. They are solar energy, wind power and hydroelectric. The energy from the sun is called solar energy. The wind can be used to make electricity. We use wind turbines to make electricity. We can use water to make electricity. This form is called hydroelectric. We must use these forms of energy instead of fossil fuels for many reasons. They are green. They are cheap and continue for a long time. I mean they are reusable. All countries now have started using all these form of energy.

الطاقة المتجددة هي أفضل أشكال الطاقة التي نستخدمها هذه الأيام. إنها مفيدة للبيئة. إنها جيدة للبيئة المتجددة. وهي الطاقة الشمسية وطاقة الرياح والطاقة الكهرومائية. تسمى الطاقة من الشمس بالطاقة الشمسية. يمكن استخدام الرياح لتوليد الكهرباء. نستخدم توربينات الرياح لتوليد الكهرباء. يمكننا استخدام الماء لتوليد الكهرباء. هذا الشكل يسمى الطاقة الكهرومائية. يجب أن نستخدم هذه الأشكال من الطاقة بدلاً من الوقود الأحفوري لأسباب عديدة. إنها نظيفة. إنها رخيصة

وتستمر لفترة طويلة. أملي أنها قابلة لإعادة الاستخدام. بدأت جميع البلدان الآن في استخدام كل هذه الأشكال من الطاقة.

12-A review of a green initiative مبادرة خضراء

There is a green initiative in Africa called the Great Green Wall. This initiative started in 2007 by the African Union. The aim of the initiative is to solve the problem of deforestation. The Great Green Wall initiative will plant millions of trees, seedlings and plants across Africa from east to west. This will create a growing green landscape. When they finish planting the trees, the wall will be 8.000 km long. The initiative will have a lot of good results. It will create jobs for people. It will help farmers grow more crops. In addition to that, it will also help to reduce the problems of climate change

هناك مبادرة خضراء في أفريقيا تسمى الجدار الأخضر العظيم. بدأت هذه المبادرة في عام 2007 من قبل الاتحاد الأفريقي. والهدف من المبادرة هو حل مشكلة إزالة الغابات. وستعمل مبادرة الجدار الأخضر العظيم على زراعة ملايين الأشجار والشتلات والنباتات في جميع أنحاء أفريقيا من الشرق إلى الغرب. وهذا من شأنه أن يخلق مناظرًا خضراء متنامية. وعندما يتهيون من زراعة الأشجار، سيكون طول الجدار 8000 كيلومتر. وستكون للمبادرة الكثير من النتائج الجيدة، حيث ستخلق فرص عمل للناس. وستساعد المزارعين على زراعة المزيد من المحاصيل. بالإضافة إلى ذلك، ستساعد أيضًا في الحد من مشاكل تغير المناخ.

13-How to reduce global warming كفة تقلل الاحتباس الحراري

Global warming is one of the most dangerous problems that all countries around the world have. It affects all countries and all habitats. We should do our best to find solutions to this problem. There are a lot of things we can do. Firstly, we should plant more trees. Trees help to increase oxygen and reduce pollution. Secondly, we should recycle rubbish instead of putting it in landfill sites. If we do that, there will be fewer gases. Thirdly, we should reduce our use of fossil fuels such as oil and gas. They cause much pollution. We should start using renewable sources of energy. They are clean and don't pollute the environment.

الاحتباس الحراري هو أحد أكثر المشاكل التي تعاني منها كل دول العالم. فهو يؤثر على كل الدول وكل الموائل. وعلينا أن نجد حلولاً لهذه المشكلة. وهناك الكثير من الأشياء التي يمكننا القيام بها. أولاً، يجب أن نزرع المزيد من الأشجار. فالأشجار تساعد على زيادة الأكسجين وتقليل التلوث. وثانياً، يجب أن نعيد تدوير النفايات بدلاً من إلقائها في مكبات النفايات، وإذا فعلنا ذلك، فسوف يكون هناك غازات أقل. وثالثاً، يجب أن نحد من استخدامنا للوقود الأحفوري مثل النفط والغاز. فهما يسببان الكثير من التلوث. ويجب أن نبدأ في استخدام مصادر الطاقة المتجددة، فهي نظيفة ولا تلوث البيئة.

14A review of climate change

تفسير المناخ

Climate change is one of the worst problems that we face. All countries around the world suffer from this problem. There are many reasons for climate change. The main reason is pollution. Pollution produce gases that make the temperature of the earth get higher and higher. Another reason is cutting down trees. Although it is a dangerous problem, it is easy to solve it. We should reduce the amount of pollution. We should stop using fossil

fuels. We should use renewable sources of energy that don't cause pollution. We must stop deforestation. We should plant more trees along streets. If we do that, we will solve this problem easily

تغير المناخ هو أحد أسوأ المشاكل التي نواجهها. تعاني جميع دول العالم من هذه المشكلة. وهناك أسباب عديدة لتغير المناخ، والسبب الرئيسي هو التلوث. حيث ينتج التلوث غازات تجعل درجة حرارة الأرض ترتفع أكثر فأكثر. وهناك سبب آخر وهو قطع الأشجار. ورغم أنها مشكلة خطيرة، إلا أنه من السهل حلها. يجب علينا تقليل كمية التلوث. يجب أن نوقف عن استخدام الوقود الأحفوري. يجب أن نستخدم مصادر الطاقة المتجددة التي لا تسبب التلوث. يجب أن نوقف إزالة الغابات. يجب أن نزرع المزيد من الأشجار على طول الشوارع. إذا فعلنا ذلك، فسوف نحل هذه المشكلة بسهولة.

15-A review about the importance of satellites

الأهمية الأهم للأقمار الصناعية

Satellites have become very important all over the world. We have used satellites for many things we do every day. We use it for GPS, weather reports, TV and the internet and mobiles phones. GPS is used to show us the way. We use satellites for weather reports. Satellites allow us to study the weather. They show how clouds and storms are moving. We also use satellites for TV and the internet. Lots of people have satellite TV so that they can watch their favourite shows and sports matches. Satellites are used in mobile phones. Satellite phones can work anywhere in the world. They are very useful in places far from cities, such as on mountains or in deserts.

أصبحت الأقمار الصناعية مهمة جدًا في جميع أنحاء العالم. لقد استخدمنا الأقمار الصناعية للعديد من الأشياء التي نقوم بها كل يوم. نستخدمها لتحديد المواقع العالمي (GPS) وتقارير الطقس والتلفزيون والإنترنت والهواتف المحمولة. يستخدم GPS لتحديد المواقع العالمي (GPS) لإظهار الطريق. نستخدم الأقمار الصناعية لتقارير الطقس. تسمح لنا الأقمار الصناعية بدراسة الطقس. إنها تظهر كيف تتحرك السحب والعواصف. نستخدم الأقمار الصناعية أيضًا للتلفزيون والإنترنت. يمتلك الكثير من الناس تلفزيونات الأقمار الصناعية حتى يتمكنوا من مشاهدة برامجهم ومبارياتهم الرياضية المفضلة. تُستخدم الأقمار الصناعية في الهواتف المحمولة. يمكن للهواتف العالمية العمل في أي مكان في

المعلم إنها مفيدة جدًا في الأماكن البعيدة عن المدن، مثل الجبال أو في الصحاري.

17-A review about your personal goals and ambitions

الغالب والموارد أهداف

It is important to have goals and ambitions. It is important to work hard to achieve them. I have a lot of goals and ambitions. When I leave Preparatory school, I'd like to go to a technology school. My dream is to become a robotics engineer. I have other goals. I want to work as a volunteer for a charity. I want to meet new people. I want to improve my skills, so I want to join an online course. When I finish my university, I am going to get an internship. After that I will set up my own

business. I will have a company that will make robots من المهم أن يكون لديك أهداف وخطط. من المهم أن تعمل بجد لتحقيقها. لدي الكثير من الأهداف والخطط. عندما أترك المدرسة الإعدادية، أود الذهاب إلى مدرسة التكنولوجيا. حلمي هو أن أصبح مهندس روبوتات. لدي أهداف أخرى. أريد أن أعمل كمطوع في مؤسسة خيرية. أريد مقابلة أشخاص جدد. أريد تحسين مهاراتي، لذلك أريد الانضمام إلى دورة تدريبية عبر الإنترنت. عندما أنهى دراستي الجامعية، سأحصل على تدريب بعد ذلك سأقوم بإنشاء عملي الخاصة سيكون لدي شركة تصنيع الروبوتات

18-A review of the advantages of recycling

التدوير إعادة معنات

Recycling is very important as it helps to save our planet. First, it saves energy. Recycling materials uses less energy than making new products. Secondly, it reduces the amount of waste that is sent to landfill sites. When we leave waste on landfill sites for a long time, it produces different kinds of greenhouse gases like methane. Thirdly, recycling paper and wood saves millions of trees that breathe in carbon dioxide and make oxygen. So, it helps our environment to be cleaner. Finally, recycling creates new jobs every year. So, it helps people who don't have jobs to find work. I think recycling is the best solution for helping our environment. We should all learn to recycle old thing .

إن إعادة التدوير مهمة جدًا لأنها تساعد في إنقاذ كوكبنا. أولاً، إنها توفر الطاقة. إن إعادة تدوير المواد تستخدم طاقة أقل من صنع منتجات جديدة. ثانيًا، إنها تقلل من كمية النفايات المرسلة إلى مواقع مكبات النفايات. عندما نترك النفايات في مواقع مكبات النفايات لفترة طويلة، فإنها تنتج أنواعًا مختلفة من غازات الدفيئة مثل الميثان. ثالثًا، إعادة تدوير الورق والخشب يقي ملايين الأشجار التي تتنفس ثاني أكسيد الكربون وتنتج الأكسجين. لذا، فهي تساعد بيئتنا على أن تكون أكثر نظافة. أخيرًا، تخلق إعادة التدوير فرص عمل جديدة كل عام. لذا، فهي تساعد الأشخاص الذين ليس لديهم عمل في العثور على عمل

أعتقد أن إعادة التدوير في الحل الأفضل لمساعدة بيئتنا. يجب علينا جميعًا أن نكسب المال لإعادة تدوير الأشياء القديمة

19-A review of how learning will be like in the future

المستقبل في التعلم أشكال

Before now, the learning process depended on books, blackboards and classrooms. In fact, the process develops all the time, came after that the whiteboard, CDs and DVDs. Next, came the educational programmes and the smart boards. Today, we are in the age of online learning. The educational platforms have controlled the learning process. I think, in the near future, the computer and the robots will develop thinking! Computers may choose what suit the mentality and the age of the learner. And they will decide on the quality and the quantity of the curriculum .

قبل الآن كانت عملية التعلم تعتمد على الكتب والسيبورت والأقلام الدراسية. بل إن العملية تتطور باستمرار. مع جات السيبورت الأتوماتية والبرامج التعليمية والسيبورت الذكية، واليوتيوب نحن في عصر التعلم عبر الإنترنت، فقد سيطرت المنصات التعليمية على عملية التعلم. وأعتقد أنه في المستقبل القريب سيكتسب التفكير بواسطة السيبوتر والروبوتات وقد تنتج أجهزة السيبوتر ما يناسب عقلية المتعلم وعمره، وستقرر نوعية وكمية المنهج.

20-Space between past and present

والفارق الزمني بين العتاء

The stars and the planets have always been important to us. In ancient times, people knew what time of year it was by looking at where the stars were in the sky. The Ancient Egyptians discovered that a star called Sirius appeared in the sky just before the Nile flooded. Ptolemy from the 2nd century believed that the sun orbited the Earth. It was a popular idea that people believed for many centuries. In 1532, Copernicus showed that the Earth orbited the sun, but he hadn't published his ideas until just before he died because he knew they would be unpopular. Before the beginning of the 17th century, astronomers had only studied space with their own eyes. Then, in 1608, the telescope was invented. The Italian astronomer Galileo improved the design. He made the lenses stronger so that he could study the planets in our solar system.