

SECOND
TERM
2025

PREP 2

APRIL REVISION

April Revision	Units 9 & 10	Second Term
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1. Listen and choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (4 Marks)

- Jurassic World is a /an film.
 - historical
 - adventure
 - action
 - romantic
- This film is about a/ an
 - beach
 - hospital
 - garden
 - theme park
- Scientists have helped to live again.
 - dinosaurs
 - crocodiles
 - turtles
 - whales
- Some of the dinosaurs
 - die
 - escape
 - play
 - swim

2. Complete the following dialogue: (5 Marks)

Questions words		أدوات الاستفهام	
What	ما / ماذا	When	متى
What kind	ما النوع	Who	من
What colour	ما اللون	Which	أي
What size	ما الحجم	Why	لماذا
What time	ما الوقت	Whose	ملك من
Where	أين	How	كيف
		How much	كم الثمن / كم الكمية
		How long	كم المدة / كم الطول
		How many	كم العدد
		How often	كم مرة
		How old	كم العمر
		How heavy	كم الوزن

1. "Mariem is asking Yara about the food she likes."
- Mariem** Welcome to Egypt. Is this your first visit to Egypt?
- Yara** (1) I visited it 2 years ago.
- Mariem** (2) ?
- Yara** I visited the Pyramids and the Grand Egyptian Museum.
- Mariem** (3) ?
- Yara** I will stay for two weeks.
- Mariem** Are you going to visit other cities?
- Yara** (4) I'm going to visit Luxor.
- Mariem** I hope you will enjoy your visit.
- Yara** (5)

2. "Huda wants to buy a new coat at the clothes shop."
- Worker** Can I help you?
- Huda** (1)
- Worker** (2) ?
- Huda** I'd like it medium, please.
- Worker** (3) ?
- Huda** I'd like it red, please.
- Worker** Can you try this on?
- Huda** OK. Where is the changing room?
- Worker** (4)
- Huda** It fits me. (5)

3. Read the following, then answer the questions:

(5 Marks)

Important Notes

ملاحظات هامة

Give a suitable title for the passage.	أعط عنوان مناسب للقطعة.
The main idea of the passage is	الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة هي
The passage is mainly about	هذه القطعة تدور بشكل أساسي حول
What is the main idea of the passage?	ما هي الفكرة الرئيسية للقطعة؟
The text is about	النص يتحدث عن
The underlined pronoun " " refers to	الضمير الذي تحته خط يشير إلى
The underlined word " " means	الكلمة التي تحته خط معناها
The underlined word " " is the opposite of	الكلمة التي تحته خط عكسها
Do you agree that?	هل توافق أن ... ؟
What do you think of ... ?	ما رأيك في ... ؟
Do you think that ... ? Why / Why not?	هل تعتقد أن ... ؟ لماذا؟ / لما لا؟

1.

Louis Braille was born in France in 1809. He had good eyes. He could see all the things in the world. When he was 13, he became blind. He could not see the trees. He could not see the birds. He could only hear the sounds.

Louis wanted to make life better for other blind people. He made up a code with dots. The dots are like bumps on a paper. Each group of dots is a letter. Others are numbers. Blind people could read words, and they could write letters. They could see the words by touching the dots on the paper. Today, people all over the world can read and write in Braille. They can see without using their eyes because of Louis!

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

(1 Mark)

1. Louis Braille lost his sight at the age of

- a. thirty b. thirteen c. three d. thirsty

2. Blind people can see with their

- a. eyes b. hands c. legs d. mouths

B. Answer the following questions:

(4 Marks)

3. What is this passage mainly about

.....

4. What did Louis Braille invent?

.....

5. How could people see the words?

.....

6. What does the underline pronoun "they" refer to?

.....

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:

(4 Marks)

Key Vocabulary

المفردات الأساسية

Unit 9					
scenery	منظر طبيعي	century	قرن	portrait	لوحة فنية
script	نص / سيناريو	view	رأي	theatre	مسرح
costumes	أزياء مناسبات	sculpture	فن النحت	colourful	ملون
make-up	المكياج	recommend	يوصي	firefighter	رجل الإطفاء
show	يعرض / عرض	review	مقال نقدي	calligraphy	فن الخط
acting	التمثيل	pottery	صناعة الأواني الفخارية	clay	فخار / صلصال
cartoons	رسوم متحركة	artist	فنان	statue	تمثال
orchestra	فرقة موسيقية	hug	يحضن	wheelchair	كرسي متحرك
musician	موسيقيار	blind	أعمى	relationship	علاقة
radio reporter	مراسل إذاعي	deaf	أصم	stairs	درجات السلم
disabled	عاجر	braille	طريقة برايل	violin	آلة الكمان
concert	حفلة موسيقية	transport	مواصلات	hide	يختبئ
proud	فخور	skills	مهارات	imagine	يتخيل
wonder	يتعجب	traffic lights	إشارات مرور	newspaper	جريدة
invitation	دعوة	reviewer	ناقد أدبي	summary	ملخص
request	طلب	invite	يدعو	present	يقدم / هدية
escape	يهرب	family party	حفلة عائلية	fires	حرائق
theme park	مدينة الملاهي	scary	مخيف	machine	آلة
actions	أحداث	recycle	يعيد تصنيع	complete	يكمل
adventure film	فيلم مغامرات	land	يهبط	real	حقيقي
Unit 10					
loose	واسع	trainers	حذاء رياضي	leather	جلد
size	حجم / مقاس	headscarf	حجاب الرأس	linen	كتان
style	أسلوب	earrings	حلق	relaxed	مسترخي
smart	أنيق	handbag	شنطة يد	protect	يحمي
striped	خطوط	belt	حزام	sheet	ملاية
traditional	تقليدي	scarf	وشاح	wooden	خشبي
casual	غير رسمي (ملابس)	necklace	عقد	electric	كهربائي
borrow	يستعير	perfect	مثالي	quality	جودة
occasion	مناسبة	pick	يقطف	amount	مقدار
environment	البيئة	soft	ناعم	care	يعتني / عناية
crops	محاصيل	chemicals	مواد كيميائية	produce	ينتج
luxury	رفاهية	school uniform	زي مدرسي	government	حكومة
wedding	حفل زفاف	own	يملك	bamboo	نبات الخيزران
industry	صناعة	soil	تربة زراعية	however	ومع ذلك
chest of drawers	خزانة	pretty	جميل	shop	محل / يتسوق
Price	سعر	useful	مفيد	extra	إضافي
changing room	غرفة التغيير	handbag	حقائب يد	perfect	مثالي
fit	يلئم / يناسب	check	يتأكد / يفحص	object	شيء
advert	إعلان	statue	تمثال	shop window	واجهة المحل
customer	زبون	include	يشمل	shopkeeper	بائع في محل

Expressions & Prepositions

التعبيرات وحروف الجر

Unit 9

recommend + ing	يوصي	shout at	يصرخ
get ready for	يستعد لـ	do calligraphy	يمارس فن الخط
famous for	مشهور بـ	make a presentation	يعرض
make notes	يدون ملاحظات	instead of	بدلاً من
swap roles	يتبادل الأدوار	on the radio	على الراديو

Unit 10

the same as	مثل	perfect for	مناسب لـ
made of	مصنوع من	a pair of	زوج من
protect from	يحمي من	for sale	للبيع
dress in	يرتدي	try on	يقيس
care more about	يهتم أكثر بـ	get married	يتزوج

- In summer, I go to my village and enjoy the
a. mountains b. theatre c. scenery d. concert
- I asked my grandmother to teach me how to costumes.
a. sew b. saw c. sing d. see
- A is a funny drawing usually shows people or animals.
a. cartoon b. costume c. script d. scenery
- A/An is a person who paints or draws for a job.
a. soldier b. pilot c. actor d. artist
- The actors wore historical for the show.
a. costumes b. customs c. stones d. statues
- My sister wants to in the summer school play.
a. act b. paint c. do d. write
- He painted a of his daughter. Her face is very cute.
a. sign b. portrait c. poster d. statue
- There are big and small in the museum.
a. opinions b. concerts c. sculptures d. musicians
- The orchestra has a lot of clever
a. dentists b. scientists c. musicians d. pilot
- He had a terrible accident that left him
a. disabled b. messy c. noisy d. happy
- Mum always gives me a big when she sees me.
a. hang b. blog c. hug d. bug
- People who can't walk can use to move.
a. chairs b. bikes c. radios d. wheelchairs
- She is a radio and works long hours.
a. pilot b. reporter c. painter d. waiter
- My father is a good man and I'm so proud be his son.
a. of b. to c. on d. with
- We all our plastic to use again.
a. burn b. recycle c. throw d. explore
- I heard a really interesting programme the radio this morning.
a. for b. in c. at d. on
- We went to the where we played many games and enjoyed our time.
a. theatre b. cinema c. bark d. theme park

18. He didn't reply to my
 a. actor b. event c. accept d. request
19. Adel Emam is one of the greatest in Egypt.
 a. planets b. moons c. stars d. suns
20. I like watching films. They are very exciting.
 a. adventure b. nature c. culture d. future
21. Take a deep breath, and you will feel
 a. nervous b. tired c. worried d. relaxed
22. She is wearing because it is very sunny.
 a. trousers b. scarves c. sunglasses d. gloves
23. I usually wear sports clothes because they are
 a. hard b. ugly c. uncomfortable d. comfortable
24. Talia likes wearing clothes like T-shirts and trainers.
 a. casual b. formal c. traditional d. plastic
25. I cover my bed with a nice made of cotton.
 a. scarf b. belt c. skirt d. sheet
26. Shoes, bags and belts are often made of
 a. wool b. leather c. metal d. cotton
27. She wears clothes to hide that she is fat.
 a. loose b. striped c. strange d. traditional
28. We wear heavy clothes in winter to warm
 a. do b. make c. take d. keep
29. Cotton from Egypt is very good, so it is often used to make clothes.
 a. bad b. luxury c. cheap d. wooden
30. Noha speaks English very well. She is at languages.
 a. messy b. bad c. perfect d. noisy
31. Cotton is not a hard material. It's
 a. rough b. safe c. soft d. cheap
32. I usually wear these when I do sport.
 a. dress b. boots c. trains d. trainers
33. We are building more factories to improve
 a. farming b. environment c. industry d. sports
34. She a book from the library.
 a. gave b. spent c. borrowed d. wore
35. He bought a big chest of for his clothes.
 a. cupboards b. changes c. drawings d. drawers
36. The book is full information. We knew a lot from it.
 a. silly b. difficult c. useful d. interested
37. I social media every day.
 a. check b. finish c. discuss d. spend
38. That dress looks a long to me, but I can wear it.
 a. bit b. bet c. pit d. pet
39. She's putting her new car up sale.
 a. of b. for c. to d. by
40. My brother is going to married.
 a. go b. get c. know d. stay

4. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: (4 Marks)

5. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word(s) in brackets: (5 Marks)

1. Ability

1. القدرة

للتعبير عن القدرة في المضارع نستخدم الصيغ التالية:

مصدر الفعل + **can** + فاعل

I **can** paint scenery.

مصدر الفعل + **know / knows how to** + فاعل

I **know how to** paint scenery. She **knows how to** write scripts.

مصدر الفعل + **am / is / are** + **able to** + فاعل

I **am able to** play the piano. She **is able to** act in that play.

للتعبير عن عدم القدرة في المضارع نستخدم الصيغ التالية:

مصدر الفعل + **can't** + فاعل

I **can't** do make-up.

مصدر الفعل + **don't know / doesn't know how to** + فاعل

Habiba **doesn't know how to** swim. They **don't know how to** play instruments.

مصدر الفعل + **am not / isn't / aren't** + **able to** + فاعل

I **am not able to** sew clothes. They **aren't able to** come to the party.

للسؤال عن القدرة في المضارع نستخدم الصيغ التالية:

مصدر الفعل + فاعل + **Can**

Can you do make-up?

مصدر الفعل + فاعل + **know how to** + فاعل + **Do / Does**

Do you **know how to** paint scenery? **Does** your father **know how to** drive a car?

مصدر الفعل + فاعل + **able to** + فاعل + **Am / Is / Are**

Is your brother **able to** write a bike? **Are** you **able to** sew clothes.

A:

- A: you able to swim? B: No, I'm not, but I can play tennis.
a. Can b. Are c. Do d. Is
- Ahmed is blind. He to see.
a. isn't able b. can c. knows how d. is able
- This artist how to paint scenery.
a. can't b. can c. is able d. knows
- Do you know to use a computer?
a. what b. how c. who d. which
- We travel to another country without a passport.
a. can b. are able to c. can't d. know how
- you able to speak French?
a. Do b. Can c. Can't d. Are
- A film star knows how well.
a. to act b. acting c. act d. acts
- your father able to drive a car?
a. Does b. Are c. Is d. Can
- I able to play well today. I trained well yesterday.
a. can b. am c. know how d. can't
- A: you know how to play an instrument? B: Yes, I do.
a. Are b. Do c. Is d. Does

B:

- Can you (sewing)?

2. Do you know how (make) a sculpture?
3. Maher is able (play) musical instruments.
4. Hossam (can) do exercises because he is seriously ill.
5. We (can) live without water.
6. A firefighter (are) able to stop fires.
7. Do you know how (use) the internet?
8. (Able you) to you play football or tennis?
9. Are you (ability) to understand this lesson?
10. My sister (not know) how to cook. She is too young.
11. All the students in my class know how (writing) in English.
12. I (can) read this English word. I'll ask Mr Ali to help me.
13. Alaa (are) able to teach young children cleverly.
14. (you know) how to do any of the types of arts?
15. Eman knows (to make) cakes. Her cakes are delicious.

2. Adjective order:

2. ترتيب الصفات:

عندما نريد وصف شئ بأكثر من صفة لابد أن نضع الصفات في الترتيب الصحيح لها كالآتي:

وصف / رأي	حجم	شكل	عمر	لون	مادة خام	اسم الشئ
pretty	big	long	old	pink	cotton	dress
beautiful	small	loose	new	green	linen	
expensive	large	striped	modern	red	wooden	
cheap	medium	short	traditional	purple	plastic	
strange			young	colorful	gold	
nice			ancient			
smart						

لاحظ استخدام الفواصل (,) بين الصفات عند الترتيب:

The ancient Egyptians wore beautiful, gold, necklaces.

3. one / ones:

3.

نستخدم (one) بدلاً من تكرار الاسم المفرد الذي يعد في الجملة:

This beautiful dress is the **one** my grandmother made me.

نستخدم (ones) بدلاً من تكرار الاسم الجمع في الجملة:

My trousers are old. I need new **ones**.

4. Demonstrative pronouns:

4. ضمائر الإشارة:

نستخدم (this) بمعنى هذا / هذه للإشارة للمفرد القريب:

I like **this** phone a lot.

نستخدم (that) بمعنى ذلك / تلك للإشارة للمفرد البعيد:

That bird has beautiful feathers.

نستخدم (these) بمعنى هؤلاء للإشارة للجمع القريب:

These shoes were my dad's.

نستخدم (those) بمعنى أولئك للإشارة للجمع البعيد:

Those keys are mine.

A:

1. Do you have enough money to buy this belt?
 - a. big, red, leather
 - b. leather, big, red
 - c. red, leather, big
 - d. long, leather, red

2. It's a skirt.
 - a. beautiful, new, blue
 - b. blue, beautiful, new
 - c. beautiful, blue, new
 - d. blue, new, beautiful
3. She like clothes.
 - a. linen, white, loose
 - b. white, linen, loose
 - c. white, loose, linen
 - d. loose, white, linen
4. New cars need less petrol than old?
 - a. one
 - b. ones
 - c. one's
 - d. ones
5. Where did you get sunglasses?
 - a. those
 - b. that
 - c. this
 - d. then
6. gold earrings in my hand are my grandmother's.
 - a. This
 - b. That
 - c. These
 - d. Those
7. Do you prefer dress or that one over there?
 - a. this
 - b. these
 - c. they
 - d. those
8. Let's watch a different film. This is so boring.
 - a. one
 - b. ones
 - c. one's
 - d. ones'
9. These shoes are small, can I try the other?
 - a. one
 - b. once
 - c. ones
 - d. none
10. I was surprised by news.
 - a. these
 - b. those
 - c. they
 - d. this

B:

1. Look at that (pretty, gold, long) necklace.
2. Salma is wearing a (long, beautiful, white) dress.
3. My grandparents live in a (new, brick, white) house.
4. Mai bought a (cotton, red, new) skirt.
5. She was wearing (black, new, leather) shoes.
6. These trainers are the (one) I bought yesterday.
7. Why don't you wear (these) nice scarf?
8. (This) shirts are very nice.
9. (These) is my neighbour who got married yesterday.
10. I lost my phone. I need to buy a new (one's).
11. He wore a (long, cotton, red) galabeya.
12. These shoes aren't good, I want those (one) in the window, please.
13. These glasses don't fit me. I want the red (one).
14. I like (these) leather belt.
15. This glass is dirty. Can I have a clean (ones), please?

6. Write a paragraph of NINETY (90) words on:

(7 Marks)

1.

“A visit to the Egyptian Museum”

The Egyptian Museum is one of the most amazing places in Cairo. It's the oldest museum in Cairo. I went to the Egyptian Museum last Sunday on a school trip. We went very early as the museum isn't much crowded in the early mornings. I saw many statues and portraits. They were amazing. There were ancient things made of different materials. I recommend visiting the Egyptian Museum. It's an amazing place to visit.

2.

“A review of your favourite film”

I like watching films. My favourite kind of films is adventure films. They are very exciting. “Jurassic World” is one of my favourite films. It's an adventure film. It was made in 2015. The film stars are Chris Pratt and Bryce Dallas. It is about a theme park where scientists have helped dinosaurs to live again ! Then some of the dinosaurs escaped. I think the action is exciting and my favourite thing is the scary dinosaurs : they look very real. I recommend watching this film.

3.

“Your favourite clothes”

There are many types of clothes with different colours and styles. Everyone has their own style. Some people like light colours and others like dark colours. Clothes are different in every city, town and country. I like to wear clothes that are loose and made of cotton. I like to feel comfortable and relaxed in my clothes. I like my black, plastic sunglasses. They are very fashionable. I prefer to wear trainers most of the time. They are very comfortable and look nice. When I visit my grandpa, I like to wear traditional clothes. I like what he wears. He lives in a village in Assiut.

4.

“Clothes in Ancient Egypt”

In Ancient Egypt, men and women wore similar clothes. They both wore loose, white, linen clothes with a belt. Ancient Egyptians did not wear shoes most of the time, but rich people sometimes wore expensive leather sandals. Children did not usually wear many clothes until they were about six years old. Then they started to wear the same clothes as their parents. Although Ancient Egyptians' clothes were simple, they loved to wear heavy, metal jewellery. Like some people today, they liked to wear beautiful gold necklaces and other jewellery.