

وتشمل ...

- ✓ أهم كلمات ومصطلحات وحرف جر المنهج.
- ✓ جدول خاص بأهم المرادفات والمضادات.
- ✓ جدول بأهم كلمات الترجمة.
- ✓ ١٢٠ جملة اختياري علي الكلمات.
- ✓ شرح القواعد بطريقة مبسطة ومختصرة.
- ✓ ١٠٠ جملة اختياري علي القواعد.
- ✓ ٦ قطع فهم للتدريب.
- ✓ كل الأسئلة طبقا لآخر المواصفات المكررة للورقة الإمتحانية ٢٠٢٢.





أهم الكلمات المنهج والقصة أهم الكلمات المنهج والقصة

boost	يقوى / يعزز / تعزيز / دعم	competition	مسابقة / منافسة	relatives	أقارب
infect	يصيب / يعدي	hurt	يؤذي / يؤلم	special	خاص / مميز
infected	مصاب / ملوث	cough	كحة / سعال	type (kind - sort)	نوع
infection	إصابة / عدوى	right	حق / صواب	festival	مهرجان
infectious	معدى	encourage	يشجع	ingredients	مكونات / مقادير
wrap	يغلف / يلف	guide	يرشد / يوجه	introduce	يقدم
immune system	الجهاز المناعي	operate	يجري عملية	options	خيارات
breath	النفس	operation	عملية جراحية	service	خدمة
breathe	يتنفس	immediately	حالا / فورا	serve	يقدم / يخدم
breathing	التنفس	respect	يحترم / احترام	prepare	يعد / يجهرز
bleed	ينزف	respected	محترم (وظيفة)	Amount / quantity	كمية
bleeding	نزيف	respectable	محترم (عائلة)	fashion	موضة
perform	يؤدي	respectful	محترم (تصرف)	old-fashion	موضة قديمة
performance	أداء	celebrate	يحتفل	fashionable	علي الموضة
athlete	لاعب العاب قوى	celebration	احتفال	a bit (quite)	إلى حد ما
athletic	رياضي / نشيط	celebrity	شخص مشهور	feed	يطعم
director	مدير / مخرج	occasion	مناسبة	hydroponics	الزراعة المائية
resilience	المرونة / الليونة	popular with	محبوب من	population	السكان
awake	مستيقظ / يقظ	popularity	شعبية	vehicles	مركبات
rule	قاعدة / قانون / يحكم	tradition	تقليد / عرف	organisation	منظمة
injure	يصيب	traditional	تقليدي	rain forest	غابة مطيرة
injured	مصاب	get together	يتقابل / يتجمع	damage	تلف
injury	إصابة	gather	يجمع / يتجمع	urban	حضري
trophy	كأس / غنيمة	recipe	وصفة (طعام)	rainfall	سقوط مطر
act	يمثل / عمل / فعل	event	حدث	include	يضمن / يضيف
react	رد فعل / يتصرف	extract	مقتطف / يستخلص / يستخرج	algae	طحالب
cell	خلية	personal	شخصي	conclude	يستنتج
organ	عضو في جسم الإنسان	personally	بشكل شخصي	efficiently	بكفاءة
regularly	بانتظام	believe	يعتقد	crop	محصول
tight	ضيق / محكم	believer	مؤمن	produce	ينتج
collaborate	يتعاون	belief	عقيدة / اعتقاد	production	إنتاج
collaboration	تعاون	salty	مالح / مالح / غاضب	chemical	مادة كيميائية
responsible	مسئول	spicy	حار / كثير التوابل	insects	حشرات
responsibility	مسئولية	delicious	لذيذ	source	مصدر
persuade	يقنع	taste	مذاق / يتذوق	seriously	بجدية / بخطورة
examine	يفحص	tasty	لذيذ	link	رابط / يربط
available	متاح / متوفر	dessert	الحلو بعد الأكل	nearly	تقريبا
expert	خبير	native	محلي / وطني / أحد السكان الأصليين	almost	أغلبية
lock	يقفل / قفل / يجبس	livestock	ماشية	continent	قارة
pump	يضخ	sustainable	مستدامة	ocean	محيط
survive	يبقى علي قيد الحياة	variety	تنوع	invest	يستثمر
questionnaire	استبيان	innovation	ابتكار	investment	استثمار
light	ضوء / خفيف / فاتح	agriculture (farming)	الزراعة	avoid	يتجنب
solve	يحل	basic	أساسي	cookies	ملفات تعريف الارتباط بالانترنت
solution	حل	basically	أساسا	download (from)	ينزل
evidence	دليل	unlike	على عكس	upload (to)	يرفع
summary	ملخص	laugh	يضحك / ضحكة	upgrade	يحسن
phrase	عبارة	debate	مناظرة	update	يحدث
electric	كهربائي (يعمل بالكهرباء)	argument	جدال	up-to-date	محدث

electrical	كهربائي	encourage	يشجع	take down	يزيل
electricity	كهرباء	discourage	ثبط العزيمة	consult	يستشير
replace	يستبدل	confused	مرتبك	consultant	استشاري
platform	منصة	confusing	مربك	suppose	يفترض
destroy	يدمر	communicate	يتواصل	sponsor	راعي / ممول
mention	يذكر	communication	التواصل	treat	يعامل / يعالج
involve	يتضمن	behave	يتصرف	reliable	موثوق فيه
separate	يفصل	behaviour	سلوك / تصرف	view	منظر / رؤية / مشاهدة
create	يخلق	necessary	ضروري	subscribe	يسجل / يشترك
persuade	يقنع	necessity	الضرورة	serious	جاد / خطير
thesaurus	موسوعة مفردات	selfie	صورة بالكاميرا الأمامية	advertisement	إعلان
keep	يحفظ / يربي	survey	بحث استطلاعي	advertise	يعلن
increase	يزيد / زيادة	headline	عنوان رئيسي	advertiser	معلن
remove	يزيل	suitable	مناسب	sponsored advert	إعلان ممول
continue	يستمر	upset	مزعج / متضايق	banner advert	لافتة إعلانية
properly	بشكل صحيح	response	استجابة	follow	يتابع
rise	تشرق / ترتفع	aware	على علم / واعي	follower	متابع
plan	خطة / يخطط	request	طلب	adapt	يتكيف / يتأقلم
emoji	رمز تعبيرى / اشعار	compare	يقارن	moral	مغزى أخلاقي / درس مستفاد
frown	تجهم / يتجهم	admit	يقرب	influence	تأثير
linguist	خبير لغة	require	يتطلب	pile	يكوم / كومة
linguistics	علم اللغويات	gap	فجوة	mean	بخيل / يعني / يقصد
tone	نغمة الصوت / نبرة الصوت	support	يؤيد	meanness	البخل
innovator	مبتكر	warn	يحذر	beg	يتوسل
blog	مدونة	actually	في الواقع	beggar	متسول
abbreviation	اختصار	appear	يظهر	sigh	يتنهد / تنهيدة
acronym	اختصار بالحروف الأولى	disappear	يختفي	foggy	ضبابي
messaging	المراسلة	function	وظيفة	ignore	يتجاهل
misunderstand	يسئ فهم	punctuation	ترقيم	necklace	قلادة
a joke	ينكت / نكتة	recognizable	سهل التعرف عليه	massive / enormous	ضخم
author	مؤلف	tips	نصائح	regret	يندم
findings	نتائج	symbol	رمز	relationship	علاقة
purpose	غرض	sensible	حكيم	fire	نار / حريق / مدفأة / يطرد من
procedures	إجراءات	profile	الملف الشخصي	employee	موظف
conclude	يستنتج / يخلص إلى	survey	دراسة / فحص / مسح	employer	صاحب عمل
conclusion	خلاصة / خاتمة	affect - effect	يؤثر على / أثر	keep in touch	يبقى على اتصال
unreliable	غير موثوق به	effectively	بشكل فعال	lose touch with	ينقطع الاتصال
mind	بمناخ / عقل	feedback	التغذية الراجعة	disappointed	محبط

أهم كلمات القصة

duty	واجب	soldiers	جنود	blanket	بطانية
palace	قصر	stab	يطعن	blood	دماء
forest	غابة	plot	يتامر	disbelief	كذب
kingdom	مملكة	philosopher	فيلسوف	bagger	متسول
foolish	أحمق	mad	مجنون	arrest	يقبض على
map	خريطة	servant	خادم	pretend	يتظاهر
riches	ثروات	guilty	مذنب	cave	كهف
terrible	فظيع	fool	مهرج	spy	جاسوس
inheritance	ميراث	rude	وقح	stocks	مقصلة (آلة للعقاب)
sword	سيف	wise	حكيم	straw	قش
pocket	جيب	faithful	مخلص	patience	صبر
castle	قلعة	homeless	مشرد	shelter	ماوى

**Expressions and Idioms**

close to	قريب من	do - perform CPR	يقوم بالإنعاش القلبي الرئوي
look forward to	يتطلع الي	carry out / do / conduct a research	يقوم ببحث
eat out	يأكل بالخارج	do things	يقوم بالأشياء
at least	علي الأقل	do voluntary work	يقوم بأعمال تطوعية
rude to	وقح مع	make sure	يتأكد
interested in	مهتم بـ	make suggestion	يعمل اقتراح
decide on	يختار / يحدد	make a mistake	يرتكب خطأ
famous for (as)	مشهور بـ (ك)	fall asleep	ينام
find out about	يكشف عن	be right to	يكون علي حق في
based on	قائم علي	emergency services	خدمات الطوارئ
grow up	يكبر	a negative effect on	تأثير سلبي علي
believe in	يؤمن بـ	climate change	تغير المناخ
deal with	يتعامل مع	electric vehicles	مركبات كهربائية
instead of	بدلاً من	tell the difference	يميز
cut down	يقطع الأشجار	sustainable sources	مصادر مستدامة
look after	يعتني بـ	stay in touch with	يبقي علي اتصال
look for	يبحث عن	lose touch with	يفقد اتصال مع
in fact	في الواقع	negative side	الجانب السلبي
pay for	يدفع لـ	laugh out loud	يضحك بصوت عالي
expert (in - on - at)	خبير في	be aware of	يكون علي وعي بـ
chat with	يدرّش مع	pros and cons	
apply for	يتقدم بطلب	merits and demerits	مزايا وعيوب
take ... away	يبعاد	advantages and disadvantages	
waiting for ... to	لكي ... ينتظر	targeted adverts	إعلانات موجهة
social media	التواصل الاجتماعي	sponsored adverts	إعلانات ممولة
instead of	بدلاً من	social media	مواقع التواصل الاجتماعية
in general	في العموم	cause problems	يسبب مشاكل
learn how to	يتعلم كيفية	personal details	تفاصيل شخصية
download... from	ينزل ... من	apply for a job	يتقدم لوظيفة
upload... to	يرفع ... علي	a set of rules	مجموعة قواعد
famous for	مشهور بـ	gain experience	يكسب خبرة
find out	يكشف / يعرف	do work	يقوم بأداء عمل
break into	يقتحم	apply for a job	يتقدم بطلب لوظيفة
worried about	قلق بشأن	hang out with	يعاشر / يقضي وقت مع
careful about	حريص علي	get on with	يحسن التعامل مع / ينسجم مع
sporting event	حدث رياضي	make friends	يكون صداقات

## Synonyms &amp; Antonyms

word	meaning	synonym المرادف	antonym العكس
achievement	انجاز	accomplishment	failure
admit	يعترف	confess	deny
adult	بالغ	grown-up	toddler
alive	على قيد الحياة	conscious	dead / deceased
amazing	مدهش	astonishing	believable
boost	يشجع	encourage	discourage
connect	يصل / يوصم	attach / link	disconnect / dissociate
delicious	لذيذ	tasty	nasty
develop	يطور	promote	decline
find out	اكتشف	discover	hide
generous	كريم	hospitable	stingy / mean
link	رابط / صلة	connection	separation
native	مواطن	citizen	foreigner
personal	شخصي	private	public
personal	شخصي	private/individual	public / common
persuade	يقنع	convince	discourage
popular	محبوب / له شعبية	attractive	unpopular
positive	ايجابي	constructive	negative
reduce	يقلل	decrease	increase
reliable	موثوق به / يعتمد عليه	trustworthy / trusty	undependable / unreliable
respect	مسنول	value	disrespect
respond	يرد - يجيب	answer / reply to	ignore
responsible	جالد	reliable	irresponsible
serious	يسكت	tough	funny
sociable	اجتماعي (شخص)	neighbourly	unsociable
survive	ينجو / يبقى حياً	remain	die
sustainable	مستدام	continuous	temporary
traditional	تقليدي	conventional	untraditional
unfortunately	لسوء الحظ	unluckily	fortunately



## Choose two answers

1. It's important to show ..... for other people's opinions.  
a courage      b respect      c dislike      d appreciation      E jealousy
2. Everyone should learn how to ..... first aid.  
a move      b make      c perform      d carry e      E do
3. I don't like to work in distant places. "Distant" is the opposite in meaning to "....." And ".....".  
a remote      b close      c far      d crowded      E near
4. Please, ..... sure you turn off the gas before you leave the house.  
a give      b be      c do      d make      E take
5. I am not joking; I'm serious. "Serious" is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
a lazy      b humorous      c normal      d funny      E strict
6. We should do sports to ..... in good health.  
a stay      b leave      c make      d remind      E remain
7. I could reach a solution ..... the problem alone.  
a of      b with      c to      d for      E by
8. Our teacher always supports us. "Support" here is an antonym for "....." and ".....".  
a assist      b disappoint      c assess      d let      E let down
9. He was admired for his loyalty. "Loyalty" is similar in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
a envy      b popularity      c faithfulness      d hatred      E devotion
10. We must punish those who ..... damage to the environment.  
a do      b make      c cause      d fight      E disappear
11. Mr Al Daifi ..... Cairo Airport last night.  
a went      b reached      c arrived      d arrived at      E arrived in
12. In my ....., reading is the best source of knowledge.  
a opinion      b review      c view      d interview      E fact
13. Ful madams is a popular dish in Egypt. "Popular" here is an antonym for "....." and ".....".  
a known      b gradual      c uncommon      d famous      E unpopular
14. A plane is ..... than a car.  
a a lot faster      b less faster      c a bit slower      d much faster      E more faster
15. We expect that people in ..... Africa will be using modern technology in farming.  
a the southern      b southern      c the north      d the south of      E the south
16. You should never be rude to your friends. "Rude" is an antonym for "....." and ".....".  
a lazy      b harsh      c polite      d generous      E decent
17. Seaweed is a very ..... food in China and Japan.  
a unknown      b popular      c expensive      d common      E unhealthy
18. I hope the manager will ..... to my complaint on time.  
a respond      b neglect      c prefer      d reply e      E imply
19. Koshari is a popular dish in Egypt. "Popular" is the opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
a unpopular      b known      c expensive      d disfavoured e      E friendly
20. Don't worry, I will give you the medicine ....  
a lately      b commonly      c immediately      d at once e      E once
21. Adel could achieve more success. "Success" is an antonym for ".....".  
a failure      b amusement      c encouragement      d defeat e      E achievement
22. We should all ..... people with special needs.  
a look up      b care for      c look for      d look after e      E cure of
23. A car is ..... faster than a bike.  
a as      b much      c more      d many e      E a lot
24. The Russian-Ukrainian war has destroyed a lot of buildings. "Destroy" is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
a attack      b check      c build      d eradicate      E construct

25. Messaging is great for staying in ..... with friends.  
 a disagreement    b advance    c agreement    d touch    E contact
26. Our farm lacks even basic equipment. "Basic" is similar in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a safe    b necessary    c minor    d vital    E expensive
27. Messaging language is used in ..... communications.  
 a everyday    b every day    c daily    d weekly    E main
28. Do you agree that messaging language ..... English?  
 a spoils    b modifies    c agrees    d dislikes    E damages
29. I'm ..... chatting with my close friends when I have free time.  
 a keen on    b afraid of    c interested in    d certain about    E annoyed with
30. What are the ..... procedures taken in such a situation?  
 a convenient    b improper    c proper    d additional    E next
31. I haven't ..... a reply to my complaint yet.  
 a made    b received    c ignored    d got    E recognised
32. I ..... have consulted a doctor; I feel worse now.  
 a ought to    b mustn't    c must    d should    E needn't
33. You ..... take photographs here; it's a military area.  
 a shouldn't    b ought to    c mustn't    d must    E can't
34. You ..... do more sports in your free time.  
 a had better    b would like    c mustn't    d had to do    E would rather
35. Be careful, it's a ..... account.  
 a strong    b new    c fake    d true    E false
36. Always try to use ..... websites.  
 a reliable    b new    c unknown    d unreliable    E trustworthy
37. Don't worry; it's an easy task to .....  
 a think    b perform    c do    d modify    E reject
38. You should do your best to ..... your goals.  
 a ignore    b reach    c order    d achieve    E think
39. The two toys are nearly ..... Do you think there is any difference between them?  
 a similar    b different    c alike    d difficult    E big
40. We should keep in ..... with our relatives from time to time.  
 a touch    b separation    c contact    d addition    E play
41. The little girl is so cute. "Cute" is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a poor    b rich    c ugly    d nice    E unattractive
42. The situation is very critical. We need to take ..... measures.  
 a urgent    b immediate    c no    d slow    E gradual
43. He ..... to be exhausted; he needs to have some rest.  
 a supposes    b intends    c appears    d seems    E hates
44. The young man seemed disappointed. Disappointed is a synonym for "....." and ".....".  
 a depressed    b appointed    c dissatisfied    d worried    E satisfied
45. She started ..... social media to talk to her friends after school.  
 a uses    b using    c to using    d to use    E use
46. Never lose ..... with your relatives; visit them from time to time.  
 a result    b cause    c contact    d search    E touch
47. My neighbour is generous. Generous" is an antonym for "....." and ".....".  
 a mean    b rich    c honest    d miserly    E wealthy
48. Don't ..... your time; try to make full use of it.  
 a waste    b use    c misuse    d spend    E save
49. Oh! What a terrible dream! Terrible is an antonym for "....." and ".....".  
 a delightful    b long    c relaxing    d bad    E unattractive

50. She admitted that she had broken the window by mistake. "Admit" is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a believe      b agree      c deny      d confess      E reject
51. Most people strive to buy their basic needs. "Basic" is opposite to "....." and ".....".  
 a expensive      b secondary      c cheap      d unnecessary      E important
52. I really ..... wasting my time in vain. I should have used it properly.  
 a regret      b consider      c repent      d enjoy      E blame
53. The ..... young man dealt with the little child violently.  
 a generous      b hard-hearted      c young      d cruel      E kind-hearted
54. Instead of forgiving the poor boy, the cruel man decided to ..... him.  
 a sit      b help      c punish      d let      E penalise
55. This isn't the original painting of The Mona Lisa; it is a ..... one.  
 a cheap      b real      c forged      d true      E fake
56. I We should all cooperate to perform this ..... in light of our teacher's instructions.  
 a task      b crime      c jobs      d project      E missions
57. Don't worry; the police are going to take ..... measures.  
 a urgent      b slow      c immediate      d quick      E late
58. What is the ..... of climate change on human activities?  
 a cause      b influence      c decrease      d effect      E proof
59. I think the company will.....these lazy and careless workers due to their repeated mistakes.  
 a free      b fire      c dismiss      d order      E employ
60. You should always try not to ..... your time, doing useless things.  
 a produce      b misuse      c save      d waste      E reduce
61. You should learn how to ..... CPR.  
 a reform      b perform      c take      d make e      E do
62. I'm awfully sorry; it's my own .....  
 a sorrow      b effect      c fault      d suggestion      E mistake
63. We must ..... our immune systems to enjoy good health.  
 a boast      b boost      c burst      d paste      E improve
64. I think this grammar point isn't an age-appropriate rule to introduce for prep 1. "Appropriate" is similar in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a difficult      b realisable      c suitable      d insensitive      E proper
65. I looked sorrowfully at the enormous pile of work left to do. Enormous" is similar in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a quantity      b small      c huge      d number      E colossal
66. The worker begged the manager to allow him to leave an hour earlier. "Begged is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a refused      b instructed      c persuaded      d ordered      E let
67. You should avoid dealing with that deceitful person. "Deceitful" here is opposite in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a honest      b unkind      c sincere      d naive      E tricky
68. You should always behave politely with your friends. "Behave" is similar in meaning to "....." and ".....".  
 a forget      b act      c abuse      d deal e      E believe
69. Wael ..... travel to Aswan by ship to enjoy the views along the way.  
 a may      b decided to      c must      d is going to e      E hopes to
70. Still, you have enough time; you don't have to hurry.  
 a didn't have to      b mustn't      c don't have to      d doesn't have to eE needn't
71. Mohamed is very kind. That's why .....  
 a I expect him to help me.      b I expect he would help me.  
 c I expect he will help me.      d I expect he won't help me.  
 E I expected that he will help me.

72. You should drink the right ..... of water every day.  
 a number                      b part                      c amount                      d ingredient
73. The immune system sends ..... to find the virus that attacks your body.  
 a seals                      b sales                      c soils                      d cells
74. Follow the rules of cleanliness to avoid being ..... with COVID-19.  
 a infected                      b protected                      c injected                      d rejected
75. How did the manager ..... to the suggestion you had made?  
 a retrain                      b refresh                      c react                      d recycle
76. Athletes must understand the importance of ..... their hearts regularly.  
 a changing                      b shaking                      c sharing                      d checking
77. We are going to ..... after my brother's graduation.  
 a collaborate                      b celebrate                      c contribute                      d educate
78. I'm going to take a five- ..... course on how to cook Spanish dishes.  
 a day                      b days'                      c days                      d day's
79. COVID-19 first ..... at the end of 2019.  
 a showed                      b published                      c appeared                      d disappeared
80. In some parts of Africa, people are still using letters as a/an ..... way of communication.  
 a modern                      b usual                      c traditional                      d international
81. We usually ..... together and discuss our problems.  
 a get                      b set                      c make                      d do
82. This restaurant usually ..... cheap and delicious food.  
 a buys                      b takes                      c surfs                      d serves
83. We had to ..... a lot of sweets for my sister's birthday party.  
 a prepare                      b compare                      c repair                      d appear
84. Our team was very bad. We didn't ..... to win the match.  
 a conserve                      b reverse                      c observe                      d deserve
85. I usually visit my village on different .....  
 a occasions                      b purposes                      c positions                      d reasons
86. Whom are you waiting .....?  
 a to                      b at                      c for                      d no preposition
87. The customer ..... that the service was very bad.  
 a compared                      b complained                      c completed                      d competed
88. It was hot yesterday, and it is even ..... today.  
 a hottest                      b hotter than                      c hotter                      d a hotter
89. Most developed countries ..... a lot of money on scientific research.  
 a depend                      b miss                      c spend                      d save
90. The teacher ..... students into four groups to encourage teamwork.  
 a joined                      b separated                      c divided                      d shared
91. Tourism is a great ..... of national income in Egypt.  
 a store                      b means                      c source                      d origin
92. Are you for or against using chemicals to help ..... grow faster?  
 a products                      b goods                      c careers                      d crops
93. The criminal ..... himself in different clothes so that no one could recognise him.  
 a disappeared                      b showed                      c disguised                      d guessed
94. King Lear intended to give a ..... of his kingdom to each daughter.  
 a third                      b three                      c thirdly                      d thirteen
95. In the future, we can expect that farmers will be using ..... in technology to remove too much rainwater from the land and use it elsewhere.  
 a cultivation                      b irrigation                      c motivations                      d innovations
96. Sadly, although the emergency services took him to hospital, Abdelwahab didn't .....  
 a deprive                      b survive                      c arrive                      d drive

97. All ..... wish to win medals.  
 a athletic                      b athletes                      c athletics'                      d athletics
98. Unfortunately, I couldn't ..... him to participate in that project.  
 a let                      b persuade                      c make                      d discourage
99. Due to rapid population growth, we will have to increase our food .....  
 a consumption                      b production                      c introduction                      d assumption
100. The teacher is angry with Gamal because he has ..... badly with his colleagues.  
 a behaved                      b believed                      c relieved                      d told
101. A lot of farmers keep ..... for meat production.  
 a crops                      b seeds                      c stock                      d livestock
102. The film is really purposeful. It ..... with some serious issues.  
 a adapts                      b accepts                      c deals                      d befriends
103. Hatim had gained weight and grown a thick beard; I couldn't ..... him.  
 a realise                      b recognise                      c show                      d learn
104. Can you ..... the difference between the two pictures? They are nearly the same!  
 a hide                      b tell                      c appear                      d think
105. Most of the damage caused to the land is due to farmers using too many .....  
 a improvements                      b protectors                      c chemicals                      d fertilizers
106. What is ..... about the rainforest in the Sudan?  
 a private                      b special                      c specially                      d privately
107. Can you explain the ..... why agriculture needs to change from one place to another?  
 a reason                      b result                      c cause                      d effect
108. Growing algae will improve the air we breathe because algae ..... a lot of oxygen.  
 a do                      b take                      c make                      d inhale
109. Having made sure that I'm not ....., the judge set me free.  
 a guilt                      b innocence                      c innocent                      d guilty
110. You should eat a small ..... of food before you do a sport.  
 a amount                      b number                      c ingredient                      d collection
111. We need to look for more ..... solutions to the problem of food shortages.  
 a uncomfortable                      b sustainable                      c removable                      d curable
112. We should produce a wider ..... of foods to meet the needs of the increasing population.  
 a variety                      b collection                      c gathering                      d rarity
113. I read a wonderful article that suggests technical ..... to future food problems.  
 a objections                      b solutions                      c disappearance                      d disturbance
114. Experts recommend doubling food ..... to face the increasing population all over the world.  
 a infection                      b consumption                      c production                      d reduction
115. You should have healthy food to ..... your immune system.  
 a prove                      b pass                      c boast                      d support
116. If you have ..... pain, you must consult your doctor immediately.  
 a feast                      b fist                      c chest                      d rest
117. A ..... disease is any disease that affects a very small percentage of the population.  
 a common                      b serious                      c rare                      d spreading
118. Your heart ..... about 380 litres of blood through your body every hour.  
 a pumps                      b jumps                      c absorbs                      d blocks
119. If a child decides to ..... up a new sport, send them to visit a doctor to check their heart first.  
 a take                      b pick                      c clean                      d lock
120. My father is very sick; he is going to ..... an operation today.  
 a do                      b make                      c have                      d perform
121. .... employees should be rewarded or promoted.  
 a Sufficient                      b Efficient                      c Ordinary                      d Primary
122. What ..... do you want to buy, sir?  
 a rather                      b also                      c another                      d else

123. Libya lies to the ..... of Egypt.  
 a eastern                      b north                      c western                      d **west**
124. I have a/an ..... headache; it is not tolerable.  
 a simple                      b several                      c **severe**                      d easy
125. My uncle is a brilliant surgeon; he usually ..... emergency operations successfully.  
 a **performs**                      b deforms                      c informs                      d reforms
126. Researchers have found out some kinds of agriculture are ..... the land and causing harm.  
 a disappearing                      b protecting                      c keeping                      d **damaging**
127. You can avoid ..... with COVID-19 if you follow safety rules and avoid crowded places.  
 a injection                      b affection                      c protection                      d **infection**
128. Still, the people in Siwa insist on wearing their ..... clothes as their grandfathers used to.  
 a up-to-date                      b modern                      c **traditional**                      d additional
129. We mustn't ..... damage to the environment.  
 a **cause**                      b trick                      c discover                      d make
130. Some people use chemicals to ..... stains from clothes.  
 a rise                      b **remove**                      c improve                      d add
131. The club members usually get ..... when they have serious issues to discuss.  
 a up                      b over                      c **together**                      d on
132. It is a valuable gold watch; it ..... a lot of money!  
 a **deserves**                      b preserves                      c receives                      d deceives
133. Nowadays, mass media helps us ..... with each other easily.  
 a connect                      b **communicate**                      c join                      d link
134. Messaging language may be fun to use with friends, but it isn't suitable for ..... emails.  
 a **formal**                      b informal                      c foreign                      d fluent
135. Most students are usually worried about exam .....  
 a causes                      b **results**                      c reasons                      d agreements
136. A ..... is the change in your voice that shows what you are feeling or thinking.  
 a tan                      b tune                      c ton                      d **tone**
137. What is the matter with you? I think you are ill; you seem ..... and thin.  
 a strong                      b fit                      c **pale**                      d right
138. Are you speaking seriously? - No, I'm just ..... a joke  
 a thinking                      b appearing                      c doing                      d **making**
139. This young man is a/an .....; he tries something new. He introduces changes and new ideas.  
 a **innovator**                      b discoverer                      c explorer                      d surveyor
140. A/An ..... is added at the beginning of a word to change its meaning.  
 a acronym                      b abbreviation                      c suffix                      d **prefix**
141. She .....; there was an expression on her face that showed she was not pleased.  
 a **frowned**                      b breathed                      c agreed                      d smiled
142. The language of text messages doesn't ..... correct spelling.  
 a inquire                      b acquire                      c **require**                      d enquire
143. Some ..... believe that using messaging languages could harm English and other languages.  
 a **linguists**                      b archaeologists                      c biologists                      d geologists
144. You should listen to the lecturer carefully and ..... your notes.  
 a do                      b **take**                      c ignore                      d disregard
145. Is this appointment ..... you? – Yes, I'm free at this time.  
 a inconvenient for                      b different from                      c **suitable for**                      d ready with
146. We'll ..... a survey to find out what people like and dislike about TV shows.  
 a make                      b exclude                      c ignore                      d **conduct**
147. A diet high in carbohydrates and fats may ..... weight gain.  
 a aim at                      b result from                      c take out                      d **lead to**
148. This man standing next to your uncle in that photo isn't .....; I don't remember him.  
 a **recognisable**                      b valuable                      c arguable                      d tolerable
149. The doctor ..... the results of the two blood analyses to see how much the patient's improved.  
 a cured                      b completed                      c **compared**                      d mixed

150. Don't ..... your personal photos online.  
a download      b upgrade      c consult      d **upload**
151. We always ..... our wedding anniversary by going out to dinner.  
a deliberate      b **celebrate**      c collaborate      d cooperate
152. .... is still the main source of income in rural areas.  
a Economy      b Tourism      c Industry      d **Cultivation**
153. I didn't ..... with my brother when we were young, but we're good friends now.  
a fall out      b get into      c **get on**      d lose touch
154. All of these can have the same meaning as "severe" except .....  
a harsh      b serious      c relentless      d **mild**
155. The large ..... from his aunt meant that he could buy his own boat.  
a inherit      b **inheritance**      c heir      d hair
156. I can't believe that he's ..... against his own father.  
a lying      b **plotting**      c telling      d ploughing
157. Mr Ayman applies the latest ..... in business management.  
a resilience      b **techniques**      c pioneers      d emergency
158. I asked you to ..... the vase carefully on the table. Why did you drop it?  
a bleed      b **place**      c press      d lie
159. I have my meals indoors most of the time, but every now and then I .....  
a catch up with      b find out      c get together      d **eat out**
160. The ..... between services in the countryside and the city is very big.  
a capital      b percent      c **gap**      d hole
161. "He runs a supermarket." Another word for "runs" is .....  
a races      b speeds      c **manages**      d works
162. The ..... of the research surprised everyone.  
a **findings**      b selfie      c messaging      d emoji
163. Do you think this car is ..... to travel by all week?  
a truthful      b faithful      c loyal      d **reliable**
164. We add ..... to make the antonym of the word "honest".  
a ir      b im      c un      d **dis**
165. A lot of dirty pans ..... in the sink. Could you wash them, please?  
a came into      b threw away      c **piled up**      d gave off
166. A last-minute rush by Christmas shoppers ..... sales at the shops.  
a reflexed      b hindered      c **boosted**      d puzzled
167. Before going on a diet, it's advisable to ..... your doctor.  
a detect      b **Consult**      c inject      d reflect
168. The Seriousness of the opening statement of the manager set the ..... for the meeting.  
a note      b **tone**      c sound      d part
169. If people ..... cutting down more trees, we will face more difficult weather.  
a save      b rescue      c **keep**      d preserve
170. The patient's brain is regularly ..... So that doctors can detect the progress of his disease.  
a scaled      b skimmed      c **scanned**      d stated
171. The young man spent a night in a prison ..... because of driving without a license.  
a well      b **cell**      c organ      d box
172. He doesn't have the ..... to start a new business, so he is going to get a loan from the bank.  
a staff      b intention      c place      d **capital**
173. The police can really help you in the ..... of an emergency.  
a accident      b story      c event      d **incident**
174. The expansion of building on the agricultural land will push Egypt to depend on .....  
a statistics      b economics      c **hydroponics**      d hibernation
175. Firefighters should have a quick ..... when there is an emergency.  
a reduction      b react      c **reaction**      d decrease

176. Cul8r is the ..... of the phrase "See You Later".  
 a abbreviation      b acronym      c prevention      d shortage
177. It is amazing to see a variety of wild animals. We can replace the word "variety" by .....  
 a difficulty      b kindness      c diversity      d possibility
178. It's a ..... in America to eat turkey on Thanksgiving Day.  
 a traditional      b conditional      c tradition      d punctual
179. The old temple has been ..... to life through careful restoration.  
 a brought back      b fallen out      c got into      d hanged out
180. King Lear wasn't right to give his ..... to his greedy daughters.  
 a weapons      b kingdom      c recommendations      d diary
181. Do you prefer sweet food like chocolate or ..... food such as fish and nuts?  
 a salt      b salty      c spicy      d small
182. You shouldn't smoke, it is very bad for your .....  
 a muscle      b cell      c surface      d lungs
183. We must look for more ..... solutions that involve producing a wider variety of food.  
 a unavailable      b sustainable      c traditional      d insupportable
184. Mr. Al Daifi is a ..... man. He always gives us the right advice.  
 a well-known      b wise      c wealthy      d wild
185. Ali ..... what the teacher said and did the wrong homework last night.  
 a misunderstood      b deceived      c ruined      d fell out with
186. Children don't like those who are ..... to them.  
 a good      b cruel      c kind      d helpful
187. I don't understand this serial. It is all .....  
 a fantastic      b terrific      c nonsense      d enjoyable
188. We would like to ..... a table at the restaurant, please.  
 a grow      b give      c look      d book
189. Factories release millions of tons of toxic ..... into the atmosphere.  
 a chemicals      b rules      c laws      d styles
190. I didn't ..... you in your new uniform.  
 a recognize      b realize      c conclude      d acknowledge
191. We need a definite answer by tomorrow. The synonym of the word "answer" is .....  
 a ask      b question      c reply      d challenge
192. You must be mad to turn down such a wonderful offer. The opposite meaning of mad is .....  
 a sensible      b foolish      c insane      d crazy
193. A grown young man should rely ..... himself not his family.  
 a in      b on      c about      d with
194. Winning the cup ..... the team's confidence.  
 a detached      b attracted      c reduced      d boosted
195. We're hungry. It's time to ..... the food.  
 a serve      b save      c sever      d converse
196. Suzan speaks French fluently, but it isn't her ..... language.  
 a health      b dead      c native      d modern
197. I had to walk because there wasn't ..... for me in the car.  
 a room      b a room      c hall      d hole
198. My children, Omar and Salma, have both ..... good results in the final exam.  
 a deceived      b achieved      c removed      d succeeded
199. Mr. Ahmed says our next meeting will take ..... next Monday.  
 a place      b part      c up      d care
200. All the ..... of this farm is sold to the restaurants in the nearby town.  
 a crops      b vegetables      c produce      d cattle
201. The liver is an extremely complex ..... which needs special care.  
 a member      b organ      c individual      d place

202. The children ..... their father to take them to the fun fair on Friday.  
 a agreed                      b looked                      c made                      d begged
203. I see your point: we must use trusted websites. "I see your point" means that I ..... you.  
 a misunderstand              b don't agree with              c differ with you              d understand
204. Samar ..... well with her new classmates, and they all adore her.  
 a quarreled                      b gets along                      c fell out                      d lost touch
205. He's too ..... to buy a toy for his little nephew despite the money he has.  
 a main                      b mean                      c generous                      d sufficient
206. Be active; don't let your work ..... up.  
 a buy                      b peel                      c pile                      d pale
207. Sorrowfully, this disease can't easily be .....  
 a disappeared                      b dealt                      c healed                      d cured
208. I was surprised that he ..... me completely; he pretended that he hadn't seen me.  
 a looked                      b ignored                      c recognised                      d realised
209. The young man is very kind and he is good ..... his parents.  
 a by                      b from                      c to                      d at
210. He hung out with his friends. This means that he ..... with them.  
 a spent time                      b made trouble                      c lost contact                      d stopped being friendly
211. Unfortunately, he became on bad terms with two of his friends and ..... with them.  
 a agreed                      b hang out                      c made friends                      d fell out
212. Charles Dickens' Great Expectations was ..... in 1843.  
 a appeared                      b published                      c come out                      d prevailed
213. Taher wasn't ..... in the team, as he was injured.  
 a contained                      b consisted                      c included                      d appeared
214. .... the beginning of the film, a mysterious man appeared to be doing strange things.  
 a At                      b In                      c Out                      d Away
215. Amin was promoted because he proved to be an efficient .....  
 a employable                      b employment                      c employer                      d employee
216. He felt sorry for all the opportunities he had missed, so he ..... out in despair.  
 a sighed                      b signed                      c sent                      d sighted
217. The government ..... an interest in people with special needs.  
 a does                      b takes                      c appears                      d sits
218. You mustn't ..... with your parents when they try to give you advice.  
 a argue                      b deal                      c cooperate                      d urge
219. A ..... is an ornamental chain or string of beads or jewels worn round the neck.  
 a tie                      b shoe                      c ring                      d necklace
220. A good teacher should always ..... students to think independently.  
 a make                      b discourage                      c encourage                      d prevent
221. My mother usually ..... the shopping at the weekend.  
 a goes                      b does                      c makes                      d sits
222. Farouk ..... the way he treated his school friends. He wishes he had treated them better.  
 a regrets                      b hopes                      c approves                      d reminds
223. A lot of remote villages have no ..... to internet connection.  
 a purpose                      b process                      c stress                      d access
224. I am going to ..... for a job as an accountant.  
 a modify                      b supply                      c apply                      d imply
225. My parents usually ..... me for the mistakes I make: They show me how to behave well instead, and I benefit from their advice.  
 a fire                      b punish                      c forgive                      d forget
226. It is not loyal to ..... your good friends.  
 a think of                      b plot against                      c care about                      d excuse for
227. I looked in ..... at the man sitting beside me in the bus as he looked suspicious.  
 a comfort                      b support                      c disbelief                      d belief







## Grammar

## Necessity &amp; lack of necessity

Modal Verbs	must	have to has to	need to
إلزام في المضارع	must + inf.	have to + inf. has to + inf.	need to + inf. needs to + inf.
عدم إلزام في المضارع	-	don't have to + inf. doesn't have to + inf.	don't need to + inf. doesn't need to + inf. needn't + inf.
إلزام في الماضي	had to + inf.	had to + inf.	needed to + inf.
عدم إلزام في الماضي	didn't have to + inf.	didn't have to + inf.	didn't need to + inf. needn't have + P.P
إلزام في المستقبل	must + inf.	will have to + inf.	will need to + inf.
عدم إلزام في المستقبل	-	won't have to + inf.	won't need to + inf.

تستخدم **must + inf.** للتعبير عن إلزام شخصي المشاعر القوية والأمنيات وعمل الدعوات والنصيحة القوية وتذكر أنفسنا بشيء.

تستخدم **have to / has to + infinitive** مع القواعد أو عندما لا تمتلك اختيار لفعل شيء ما (مضطر إلى).

## Adjectives

## Positive degree

الصفة العادية

وهي الدرجة العادية أو البسيطة من الصفة وتستخدم لكي تعبر عن المساواة أو عدم المساواة.



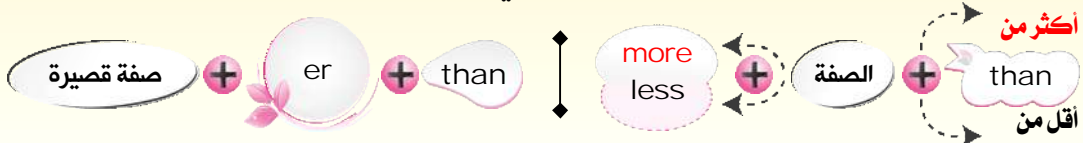
Toka is **as** clever **as** Jana.

He is **not as** (so) rich **as** his brother.

## Comparative degree

الصفة المقارنة

وهي تستخدم عندما نريد المقارنة بين اثنين وتتكون كالاتي:



Ali is **taller** than Ahmed.

Ahmed is **shorter** than Ali.

Aya is **more** beautiful than Nada.

Nada is **less** beautiful than Aya.

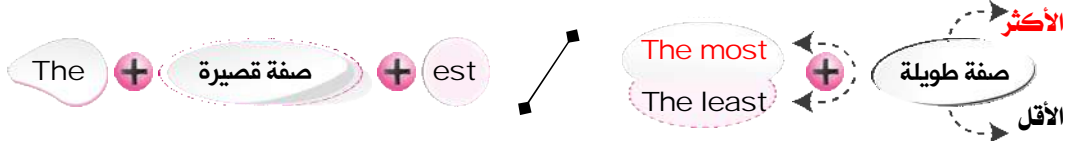


اهداء من فريق العملاقة

## Superlative degree

## صفة التفضيل

وهي تستخدم عندما نريد إظهار تفوق شخص أو شيء على مجموعة من الأشخاص أو الأشياء وتتكون كالآتي:



لاحظ هذا التركيب (كلما ..... كلما.....)



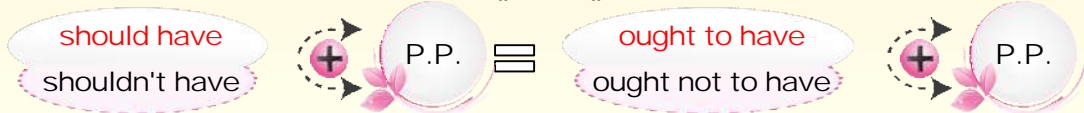
لاحظ هذا التركيب:



## should have + P.P

## كان يجب عليك

لتوجيه اللوم و لعمل توقع و للحديث عن الندم في الماضي



## could have + P.P

## كان بمقدرتي أن

تستخدم عند قول إن شيئاً ما كان ممكناً في الماضي. أو أن شخصاً ما لديه القدرة على فعل شيء ما.

تستخدم عند قول أن شيئاً ما لم يكن ممكناً في الماضي.

تستخدم للتعبير عن استنتاج كان محتمل في الماضي.

تستخدم للتعبير عن استنتاج مستبعد في الماضي.

## deduction

Present Deduction استنتاج في المضارع	Past Deduction استنتاج في الماضي
can't (couldn't) + inf. استنتاج مستبعد في المضارع	can't (couldn't) have + p.p. استنتاج مستبعد في الماضي
► It is made of plastic; it <b>couldn't</b> cost a lot of money.	► The floor was full of water; Toka <b>couldn't have closed</b> the tap.
might (may - could) + inf. استنتاج محتمل في المضارع	might (may - could) have + p.p. استنتاج محتمل في الماضي
► I'm not sure where Toka is. She <b>might(could) be</b> in the zoo.	► I didn't see Jana at school today. She <b>might (could) have been absent</b> .

## seem

to + inf.

▶ He **seems to be** tired.

صفة

▶ She **seems happy** with her husband.

like + صفة + اسم

▶ You **seem like** a smart man.

like جملة

▶ It **seems that** he will miss the next match.

that + جملة

▶ It **seems that** he forgot to close the door.

as if/as

▶ It **seems as if** she is crazy.

## be meant to

الغرض من الشيء

▶ The police **are meant to protect** all people.

حقيقة الشيء

▶ Doctors **are meant to help** patients.

تكليف بعمل شيء

▶ You **are meant to study** hard for the exam.

توقع حدوث شيء

▶ The plane **is meant to arrive** at 3 o' clock.

## be supposed to

الضرورة / الإلزام

▶ He **is supposed to** cook dinner.

توقع / تنبؤ

▶ It **is supposed to** rain.

نصيحة

▶ You **are supposed to** obey your parents.

ترتيبات

▶ She **was supposed to** attend the party.

خطط لم تنفذ

▶ we **were supposed to** do our work but we couldn't.

اعتذار

▶ Sorry, I **was supposed to** come early but I got up late.

## طرق التعبير عن الندم

I wish I had + P.P

▶ I **wish I had studied** hard last year.

I regret + V + ing

▶ I **regret not studying** hard last year.

I should have + P.P

▶ I **should have studied** hard last year.

الحالة الثالثة If

▶ If I **had studied** hard last year, I'd **have passed**.



## Future forms

① will + inf.

التنبؤ بدون دليل / حقائق مستقبلية  
العمر / قرار سريع / تحذير / طلب /  
عرض / تهديد / وعد / صفه دائماً

sure

certainly

think

believe

hope

promise

expect

predict

probably

perhaps

②

am  
is  
are

going to + inf.

plan  
decide  
watch out!  
intend

صفة  
موقفة

تنبؤ  
مع دليل

③

am  
is  
are

+ v + ing

arrangements

book - prepare  
arrange - buy - get

أعياد / مناسبات / حفلات / زيارات رسمية / سفر

can't (won't be able to)

④

Present Simple (v + s)

timetables

مواعيد رسمية ثابتة

مواعيد (طائرة - قطار - درس - برنامج - حفلة - سينما - المباريات - الامتحانات ..)

⑤

will be + v + ing

مدة

tomorrow

from ..... to

can't (won't be able to)

This time next

all + مدة (في المستقبل)

⑥

will have + p.p

by. before  
in  
for

يوم / شهر / سنة (في المستقبل)

مدة (في المستقبل)

مدة (في المستقبل)

ⓘ لاحظ الروابط الزمنية في المستقبل :

مستقبل

when / as soon as / after  
once / before / till / until

مضارع بسيط

أ

تام

ⓘ في حالة عدم وجود فاعل في جملة المستقبل تأتي في صيغة الأمر أو النهي.

Zero  
conditional

IF

## الحالة الصفرية

Present simple

زمن المضارع البسيط (v : v + s)

Present simple

زمن المضارع البسيط (v : v + s)

First  
conditional

IF

## الحالة الأولى

Present simple

زمن المضارع البسيط (v : v + s)

will + inf.

أمر أو نهي. can / may / should + inf.

Second  
conditional

IF

## الحالة الثانية

Past simple

شاذ أو الماضي البسيط (v + ed)

would + inf.

could / might + inf.

Third  
conditional

IF

## الحالة الثالثة

Past perfect

ماضي التام (had + P.P)

would have + P.P

could / might have + P.P

يتم حل جمل الاختيار عن طريق النظر إلى الجملة الكاملة سواء كانت جملة فعل الشرط أو جملة جواب الشرط ثم تحديد الحالة من الجملة الكامل كما يلي:

IF

## بدائل

- when
- in case
- as long as
- on condition that
- supposing (that)
- providing (that)
- provided (that)
- imagine (that)

إذا / لو

unless

except if = If .....not... (جملة)

إذا لم- لو لم

without / but for / If it weren't for + noun/ v + ing

إذا لم- لو لم

## Exercise on Grammar

1. I ..... install a new antivirus; I need to protect my computer.  
a **must**                                      b didn't have to                                      c had to                                      d shouldn't
2. You ..... try my sister's cake now. It's really delicious!  
a needn't                                      b need                                      c mustn't                                      d **must**
3. Unfortunately, my friend broke his leg and ..... to hospital where he received treatment.  
a **had to go**                                      b should have gone                                      c has to go                                      d didn't have to go
4. You ..... take photos here; it's a military area.  
a must                                      b **mustn't**                                      c needn't                                      d shouldn't
5. .... cancel your trip to Dahab? - Yes, unfortunately, my father was ill.  
a Must you                                      b **Did you have to**                                      c Do you have to                                      d Will you have to
6. You ..... take this medicine; you are quite well now.  
a aren't allowed                                      b ought                                      c **needn't**                                      d don't have
7. You ..... pass a driving test to drive a car in Egypt.  
a mustn't                                      b needn't                                      c **have to**                                      d need
8. Mona is really economical; she ..... more bread; she actually had a lot in the fridge.  
a needn't buy                                      b **didn't have to buy**                                      c mustn't                                      d had to buy
9. I really ..... buy my mother a present on her birthday. One should be grateful!  
a needn't                                      b have to                                      c mustn't                                      d **must**
10. You ..... worry; you still have a lot of time to answer the other question.  
a **don't have to**                                      b mustn't                                      c should                                      d need
11. It is ..... to follow traffic rules.  
a necessarily                                      b necessity                                      c **a must**                                      d an option
12. Your homework is ..... than last week; you seem lazy.  
a better                                      b **worse**                                      c good                                      d bad
13. .... as he is, he failed to solve the problem.  
a Cleverly                                      b **As clever**                                      c Such clever                                      d more difficult
14. Adel isn't as old as Hatim. Adel is really .....  
a **young**                                      b older                                      c youngest                                      d old
15. Which is ..... in the summer: Cairo or Alexandria?  
a hotter than                                      b as hot                                      c hottest                                      d **hotter**
16. What is the ..... mountain in Europe?  
a **highest**                                      b high                                      c highly                                      d much high
17. The faster you drive, the ..... it is.  
a dangerous                                      b **more dangerous**                                      c most dangerous                                      d least dangerous
18. This is ..... situation I have ever faced; I'm in a tight spot.  
a **the most difficult**                                      b most difficult                                      c the least difficult                                      d Cleverest
19. This exam seems ..... than the previous one; you don't have to worry.  
a more difficult                                      b the easiest                                      c **easier**                                      d much difficult
20. You should avoid dealing with these boys. Better alone ..... in bad company.  
a less                                      b as                                      c **than**                                      d then
21. I will try ..... to improve my fluency in English.  
a my hard                                      b **my hardest**                                      c the hardest                                      d hardly
22. In France, oysters are ..... most other types of seafood.  
a the rarest                                      b rarer                                      c **rarer than**                                      d rare
23. My friend usually buys the same colour of clothes ..... I do.  
a like                                      b **as**                                      c exact                                      d such as
24. Who is the ..... of the two runners?  
a more faster                                      b much fast                                      c fastest                                      d **faster**

25. **My brother enjoys quick thinking; he usually reacts.....all the other members of our family.**  
 a more quick than      b **more quickly than**      c so quickly as      d less quickly than
26. **The Pharaohs' Golden Parade is.....majestic than any other. People enjoyed watching it.**  
 a **far more**      b lot      c exactly as      d less
27. **The Egyptian Museum is one of the.....places to visit in Cairo. Thousands of tourists visit it.**  
 a more popular      b less popular      c least popular      d **most popular**
28. **What is ..... planet from the sun?**  
 a the nearest      b **the farthest**      c farthest      d nearest
29. **Living in a big city isn't ..... living in a small village.**  
 a so cheap      b as cheap      c **so cheap as**      d cheaper
30. **I ..... on the AC because it's very hot now.**  
 a **will turn**      b will be turning      c going to turn      d had turned
31. **I have made up my mind to spend the weekend in my village. I.....spend the weekend there.**  
 a was going to      b **am going to**      c will      d may
32. **I expect Rami ..... a successful engineer one day.**  
 a **will be**      b is being      c going to be      d has been
33. **More people ..... electric cars, and therefore we will cut down on pollution.**  
 a were using      b had to use      c going to use      d **will be using**
34. **Be careful; the bus ..... towards you.**  
 a going to come      b **is coming**      c will have come      d will be coming
35. **My grandson, Ahmad, ..... 12 next Friday.**  
 a is going to be      b was      c **will be**      d has been
36. **Don't expect him to come this evening; he ..... an important meeting.**  
 a going to attend      b will be attended      c **will be attending**      d had attended
37. **Farmers ..... the rainforest because they are cutting down more trees.**  
 a will be damaged      b will damage      c will be damaged      d **are going to damage**
38. **I can't go to the cinema with you this evening because I ..... for my brother's wedding.**  
 a will prepare      b **will be preparing**      c had to prepare      d going to prepare
39. **My brother will go to the park when he ..... his homework.**  
 a **finishes**      b had finished      c finish      d will finish
40. **What ..... from 6 to 8 next evening?**  
 a will you do      b were you doing      c **will you be doing**      d have you done
41. **All next year, scientists ..... on decreasing global warming.**  
 a are going to work      b **will be working**      c will work      d will have worked
42. **I ..... the weekend in my village as planned.**  
 a will have spent      b am spending      c **am going to spend**      d will spend
43. **If you come late again, I ..... you in and you will miss the lesson.**  
 a am going to let      b won't be letting      c will let      d **won't let**
44. **What do you intend to do this evening? - I ..... to the theatre**  
 a **am going to go**      b will have gone      c going to go      d will go
45. **Let's hurry; the museum ..... at 6 p.m.**  
 a will close      b was closed      c **closes**      d will be closing
46. **If you exceed the speed limit, you ..... a fine.**  
 a will be paid      b **will have to pay**      c will be paying      d must have paid
47. **I'm sure this bag is very heavy; I ..... you lift it.**  
 a **will help**      b going to help      c am helping      d will be helped
48. **The sky is clear. I think it .....**  
 a is going to rain      b **isn't going to rain**      c will be raining      d can't rain
49. **They ..... married next Thursday. Preparations are in full swing.**  
 a have got      b going to get      c will get      d **are getting**
50. **I am sure Adel ..... for his great achievements.**  
 a going to be rewarded      b **will reward**  
 c is going to be rewarded      d is going to reward

51. I wasted my time yesterday. I ..... studied my lessons.  
 a should have      b should have been      c shouldn't have      d ought not to have
52. This is the surgeon who ..... on my uncle.  
 a worked      b operated      c performed      d did
53. I can't see you now. I ..... for the test.  
 a revise      b am revising      c was revising      d revised
54. You ..... shout. I can hear you.  
 a must      b don't have to      c needn't to      d can
55. You ..... take food in your room. It's not allowed.  
 a needn't to      b doesn't have to      c mustn't      d must
56. You aren't late. You ..... hurry.  
 a had to      b don't have to      c didn't have to      d have to
57. .... I rich, I would help poor people.  
 a If      b Were      c Had      d Unless
58. Did you know that Indian food is one of the ..... foods in the UK.  
 a most popular      b popular      c best popular      d popular
59. Travelling by plane is ..... expensive than travelling by train.  
 a many more      b much      c much more      d a lot
60. The teacher told the students ..... their books at page 140.  
 a to open      b open      c you open      d opening
61. My brother would have been a doctor if he ..... his exams.  
 a passed      b would passed      c had passed      d pass
62. You ..... sit on that wall. It's dangerous.  
 a don't have to      b mustn't      c must      d had to translate
63. Travelling by plane is ..... more expensive than travelling by train.  
 a a lot of      b little      c most      d much
64. .... they to play well, they would win the match.  
 a If      b Should      c Had      d Were
65. Mai was supposed ..... lunch yesterday as her mother was ill.  
 a cook      b cooking      c to cook      d cooked
66. You ..... tell anyone about it. It is a secret.  
 a must      b mustn't      c don't need      d doesn't have to
67. " ..... noise", the teacher said to us.  
 a Don't make      b Not to make      c No make      d Doesn't make
68. Oh! I ..... my mobile. What can I do?  
 a was breaking      b have broken      c broken      d had broken
69. Doctors ..... to do their best in case of emergency.  
 a are asked      b have asked      c asked      d are asking
70. Have you seen ..... she bought from the book fair?  
 a what      b that      c which      d when
71. The doctor advised me ..... medicine regularly.  
 a take      b taking      c to take      d took
72. Pass me the sugar, please. Well, you ..... supposed to have any sugar.  
 a are      b aren't      c were      d mustn't
73. If you are patient for a few moments mom, I ..... able to finish this.  
 a would be      b would have been      c will be      d could be
74. The new director of the company ..... strict and tough.  
 a seem to      b seems to      c seems to be      d seems to being
75. You ..... him so much money when he asked. It will take you a lot of time to get it back.  
 a should have lent      b shouldn't have lent      c should lend      d shouldn't be lent
76. He ..... a great doctor. He had the ability but he didn't want to work hard.  
 a could have been      b have      c could have      d shouldn't have been

77. **Shall we eat out tomorrow? This question shows .....**  
 a suggestion                      b future fact                      c order                      d expectation
78. **I promise ..... you as soon as I finish working on this project.**  
 a to visit                      b will visit                      c visiting                      d would visit
79. **Perhaps he ..... a new car next month. Who knows?**  
 a may buy                      b will buy                      c is going to buy                      d may be buying
80. **Mr Awny promised that efficient workers ..... the following month.**  
 a will be promoted                      b will promote                      c would be promoted                      d would promote
81. **I don't think our players ..... the match, will they?**  
 a aren't winning                      b won't win                      c are going to win                      d will win
82. **I wish I ..... a better job with a higher salary.**  
 a could get                      b will get                      c to get                      d am getting
83. **You ..... work harder to improve your score; otherwise, you will get low marks.**  
 a had to                      b needn't                      c mustn't                      d must
84. **What is ..... dish in Egypt?**  
 a the spiciest                      b spiciest                      c much spicy                      d most spiciest
85. **I think our national football team ..... the match.**  
 a is going to win                      b will be won                      c will win                      d will be winning
86. **In a week's time, I ..... by the beach.**  
 a was relaxing                      b will be relaxing                      c will relax                      d going to relax
87. **I ..... the room because my mother had already done it. I found it clean and well-kept.**  
 a needn't have cleaned                      b mustn't clean                      c didn't have to tidy                      d needn't clean
88. **I ..... take a taxi because I was about to miss the first lecture.**  
 a had to                      b have to                      c didn't have to                      d don't have to
89. **I miss you so much; you ..... come and have lunch with me.**  
 a had to                      b must                      c needn't                      d shouldn't have
90. **Please, contact me later; I ..... a meeting now.**  
 a am attending                      b going to attend                      c had                      d will be attended
91. **Who is the ..... of the two boys?**  
 a tallest                      b taller                      c taller than                      d more taller
92. **You ..... miss this lecture, it's the most important one.**  
 a must                      b had to                      c mustn't                      d don't have to
93. **The flight ..... due to the bad weather conditions.**  
 a have been canceled                      b must cancel                      c had to cancel                      d had to be canceled
94. **We prepared everything for my sister's wedding; we ..... a party tomorrow.**  
 a are giving                      b shouldn't have given                      c will be given                      d are going to give
95. **We ..... the office till we have done all our work.**  
 a have left                      b had to leave                      c didn't leave                      d won't leave
96. **You must try this cake; it tastes ....., and I'm sure you will like it.**  
 a awfully                      b awful                      c delicious                      d deliciously
97. **It was crucial for Amany to consult a doctor. This means:**  
 a She could have consulted a doctor.                      b She can't have consulted a doctor.  
 c She had to consult a doctor.                      d She didn't have to consult a doctor
98. **I ..... go to the service centre. I needed to make sure the car was ready for the long trip.**  
 a must                      b had to                      c have to                      d needn't
99. **I can't play tennis with you this evening as I ..... an urgent task for several hours.**  
 a will be doing                      b had to do                      c should have done                      d will do
100. **There was no need for me to leave the office early. I ..... depart early.**  
 a mustn't                      b had to                      c didn't have to                      d needn't
101. **The amount of farmland in our area ..... as people are building more houses there.**  
 a have to decrease                      b is going to increase  
 d is going to decrease                      d have to increase

102. My father promised that he ..... a valuable present for my birthday party.  
 a would buy                      b will buy                      c is going to buy                      d was bought
103. Farouk was ..... the other players before scoring a goal at the end of the game.  
 a much more quickly than      b the fastest                      c much faster than                      d so quick as
104. I wish you all ..... of luck to join the faculty you are dreaming of.  
 a a bad                      b the worst                      c the best                      d a better
105. .... a fine? – Surely because he had exceeded the speed limit.  
 a Might he have paid      b Did he have to pay      c Shouldn't he have paid      d Won't he pay
106. I think physics is the ..... of all subjects; a lot of students don't like it.  
 a easier                      b more difficult                      c easiest                      d most difficult
107. Jana is the tallest girl in class. She isn't ..... her friends.  
 a tall enough like                      b as tall as                      c so short as                      d taller than
108. What a wasteful lady! She ..... more meat; she had a lot in the fridge.  
 a needn't have bought      b didn't have to buy      c can't have bought      d should have bought
109. The bag is heavy. - Don't worry, I ..... it for you.  
 a can't carry                      b will have carried                      c am going to carry                      d will carry
110. The more you train hard, the ..... you become.  
 a fittest                      b fitter                      c fittest                      d fatter
111. You can't travel to America without getting permission. You ..... a valid visa.  
 a shouldn't have got      b must be getting                      c have to get                      d needn't get
112. Swimming is banned here. This means you ..... here.  
 a mustn't swim                      b could have swum                      c may swim                      d needn't swim
113. Living in a small town could be quiet, but living in a village is .....  
 a quietest                      b quieter than                      c more quieter                      d quieter
114. Toka ..... to England, isn't she?  
 a will travel                      b had to travel                      c is travelling                      d isn't travelling
115. Your computer is very smart. It's far superior to mine. This means that it is ..... mine.  
 a less expensive than      b the same as                      c a lot worse than                      d much better than
116. Luckily, the exam ..... I had expected.  
 a is easier than                      b was easier than                      c the easiest                      d was easier
117. The soldiers ..... to follow the officer's instructions.  
 a . were telling                      b told                      c is ordered                      d were ordered
118. I missed the first lecture; I ..... up late last night.  
 a should have stayed      b could have stayed      c shouldn't have stayed      d needn't stay
119. My mother always advises us ..... avoid making friends with bad people.  
 a don't                      b not to                      c to                      d to not
120. I should have obeyed my mother. This sentence shows .....  
 a suggestion                      b positive advice                      c regret                      d possibility
121. I travelled by train. I ..... by car, but I felt too tired to drive.  
 a had to travel                      b could have travelled                      c might have travelled                      d have to travel
122. Mai ..... Ali in the hospital yesterday because he was ill. He was sad that she didn't visit him.  
 a should have visited      b has visited                      c had to visit                      d must have visited
123. The teacher told us to do the exercise. This shows .....  
 a order                      b request                      c positive advice                      d negative advice
124. We ..... meat when we went to the market; it was possible, but we preferred to buy fish.  
 a shouldn't have bought      b could have bought                      c needn't buy                      d couldn't have bought
125. It wasn't necessary for him to take an early train. This means:  
 a He could have taken an early train.                      b He must have taken an early train.  
 c He mustn't take an early train.                      d He didn't have to take an early train.
126. My car broke down; it ..... before we started the trip.  
 a should have checked                      b needn't have checked  
 c had to be checked                      d should have been checked

127. If I were rich, I would help you. This means that I ..... rich.  
 a am                                      b **am not**                                      c was                                      d wasn't
128. I wish I had travelled by the express train. This means that I regret.....by the express train.  
 a travelling                                      b **not travelling**                                      c not to travel                                      d for not travelling
129. I ..... watch the film until I have finished my homework.  
 a don't                                      b **won't**                                      c didn't                                      d wasn't
130. Mona ..... twenty-two tomorrow.  
 a is being                                      b is                                      c **will be**                                      d is going to be
131. I asked Fatma ..... noise in the library.  
 a make                                      b made                                      c **to make**                                      d not to make
132. I am going to buy this car. It ..... to be very good.  
 a is seemed                                      b was seemed                                      c **is supposed**                                      d suppose
133. If I had had my mobile phone yesterday, I .....  
 a would contact                                      b will contact                                      c contact                                      d **would have contacted**
134. .... I a car, I would be happy.  
 a Should                                      b Were                                      c If                                      d **Had**
135. .... he understand the lesson if he read the summary?  
 a Will                                      b Did                                      c Can                                      d **Would**
136. I ..... the full mark in English but I didn't concentrate.  
 a should have                                      b couldn't have                                      c cannot have                                      d could have had
137. If I ..... enough time, I'd pay you a visit.  
 a had had                                      b have had                                      c **had**                                      d have
138. They've made all the arrangements, they ..... a party next Friday.  
 a **are holding**                                      b will be holding                                      c hold                                      d will hold
139. One of the team members ..... to attend the press conference now.  
 a suppose                                      b **is supposed**                                      c are supposing                                      d are supposed
140. He will have his lunch as soon as he ..... the restaurant.  
 a is reaching                                      b **reaches**                                      c was reaching                                      d reached
141. The boy ..... in the accident was taken to hospital.  
 a killing                                      b kill                                      c **killed**                                      d kills
142. Cookies are ..... to make it easier for us to use internet.  
 a seems                                      b **meant**                                      c supposed                                      d meaning
143. He has slightly improved in English. He has got ..... marks than last year.  
 a much higher                                      b a lot higher                                      c **a bit higher**                                      d less higher
144. Although my uncle is a wealthy man, he is too .....  
 a means                                      b **mean**                                      c meaning                                      d a mean
145. Our school ..... part in the "Top form contests" next week.  
 a will take                                      b takes                                      c **is taking**                                      d is going to take
146. Ola travelled by train, even though she ..... by car. She thought it would be safer.  
 a had to travel                                      b has to travel                                      c **could have travelled**                                      d couldn't have travelled
147. This time next week, I ..... at the Helton if you need to contact me.  
 a will stay                                      b **will be staying**                                      c am going to stay                                      d wait
148. You ..... take photos here; it's a military area.  
 a needn't                                      b don't have to                                      c **mustn't**                                      d shouldn't
149. .... he to see a lion, he would run away.  
 a If                                      b Unless                                      c **Were**                                      d Had
150. I ..... go to a specialized hospital because I had a heart attack.  
 a have to                                      b must                                      c didn't have to                                      d **had to**
151. You ..... come if you don't want to.  
 a **don't have to**                                      b mustn't                                      c must                                      d will have to
152. I wish I ..... that food yesterday; I got very sick from it.  
 a had eaten                                      b didn't eat                                      c **hadn't eaten**                                      d won't eat

153. You ..... any more eggs yesterday, mother has a lot in the refrigerator.  
 a don't have to buy    b shouldn't buy    c mustn't buy    d **needn't have bought**
154. At this time next Friday, we ..... to New York.  
 a will be flying    b **'ll be flying**    c will be flying    d flying
155. If we ..... a taxi, we would have been late for the train.  
 a **had taken**    b didn't take    c hadn't taken    d took
156. A: Who is that man with the children? B: He ..... be their father.  
 a seems that    b **seems to**    c seems    d is seemed
157. Why did you drive so carelessly? You ..... been more careful.  
 a should    b must have    c can't have    d **should have**
158. Should it rain in Egypt in summer, it ..... strange.  
 a is    b should be    c **would be**    d could be
159. I can't read ..... I wear glasses.  
 a if    b **unless**    c provided    d in case
160. You ..... renew your passport as you're travelling to London next month.  
 a **have to**    b must    c don't have to    d needn't
161. I ..... a nice time if I had been to the party.  
 a will have    b would have    c **would have had**    d had
162. You ..... take an umbrella if you are going to Aswan. It doesn't often rain there.  
 a haven't to    b **don't need to**    c must    d need to
163. This is the ..... company in the world.  
 a big    b bigger    c **biggest**    d most big
164. I ..... the housework all morning tomorrow.  
 a will be done    b won't be done    c **will be doing**    d going to do
165. She has already decided. She ..... her old flat.  
 a **is going to sell**    b is going to be sold    c will have sold    d will sell
166. I didn't expect the weather to be so cold in London. I ..... my coat.  
 a should bring    b may bring    c **should have brought**    d should be brought
167. I looked all over the house, but I ..... find my phone.  
 a couldn't    b wasn't able to    c managed to    d **a & b**
168. Your new job ..... to be more interesting and rewarding.  
 a suppose    b supposing    c supposed    d **is supposed**
169. I didn't mean ..... you.  
 a hurting    b **to hurt**    c not hurting    d me to hurt
170. I speak French ..... than I write it.  
 a fewer    b **worse**    c fewest    d worst
171. I can't meet you tonight, I ..... dinner with my friend.  
 a will have    b am going to have    c have    d **am having**
172. If he ..... so many sweets, he wouldn't have problem with his teeth.  
 a **hadn't eaten**    b hasn't eaten    c didn't eat    d ate
173. "Did you paint the room? - No, I ..... It was recently painted.  
 a can't have    b **didn't have to**    c shouldn't have    d won't have
174. I ..... him last week but I didn't.  
 a **should have visited**    b should visit    c had to visit    d needn't have visited
175. Over the next five years, they ..... an enormous bridge over The Nile.  
 a build    b are building    c will build    d **will be building**
176. Al Daifi ..... to Cairo University, but he decided to go abroad instead.  
 a **could have gone**    b couldn't go    c should have gone    d can go
177. If the food I had ..... enough, I wouldn't have asked for more.  
 a were    b has been    c had been    d is
178. Is this movie ..... to be a comedy? \_ I don't think it is funny at all.  
 a means    b **meant**    c meaning    d mean

179. **W She is not deaf, you ..... shout.**  
 a are permitted to      b are allowed to      c didn't have to      d **don't have to**
180. **If she set off late, she ..... after sunset.**  
 a **will arrive**      b arrives      c would arrive      d would have arrived
181. **Jana is more sociable than .....**  
 a me is      b **I am**      c am I      d mine
182. **Global warming ..... in the future.**  
 a still rises      b is still be rising      c **will still be rising**      d is still rising
183. **They didn't like the dishes ..... in this restaurant.**  
 a serve      b serving      c **served**      d which served
184. **They didn't understand your opinion, they ..... it wrong.**  
 a did      b had      c **got**      d made
185. **They ..... win the game last week.**  
 a **managed to**      b succeeded      c can      d were able
186. **If you feel ill, .....**  
 a not play      b not to play      c **don't play**      d didn't play
187. **Why didn't you take part in the competition? You .....**  
 a can win      b couldn't win      c **could have won**      d can't win
188. **You ..... buy a pen. I can lend you one.**  
 a need to      b **needn't**      c should      d haven't to
189. **Don't go out if you ..... exhausted.**  
 a will feel      b **feel**      c felt      d are felt
190. **This is his second ..... successful film.**  
 a more      b the most      c the most      d **most**
191. **..... she works hard, she can achieve her goals.**  
 a Unless      b **As long as**      c With      d Without
192. **If you have a lot of work, you ..... play football with them.**  
 a must      b had to      c have to      d **don't have to**
193. **I ..... my car to the market yesterday as it was very near.**  
 a must have driven      b had to drive      c **needn't have driven**      d don't have to drive
194. **The more you exercise, ..... you get.**  
 a the fittest      b fitter      c **the fitter**      d more fitter
195. **You got bad marks. You ..... studied hard.**  
 a **should have**      b shouldn't have      c oughtn't to have      d can't
196. **The exam ..... to start at 9:00 sharp, but the teacher was late.**  
 a is supposed      b **was supposed**      c Is seemed      d is meant
197. **He was rude to his friend. I wish he ..... well.**  
 a will behave      b won't behave      c **had behaved**      d hadn't behaved
198. **You ..... smoke in a hospital.**  
 a must      b have to      c **mustn't**      d don't have to
199. **Mohammed Salah is ..... players in the world.**  
 a the fastest      b **one of the fastest**      c the most fast      d one of the most fast
200. **You ..... hit her. She didn't deserve it.**  
 a should have      b couldn't have      c didn't have      d **shouldn't have**
201. **Why are those children playing in the street? They ..... to be at school.**  
 a **are supposed**      b arc meaning      c suppose      d mean
202. **If he hit that dog, it ..... him.**  
 a will bite      b bites      c **would bite**      d would have bitten
203. **He is ..... taller than me.**  
 a little      b **a little**      c bit      d more
204. **We are having an exam next week, it ..... at 9 o'clock.**  
 a will start      b **starts**      c starting      d is starting

205. **hat..... yesterday to avoid making that bad mistake? I feel sorry now!**  
 a did I have to do    b **should I have done**    c should I do    d must I have done
206. **Al Daifi ..... in the club last night; he was busy working in his office.**  
 a should have been    b could have been    c **couldn't have been**    d mustn't have been
207. **You seem tired. I think you..... enough sleep last night.**  
 a should have    b **should have had**    c must have had    d shouldn't have had
208. **I wish I had been more careful. This means that I ..... more careful.**  
 a **regret not being**    b regret not to be    c I didn't have to be    d shouldn't have been
209. **Seif didn't go to school yesterday; he ..... sick. Who knows?**  
 a must have been    b had to be    c should have been    d **might have been**
210. **If I had much money, I ..... to one of the charities.**  
 a **would donate**    b will donate    c donate    d would have been donated
211. **I wouldn't have solved the problem.....you had helped me; I highly appreciate your support**  
 a but for    b **unless**    c if    d in case
212. **My uncle wished he ..... to smoke; his lungs were seriously affected.**  
 a couldn't start    b **won't start**    c had started    d **hadn't started**
213. **I ..... my old car; it was practical and economical.**  
 a regret to sell    b **regret selling**    c hope to sell    d had to sell
214. **The French team played well, but the Tunisian team..... . We are proud of the Arab teams.**  
 a isn't able to win    b should have been won    c **was able to win**    d couldn't have won
215. **What ..... to avoid having such bad exam results? Unfortunately, it is too late now!**  
 a will have to do    b must he have    c did he have to do done    d **should he have done**
216. **You ..... have understood what I said; you entirely did the opposite!**  
 a shouldn't    b could    c **can't**    d must
217. **I ..... my paragraph well; it was full of mistakes.**  
 a **should have**    b shouldn't check    c should check checked    d shouldn't have checked
218. **I think you could visit the Cairo Museum tomorrow. It's really fantastic. This shows.....**  
 a past ability    b **suggestion**    c order    d certainty
219. **I'm so sorry; I ..... have visited you, but I ..... too busy.**  
 a shouldn't / am    b ought to / wasn't    c **should / was**    d ought / was
220. **The old man gave us positive advice. He ..... us ..... hobbies in our free time.**  
 a **encouraged / to practice**    b encouraged / for practising    c discouraged / from practising    d encouraged / not to practise
221. **We ..... the weekend in Alex, but we preferred to be with our old friends in the village.**  
 a had to spend    b **could have spent**    c shouldn't have spent    d must have spent
222. **The car seems to ..... well; it no longer breaks down.**  
 a having been repaired    b be repairing    c have repaired spread    d **have been repaired**
223. **Mother ..... me to avoid crowded places in order not to be infected with Coronavirus.**  
 a said    b **advised**    c inquired    d insisted
224. **The underground metro ..... to be an environmentally friendly means of transport.**  
 a **is supposed**    b is supposing    c meant    d designed
225. **I ..... the weekend with my friends in Alexandria, but I preferred to go to my village.**  
 a shouldn't have spent    b **could have spent**    c had to spend    d need to spend
226. **The teacher ordered us ..... noise inside the class.**  
 a stop making    b to stop to making    c to stop to make    d **to stop making**
227. **Maher ..... that he had made that mistake; he said he had accidentally committed it.**  
 a minded    b refused    c **admitted**    d denied
228. **His health got worse. He ..... to hospital last week, but he was careless.**  
 a **should have gone**    b had to go    c shouldn't have gone    d must have gone
229. **If the lesson ..... well, you'd have answered those difficult questions.**  
 a **had been revised**    b had revised    c revised    d will be revised
230. **Yousry ..... abroad; he is still in Cairo.**  
 a had to travel    b must have travelled    c **can't have travelled**    d shouldn't have travelled

231. He would have visited a lot of historic places if the holiday he had ..... longer.  
 a had                                      b **had been**                                      c had had                                      d has had
232. It was a very cold night. I wish it ..... that cold.  
 a weren't                                      b **hadn't been**                                      c were                                      d had been
233. I wish I hadn't spent all this money on silly things! This shows.....  
 a probability                                      b advice                                      c **regret**                                      d possibility
234. The children are happy. They ..... to be having fun with their grandfather.  
 a are seemed                                      b suppose                                      c **seem**                                      d lock
235. Workers are supposed to follow rules of safety inside the factory. This shows.....  
 a possibility                                      b **obligation**                                      c probability                                      d lack of necessity
236. .... that dress if you had enough money?  
 a **Would you buy**                                      b Will you buy                                      c will you be buying                                      d Did you buy
237. Sport ..... to be a means of entertainment and not for spreading intolerance.  
 a intended                                      b supposed                                      c is seemed                                      d **is meant**
238. What if you ..... your passport last night?  
 a don't find                                      b haven't found                                      c **hadn't found**                                      d wouldn't have found
239. If you throw a piece of rock into water, it .....  
 a sink                                      b sank                                      c will sink                                      d **sinks**
240. I am short of money. I wish I ..... all my money on unimportant things.  
 a had spent                                      b **hadn't spent**                                      c haven't spent                                      d don't spend
241. I'm going to ..... a technician ..... the new air conditioner.  
 a **have / install**                                      b let / to install                                      c get / install                                      d make / to install
242. At first, Hatim insisted on selling his car, but finally I could ..... him ..... his mind.  
 a **get / to change**                                      b make / to change                                      c let / to change                                      d allow / change
243. Car drivers are ..... to wear seat belts.  
 a seemed                                      b supposing                                      c **supposed**                                      d meaning
244. Rami's homework ..... to be full of mistakes; the teacher is angry with him.  
 a means                                      b supposes                                      c **seems**                                      d sees
245. Did he mean ..... her late at night? – No, it was a mistake  
 a **to call**                                      b to be called                                      c call                                      d to calling
246. Schools ..... to follow rules of safety.  
 a supposed                                      b **are meant**                                      c are seemed                                      d must
247. They are supposed to arrive tomorrow. This sentence shows .....  
 a ability                                      b impossibility                                      c prohibition                                      d **expectation**
248. She ..... to have a hard time in that factory. She wants to look for another job.  
 a is meant                                      b is seemed                                      c **seems**                                      d supposed
249. Clubs ..... to be places for sports and social activities.  
 a seems                                      b are seemed                                      c are supposing                                      d **are meant**
250. He ..... to like the new T-shirt; it isn't fashionable.  
 a **doesn't seem**                                      b isn't seemed                                      c isn't supposing                                      d not supposed
251. I'm ..... to tidy my room before I start studying.  
 a have                                      b seemed                                      c meaning                                      d **supposed**
252. What ..... to do in the company? I need to know all about my duties here.  
 a do I suppose                                      b **am I supposed**                                      c do I mean                                      d am I seemed
253. He ..... to be absent-minded; he didn't see the car coming towards him.  
 a opposed                                      b supposed                                      c meant                                      d **seemed**
254. He ..... have read many books; he is really knowledgeable.  
 a **seems to**                                      b supposed to                                      c can't                                      d should
255. Wael ..... to be happy today. – You're right, he has just had good news!  
 a opposes                                      b supposes                                      c **seems**                                      d is seeming
256. The factory ..... to provide work opportunities for more than two hundred people.  
 a supposed                                      b **is meant**                                      c is meaning                                      d seem
257. Don't stay up late; you ..... to catch an early train tomorrow.  
 a had                                      b supposed                                      c meant                                      d **are supposed**

258. Don't worry; the car ..... repaired well to be ready for the long journey.  
 a seems to have been    b supposed to have been    c seems to have    d meant to have been
259. I think he doesn't intend to insult you; he ..... to be having fun.  
 a is supposing    b want    c seems    d supposed
260. You're supposed ..... a diving licence to be able to drive a car legally.  
 a to holding    b to hold    c hold    d to be hold
261. If I weren't ill, I would attend the meeting. This means that I ..... ill, so I ..... the meeting.  
 a was / couldn't attend    b weren't / could attend  
 c am / can't attend    d am not / can attend
262. If he ..... harder, he ..... his work on time.  
 a works / would have finished    b work / finished  
 c works / can finish    d works / can be finished
263. What ..... if you ..... in my situation yesterday?  
 a should you have done / are    b will you do / are  
 c have you done / had been    d would you have done / had been
264. His words ..... to express his apology, but they were misunderstood.  
 a intending    b supposed    c were meaning    d were meant
265. He feels sorry for insulting her. He wished he ..... more polite.  
 a has been    b had been    c wasn't    d will be
266. Ice ..... if it gets hot.  
 a is melting    b won't met    c melt    d melts
267. Hatem wished he had followed my advice. He ..... have read the notes I gave him.  
 a needn't    b shouldn't    c should    d must
268. I regret dropping my cup of tea. I wish I .....  
 a had been careful    b was careful    c wasn't careless    d hadn't been careful
269. I regret being wasteful; if I ..... economical, I ..... the cell phone I wanted.  
 a weren't / would have    b hadn't been / wouldn't have had  
 c am / would have    d had been / would have had
270. If Rami had listened more carefully to the instructions, he ..... that mistake.  
 a wouldn't have made    b would have made    c didn't make    d isn't making
271. If you add black to white, you ..... grey.  
 a will be getting    b gets    c will get    d get
272. If I hadn't been ill, I'd have worked harder. This means that I ..... harder as I ..... ill.  
 a hadn't worked / was    b didn't work / was  
 c didn't work / am    d had worked / had been
273. If it ..... heavily last night, the traffic ..... much better.  
 a didn't rain / will be    b hadn't been rained / would have been  
 c hadn't rained / would have been    d has rained / would have been
274. Faten wouldn't have improved in English ..... she had followed the teacher's tips.  
 a unless    b if    c as long as    d without
275. If I ..... a lot of money, I would have the chance to help the poor people in my area.  
 a had    b hadn't had    c have had    d have
276. She would have failed if it ..... for my support. So, she appreciated my help very much.  
 a had been    b hadn't been    c isn't    d were
277. If our garden ..... after, trees would have grown better.  
 a had been looked    b had looked    c wasn't looked    d is being looked
278. If you wake up before me, ..... breakfast?  
 a did you prepare    b will you prepare  
 c will you be prepared    d would you have prepared
279. I ..... I pass the exam; I studied really hard.  
 a decide    b hope    c wish    d regret
280. .... on time, he wouldn't miss the lecture.  
 a Will he arrive    b Weren't he to arrive    c Were he to arrive    d Has he arrived



## Translation

economy	الاقتصاد	terrorism	الإرهاب	drugs	عقاقير / مخدرات
tourism	السياحة	solve	يحل	policy	السياسة
industry	الصناعة	democracy	ديمقراطية	benefits	فوائد
trade	التجارة / يتاجر	freedom	حرية	aim to / at	يهدف إلى
culture	الثقافة	reduce	يقلل	reinforce	يقوي / يدعم / يعزز
agriculture	الزراعة	national income	الدخل القومي	consume	يستهلك
progress	التقدم	pollution	التلوث	manufacture	يصنع
invest	يستثمر	over population	الزيادة السكانية	housing	الإسكان
investor	مستثمر	birth control	تنظيم النسل	migration	هجرة
investment	الاستثمار	stimulate	ينشط / يحفز / يحث	crime	الجريمة
prosperity	الرخاء	vital role	دور حيوي	safety	الامن
welfare	الرفاهية	hard currency	العملة الصعبة	loyalty	الولاء
flourish	يزدهر	backbone	عمود فقري	tolerance	التسامح
reform	إصلاح	natural resources	موارد طبيعية	factors	عوامل
improve / develop	يحسن / يطور	self-reliance	الاعتماد على الذات	shortage	نقص
development	التنمية	self-sufficiency	الاكتفاء الذاتي	relations	علاقات
globalization	العولمة	self-control	ضبط النفس	attitude	سلوك / اتجاه / موقف
loyalty	اتتماء	self-sacrifice	التضحية بالذات	eliminate	يقضي على
legal	شرعي / قانوني	revolution	ثورة	get rid of	يتخلص من
mass media	وسائل الإعلام	destruction	تخريب / دمار	book fair	معرض الكتاب
overcome	يتغلب على	principles	مبادئ	illiteracy	الأمية
issue	قضية	civilization	حضارة	immigration	الهجرة
protect from	يحمي من	equality	مساواة	national	قومي / وطني
awareness	الوعي	set up	ينشئ / يؤسس	field	مجال
unemployment	البطالة	disputes	نزاعات / خلافات	owe	يدين
including	متضمنا	rights	حقوق	heritage	تراث
rationalize	يرشد / يقتصد	project	مشروع	politician	سياسي (شخص)
a source of	مصدر لـ	service	خدمة	politics	علم السياسة
hinder	يعوق / عائق	shortage	نقص / عجز	harness	يستغل / يستغل
prevent	يمنع	society	مجتمع	pillars	ركائز
crisis	أزمة	education	التعليم	involve	يشمل / يتضمن
seek to	يسعى إلى	ignorance	الجهل	be aware of	على وعي بـ
devote	يكرس / يتفرغ لـ	charming	جذاب / جذاب	generation	جيل / توليد (للطاقة)
citizen	مواطن	efforts	جهود	ignore	يتجاهل
unite	يتحد	value	قيمة	national duty	واجب وطني
rate	معدل	contribute to	يساهم في	independence	الاستقلال
job opportunities	فرص عمل	cooperation	التعاون	obstacles	عقبات
slogan	شعار	developing countries	الدول النامية	service	خدمة / يخدم
slums	العشوائيات	impact	تأثير	conflict	صراع
spread	انتشار / ينتشر	bullying	البلطجة / التنمر	peace	السلام
renaissance	نهضة	procedures	إجراءات	honour	شرف / شهامة / يكرم
disaster	كارثة	motives	دوافع	homeless	متشرد
disastrous	مدمر / كارثي	enrich	يشري / يعزز	homelessness	التشرد
reclamation	استصلاح	glory	المجد	influence	يؤثر / تأثير
recycling	إعادة تصنيع	justice	العدالة	prevention	وقاية
organisation	منظمة / مؤسسة	injustice	الظلم	knowledge	المعرفة
heritage	التراث	rights	حقوق	manners	سلوكيات / أخلاق

1. **The Internet is the quickest and best means of communication for millions of people. However, it should be used wisely and carefully to avoid its demerits.**
  - (أ) الإنترنت هو أسرع وأفضل وسيلة اتصال لآلاف الأشخاص. ومع ذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة وحذر لتجنب عيوبه.
  - (ب) الإنترنت هو أسرع وأرخص وسيلة اتصال لملايين الأشخاص. ومع ذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة وحذر لتجنب عيوبه.
  - (ج) الإنترنت هو أسرع وأفضل وسيلة اتصال لملايين الأشخاص. ومع ذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة وحذر لتجنب عيوبه.
  - (د) الإنترنت هو أسرع وأفضل وسيلة اتصال لملايين الأشخاص. ومع ذلك، يجب استخدامه بحكمة وحذر لتقليل عيوبه.
2. **The BRT (Bus Rapid Transit) is a high-capacity bus-based public transport system. It was created to provide services more quickly and effectively than other means of transport.**
  - (أ) الأتوبيس الترددي هو نظام نقل خاص عالي السعة قائم على الحافلات، تم إنشاؤه لتقديم الخدمات بسرعة وخطورة أقل من وسائل النقل الأخرى.
  - (ب) الأتوبيس الترددي هو نظام نقل عام عالي السعة قائم على الحافلات، تم إنشاؤه لتقديم الخدمات بسرعة وفعالية أكبر من وسائل النقل الأخرى.
  - (ج) الأتوبيس الترددي هو نظام نقل عام عالي السرعة قائم على الحافلات، تم إنشاؤه لتقديم الخدمات بسرعة وأمان أكبر من وسائل النقل الأخرى.
  - (د) الأتوبيس الترددي هو نظام نقل عام عادي السعة قائم على الحافلات، تم إنشاؤه لتقديم الخدمات بسرعة وأسعار أعلى من وسائل النقل الأخرى.
3. **Throughout history, literature has played a significant role in human life; it portrays the culture, civilisation, customs, and behaviours of man.**
  - (أ) لقد لعب العلم، عبر التاريخ، دوراً مهماً في حياة الإنسان. حيث يصور ثقافة وحضارة وعادات وسلوكيات الإنسان.
  - (ب) لقد لعب الأدب، عبر التاريخ، دوراً مهماً في حياة الدول. حيث يصور ثقافة وحضارة وعادات وسلوكيات الإنسان.
  - (ج) لقد لعب الأدب، عبر التاريخ، دوراً مهماً في حياة الإنسان. حيث يصور ثقافة وحضارة وعادات وسلوكيات الإنسان.
  - (د) لقد لعب الأدب، عبر العصور، دوراً مهماً في حياة الإنسان. حيث يصور ثقافة وحضارة وعادات وسلوكيات الإنسان.
4. **Most experts assert that physical education classes are an important part of a child's education.**
  - (أ) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.
  - (ب) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء غير مهم من تعليم الطفل.
  - (ج) يؤكد بعض الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من تعليم الطفل.
  - (د) يؤكد معظم الخبراء أن دروس التربية البدنية هي جزء مهم من شخصية الطفل.
5. **Obesity is an increasing public health problem in some parts of the world.**
  - (أ) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تتزايد في بعض معظم العالم.
  - (ب) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تستمر في التزايد في بعض أنحاء العالم.
  - (ج) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة متزايدة في بعض أنحاء العالم.
  - (د) السمنة مشكلة صحية عامة تستمر في الزيادة الملحوظة في أنحاء العالم.
6. **You have to develop your skills to be able to get a suitable job.**
  - (أ) عليك تطوير مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.
  - (ب) عليك تزويد مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.
  - (ج) عليك تطوير مهاراتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مفيدة.
  - (د) عليك تطوير هواياتك لتكون قادراً على الحصول على وظيفة مناسبة.
7. **Most of the damage to our environment comes from consumption: what we consume, how much we consume.**
  - (أ) يأتي معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه، وكم نستهلك.
  - (ب) يأتي معظم التلوث الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه، وكم نستهلك.
  - (ج) يخرج معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه، وكم نستهلك.
  - (د) يأتي معظم الضرر الذي يلحق ببيئتنا من الاستهلاك: ما نستهلكه، وكيف نستهلك.
8. **Over-population is considered one of the most dangerous problems facing any nation. It affects the number of the available jobs.**
  - (أ) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي قارة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.
  - (ب) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.
  - (ج) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أخطر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على طبيعة الوظائف المتاحة.
  - (د) تعتبر الزيادة السكانية من أكبر المشاكل التي تواجه أي دولة. يؤثر على عدد الوظائف المتاحة.

٩. أظهرت الأبحاث الحديثة أن التفاؤل والأفكار الإيجابية أفضل لصحتنا.

- a Recent research has shown that optimism and positive thoughts are better for our life.
- b Recent research has shown that pessimism and positive thoughts are better for our health.
- c Recent research has shown that optimism and positive thoughts are better for our health.
- d Recent research has shown that optimism and negative thoughts are better for our health.

١٠. ولتحقيق التقدم ، يجب أن يتمتع المواطنون بصفات جيدة مثل الولاء والتعاون والإخلاص وحب العمل.

- a In order to achieve progress, citizens mustn't have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.
- b In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good quantities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.
- c In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, security, and love of work.
- d In order to achieve progress, citizens must have good qualities such as loyalty, cooperation, sincerity, and love of work.

١١. التمر الإلكتروني عبر تطبيقات التواصل الاجتماعي يهدد الصحة العقلية للمراهقين.

- a Cyber bullies on social media risk adolescents' brain health.
- b Cyberattacks through social media apps threaten adolescents' mental health.
- c Cyberbullying threatens the mental health of young people on social platforms.
- d Cyberbullying through social media apps threatens adolescents' mental health.

١٢. تعليم الفتيات يساعد المجتمعات في تجنب زواج الأطفال وتحسين ظروف المعيشة.

- a Children's education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve living conditions.
- b Girls' education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve living conditions.
- c Girls' education helps communities avoid child marriage and improve working conditions.
- d Communities help girls' education in avoiding child marriage and improving living conditions.

١٣. لقد أذهلت المغرب دول العالم بمستوى مبهر ونتائج مذهلة في كأس العالم ، وهذا أثبت للعالم كله فُدرة الدول العربية والأفريقية على وجه الخصوص على المنافسة بقوة.

- a Morocco has dazzled the countries of Africa with an impressive level and amazing results in the World Cup, and this has proved to the world the entire ability of Arab and African countries in general to compete strongly.
- b Morocco has dazzled the countries of the world with an impressive level and unexpected results in the World Cup, and this has proven to the world the entire ability of Arab countries in particular to compete strongly.
- c Morocco has dazzled the countries of the world with an impressive level and amazing results in the World Cup in Qatar, and this has proven to the world the entire power of Arab and African countries in particular to compete strongly.
- d Morocco has dazzled the countries of the world with an impressive level and amazing results in the World Cup, and this has proven to the world the entire ability of Arab and African countries in particular to compete strongly.

١٤. من المتوقع أن يتضاعف عدد سُكَّان القاهرة الكبرى في العقود القليلة القادمة، ولذلك لابد من اتخاذ تدابير أكثر فعالية لمواجهة المشاكل الناتجة عنه هذه الزيادة .

- a The population of Greater Cairo is expected to increase in the next few decades. Therefore, effective measures must be taken to face the problems resulting in this increase.
- b The population of Greater Cairo is expected to double in the next few years. Therefore, effective measures must be taken to face the problems leading to this increase.
- c The population of Greater Cairo is expected to double in the next few centuries. Therefore, effective measures must be discussed to face the problems resulting from this increase.
- d The population of Greater Cairo is expected to double in the next few decades. Therefore, effective measures must be taken to face the problems resulting from this increase.

## Essay



## المقال

كتابة المقال  
جميع صفوف  
المرحلة الثانوية

طريقة مبسطة  
للطلاب الأحرار  
والسلايين

## How to write an essay

## كيف تكتب مقال

يتكون المقال من ثلاث فقرات أو أكثر ويمكننا تقسيمه إلى:

## العنوان:

نضعه في وسط أول سطر بين علامات تنصيص و نبدأ بحرف كبير مثل

"Technology"

## الفقرة الأولى:

نترك مسافة أربع حروف ثم نبدأ بحرف كبير وتشمل على التعريف ثم الأنواع

We should put into our consideration that this topic has become one of the most important (serious) things in our life and has an effective role nowadays. Technology means ..... as well as that there are a lot of kinds of technology for example ....., ..... and .....

## الفقرة الثانية:

نترك مسافة أربع حروف ثم نبدأ بحرف كبير وتشمل على المميزات والعيوب

On one hand there are a lot of advantages of technology that can benefit us such as ..... in addition to that ..... on the other hand there are a lot of disadvantages of technology that can harm us such as ..... more than that .....

يمكننا الاكتفاء بالمميزات فقط أو العيوب فقط طبقاً لموضوع المقال

## الفقرة الثالثة:

نترك مسافة أربع حروف ثم نبدأ بحرف كبير وتشمل دور الحكومة والمجتمع

As a result of that the government and its foundations should do their best to support this subject by ..... we can add that they have to face any problems and try to solve them to improve this subject as it plays a great role in our life. At the same time all members of the society should co-operate to .....

## الفقرة الرابعة:

نترك مسافة أربع حروف ثم نبدأ بحرف كبير وتشمل على دور الفرد

Last but not least, we have to help the government and society to support and improve this subject so we should do our best in order to .....

## الفقرة الخامسة:

نترك مسافة أربع حروف ثم نبدأ بحرف كبير وتشمل على رأيك في الموضوع

As far as I am concerned and from what we have said above, we can say that due attention must be paid to this subject and never be neglected as it is very important (seriously).

هذا المقال لا يعمر في كتابة أي مقال بل هو محاولة بسيطة للطلاب الضعاف لفهم كيفية

## الكتابة وتنظيم الأفكار:

- \* الشكل العام للكتابة هو الطريقة للوصول إلى أعلى الدرجات في المقال .
- \* حسن خطك قدر الإمكان ولا بد أن تكتب ما لا يقل عن ١٨٠ كلمة (٢ ث)
- \* لا تقم بالشطب نهائياً في موضوعك أو ترك أي مسافة فارغة داخل الفقرة.
- \* حاول الابتعاد قدر الإمكان عن أي تعبيرات أو كلمات صعبة حتى لا تقع في الخطأ.

خذ بالك


**Vocabulary and Structure**

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

15 marks

1. **Winning the cup ..... the team's confidence.**  
 a detached                      b attracted                      c reduced                      d boosted
2. **We're hungry. It's time to ..... the food.**  
 a serve                      b save                      c sever                      d converse
3. **The whole family usually ..... together have fun on happy occasions.**  
 a go                      b get                      c make                      d intend
4. **Suzan speaks French fluently, but it isn't her ..... language.**  
 a health                      b dead                      c native                      d modern
5. **Luckily, the local people started to ..... money from tourism.**  
 a make                      b do                      c gain                      d beat
6. **The young woman wasn't accepted for the job because she hasn't .....**  
 a condition                      b experiment                      c experience                      d competition
7. **English is ..... to study than some other languages.**  
 a easy                      b more easier                      c much easier                      d less easier
8. **I ..... all this food but I really did.**  
 a had to buy                      b didn't have to buy                      c hadn't to buy                      d needn't have bought
9. **Omar isn't here. He ..... leave early.**  
 a has to                      b had to                      c was necessary                      d needs to
10. **Of my two cousins, I think Manal is .....**  
 a cleverer                      b cleverest                      c the cleverer                      d the cleverest
11. **If we hadn't had blood banks, many patients .....**  
 a will die                      b would have died                      c would die                      d will have died
12. **Mr. Moneer ..... the summer holiday in Alexandria as planned.**  
 a will spend                      b is going to spend                      c will have spent                      d is spending
13. **..... I to see Mr. Hamid again, I would easily remember him.**  
 a Were                      b Had                      c If                      d Should
14. **They went by bus although they ..... gone on foot.**  
 a can have                      b could have                      c can't have                      d couldn't have
15. **He ..... to have been studying for the test all night.**  
 a supposed                      b is supposing                      c seems                      d is meaning

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

8 marks

Everybody likes to feel that she or he is special. Sadly, many of us grow up believing that we're not special at all. We wish that we could be more attractive or better at sports. We wish we had more money or more beautiful clothes. Like the Tin Man, the Scarecrow, or the Cowardly Lion from The Wizard of Oz, we think we're not good enough just as we are. In the film, The Tin Man wishes he had a heart. The Scarecrow wishes that he had a brain, and the Lion wants courage. Eventually, each of them realizes that he already has what he wants. Nearly all parents want us to be the best we can be. They occasionally attempt to encourage us to do better by comparing us to others. They mean well, but the message we usually get is that we're not good enough. We start to believe that the only way we can be special is by being better than somebody else, but we are frequently disappointed. There will always be somebody out there that is better than we are at something. There are a lot of people around who may not be as intelligent as we are, but who are better at sports. Or they may not be as handsome, but they have more money. It is unthinkable for us to be better than everybody else all the time. Like the Tin Man, the Scarecrow, and the Cowardly Lion, we all need what we believe will make us better people. Our parents often forget to tell us that we are special, that we are good enough just as we are. Either way, it's up to us to remind **them** sometimes that each of us, in our own way, is special.

16. The writer wrote this text to ..... .  
 a explain the importance of being yourself  
 b suggest how people can change their way of life  
 c talk about your family problems  
 d describe how intelligent we are
17. This essay was most likely written by a ..... .  
 a parent  
 b teacher  
 c coach  
 d young person
18. What does the writer say about our parents?  
 a They frequently forget to tell us that we are special.  
 b They always tell us that we are good enough.  
 c They always tell us that we are special.  
 d They never forget to tell us that we are special.
19. The writer of this essay believes that ..... .  
 a the richer you are, the better you are  
 b not everyone can be special  
 c intelligent people are more special than others  
 d we are all good enough just the way we are
20. Tin man wishes to ..... .  
 a have more money  
 b be better at sports  
 c be more beautiful  
 d have a heart
21. The underlined word "disappointed" is a synonym to ..... .  
 a pleased  
 b dissatisfied  
 c ashamed  
 d excited
22. The underlined "them" refers to ..... .  
 a teachers  
 b parents  
 c youth  
 d coaches
23. The best title for this essay could be ..... .  
 a Being special  
 b Selfishness  
 c Comparisons  
 d Being a parent



### Writing

Translation:

4 marks

24. Rapid technological advancement may have caused a gap between generations.  
 (أ) ربما تسبب التطور التكنولوجي السريع في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.  
 (ب) ربما يتسبب التطور المعلوماتي في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.  
 (ج) ربما يتسبب التطور التكنولوجي السريع في حدوث طفرة في الاتصالات.  
 (د) ربما يتسبب التطور التكنولوجي في حدوث فجوة بين الأجيال.
25. Tolerance and empathy are key elements of living a peaceful harmonious life.  
 (أ) التسامح والحكمة عنصران أساسيان لعيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.  
 (ب) التسامح والتعاطف ليسا عنصرين أساسيين لعيش حياة يسودها السلام.  
 (ج) التسامح والتعاطف عنصران أساسيان لعيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.  
 (د) التسامح والصبر عنصران أساسيان في عيش حياة يسودها التناغم والسلام.
٢٦. يجب على المرء ألا يسرف في تناول الأطعمة الغنية بالدهون؛ لأنها تزيد من خطر الإصابة بالنوبات القلبية.  
 a A person must have a lot of foods that are not rich in fats, as this raises the risk of heart attacks.  
 b One must not eat too more high-fat foods, as it raises the risk of heart attacks.  
 c A person should not eat too much high-fattening foods, as it increases the risk of having heart diseases.  
 d One must not eat too much high-fat foods, as it increases the risk of heart attacks.
٢٧. يجب أن يشجّع التعليم التعاون والتفكير النقدي؛ لأنهما من المهارات الأساسية اللازمة في أسواق العمل.  
 a Education should only encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are the two essential skills needed in job markets.  
 b Education should encourage communication and creative thinking, as they are from the essential skills needed in job markets.  
 c Education should encourage collaboration and creative thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.  
 d Education should encourage collaboration and critical thinking, as they are two essential skills needed in job markets.

Write an **Essay** of about (180) words of the following:

5 marks

### How to keep healthy

## A

## Vocabulary and Structure

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

15 marks

1. I can't read ..... I wear glasses.  
a if                                      b unless                                      c provided                                      d in case
2. You ..... any more eggs yesterday, mother has a lot in the refrigerator.  
a don't have to buy      b shouldn't buy                                      c mustn't buy                                      d needn't have bought
3. At this time next Friday, we ..... to New York.  
a will be flying                                      b 'll be flying                                      c will be flying                                      d flying
4. My sister is using my pen. I wish she ..... up.  
a had hurried                                      b hurried                                      c would hurry                                      d is hurrying
5. A: Who is that man with the children? B: He ..... be their father.  
a seems that                                      b seems to                                      c seems                                      d is seemed
6. Why did you drive so carelessly? You ..... been more careful.  
a should                                      b must have                                      c can't have                                      d should have
7. Should it rain in Egypt in summer, it ..... strange.  
a is                                      b should be                                      c would be                                      d could be
8. He ..... a great doctor. He had the ability but he didn't want to work hard.  
a could have been                                      b have                                      c could have                                      d shouldn't have been
9. You ..... him so much money when he asked. It will take you a lot of time to get it back.  
a should have lent                                      b shouldn't have lent                                      c should lend                                      d shouldn't be lent
10. He suffered ..... headaches as a result of injury, so his doctor recommended a rest.  
a service                                      b serve                                      c series                                      d severe
11. After a period of time, some friends start ..... With each other online.  
a picking out                                      b putting out                                      c hanging out                                      d falling out
12. In many offices the most ..... people with the longest service are the secretaries as you can trust them.  
a reliable                                      b irresponsible                                      c untrustworthy                                      d unreliable
13. After a long time of sadness, her ..... was a mixture of contentment and relief.  
a thigh                                      b sigh                                      c nigh                                      d high
14. To attract or make someone want to do or have something is to .....  
a reject                                      b tempt                                      c distract                                      d refuse
15. Being angry, the ..... of his voice wasn't friendly.  
a tone                                      b size                                      c tune                                      d smell

## B

## Reading Comprehension

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

8 marks

Many people have jobs that are not very interesting, but a lot of people have to work at night, and this is very difficult. When everybody else is getting ready to go out, they have to go to work, and this puts a lot of psychological stress on them. It is also not very healthy because the human body is designed to be active in the day and to rest in the dark. If this cycle is **reversed** it can have a bad effect on a person's health. So, why do people do night shift? Nowadays many business have to offer a 24 hour service, like hotels, delivery companies, some supermarkets open all night and all day, call centres and hospitals. It is true that some people only need a few hours sleep at night but the majority need eight hours. Humans are most active in the middle of the day, and the time when they are least able to concentrate and be efficient is between 2am and 4 am. This is the worst time to drive or to do anything that needs concentration. The body finds it very difficult to adapt to the opposite cycle. Things are not likely to get better in the future because more and more business are working 24 hour cycles to keep in step with our 24 hour society.

16. The underlined word "reversed" can be replaced with .....
- a balanced                      b different                      c overturned                      d **opposed**
17. The main idea of this passage is about .....
- a giving an advice about working late.                      b helping people change their way of life.  
c describing the importance of work.                      d **how working at night can be harmful.**
18. The writer's opinion about night shifts job is that .....
- a It is easier than working during the day.                      b **There is a variety of them.**  
c You get better working conditions.                      d Many people refuse to work at night.
19. According to the passage, we know that .....
- a **it's difficult to change your sleeping needs.**  
b people tend to sleep only between 2 am and 4 am.  
c people sleep better in the early morning.                      d everybody needs the same amount of sleep.
20. About the future, the writer mentioned that .....
- a fewer people will work during the day.                      b **some jobs will always be done at night.**  
c nobody will work at night.                      d many people will stop working during the day.
21. The best title of the passage is .....
- a 24 hours sleep cycles!                      b **Society is changing but our bodies are not!**  
c A good night's sleep can change your life!                      d A worker that sleeps more, works more!
22. The writer thinks that the majority of people need ..... hours of sleep
- a **8**                      b 24                      c 16                      d 2
23. People who have to work night shifts struggle with .....
- a the quality of sleep                      b more sleeping time                      c emotional stress                      d **psychological stress**



## Writing

Translation:

4 marks

1. **Justice and vengeance are common themes in myths, like the Egyptian myth of Isis and Osiris.**

- (أ) العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة ايزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.  
(ب) العدل والإحسان فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة ايزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.  
(ج) العدل والانتقام فكرتان غير شائعتين في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة ايزيس وأوزوريس المصرية.  
(د) العدل والانتقام فكرتان شائعتان في الأساطير؛ مثل أسطورة ايزيس وأوزوريس اليونانية.

2. **Governments should promote places of cultural interest and landmarks to boost tourism.**

- (أ) يجب أن تروج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية والمعالم المهمة لتنشيط السياحة.  
(ب) يجب أن تروج الحكومات للأماكن التي لا تتميز بأي أهمية ثقافية لتنشيط السياحة.  
(ج) يجب أن تروج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية فقط لتنشيط السياحة.  
(د) يجب ألا تروج الحكومات للأماكن ذات الأهمية الثقافية والمعالم المهمة لتنشيط السياحة.

### ٣. يعتبر الإنترنت أداة أساسية لتكوين صداقات جديدة في نظر جيل الشباب.

- a For the young generation, the net is very important to communicate with new friends.  
b For the younger generation, the internet is considered an essential tool for making new friends.  
c The internet is considered essential by the youth for making up new friends.  
d For the younger generation, the internet is seen as a smart tool for making new friends.

### ٤. الإبداع، والتفكير الناقد، والتعاون، والتواصل هي المهارات الأربع الأساسية في القرن الحادي والعشرين.

- a Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 20<sup>th</sup> century's main craftsmanship.  
b Creativity, critisizing, collaboration, and communication are the 21<sup>st</sup> century's four essential skills.  
c Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 21<sup>st</sup> century's four integral skills.  
d Creativity, critical thinking, collaboration, and communication are the 20<sup>th</sup> century's four integral skills.

Write an **Essay** of about (180) words of the following:

5 marks

## The pros and cons of the internet اللهم علم ينتفع به