

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

Unit one : The present simple

The positive : الإثبات

- I , we , You , they + المصدر
- He , she , it فعل + s
- They play football every day .
- He often watches matches .
- He always sleeps early .

The Negative : النفي

- I , we , You , they + don't
- He , she , it + doesn't
- They **don't** play football .
- she **doesn't** go to school early .

The question : السؤال

- Do (I , we , you , they) ?
- Does (she , he , it) ?
- **Does** she have a car ?
- **Do** they play football ?
- المضارع البسيط يعبر عن (حقائق واحداث متكررة)
- I **visit** my cousins every week .
- He **goes** to school by bus .
- The sun is a star .

adverbs of frequency ظروف التكرار

ظروف التكرار تأتي قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد الفعل المساعد في المضارع البسيط .

always	دائما	often	غالبا
sometimes	احيانا	never	ابدا
usually	عاده	rarely	نادرا

- She **never comes** to school late .
- She **is never** late to school .

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- He **always plays** tennis on Friday .
- They **are never** angry with me .
- I **sometimes sleep** early .

الأفعال المساعدة في المضارع البسيط .

<i>V. to. be</i>	<i>V. to. do</i>	<i>V. to. have</i>
I am	I do	I have
We are	We do	We have
You are	You do	You have
They are	They do	They have
He is	He does	He has
She is	She does	She has
It is	It does	It has

I have a cold .

She has a lot of money .

We have a lot of homework .

She is sad .

<i>V. to. have</i>	<i>V. to. be</i>	<i>V. to. do</i>
I don't have	I am not	He doesn't do
We don't have	He isn't	She doesn't do
You don't have	She isn't	It doesn't do
They don't have	It isn't	We don't do
He doesn't have	We aren't	You don't do
She doesn't have	You aren't	They don't do
It doesn't have	They aren't	I don't do

I don't have enough money .

She doesn't have a car .

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How often ? كم مره - كم عدد المرات ؟

صيغه السؤال :

How often + (do , does) + المصدر + فاعل + ؟ باقي الجملة

1. How often do you study English .
2. How often does she play tennis ?
3. How often do they visit Cairo ?
4. How often do they go to the club ?

صيغه الإجابة :

باقي الجملة + فعل + ظرف التكرار + فاعل

- 1-I always study English .
- 2-She sometimes plays tennis .
- 3-They rarely visit Cairo .
- 4-They often go to the club .

صيغه أخرى :

once, twice , times + a + باقي الجملة + فعل + فاعل
day, week , month , year .

مرات times مرتين twice مره Once

- 1-I study English once a day .
- 2-She plays tennis three times a week .
- 3-They visit Cairo once a year .
- 4- They go to the club four times a month .

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(1) Read & write the correct form of the word (s) between brackets :

- 1- She ----- (don't) eat candy.
- 2- Does he ----- (has) a roof garden?
- 3- Where ----- (does) you live?
- 4- They don't ----- (using) chemicals.
- 5- He ----- (works always) hard to find the best locations.
- 6- We ----- (usually) go to school on Fridays. **It's a holiday.**
- 7- He ----- (never) goes to the club. He goes every day.
- 8- How ----- (sometimes) do you study English?
- 9- She ----- (eat) fish twice a week.
- 10- How often ----- (do) he go to work?
- 11- We collect data four times ----- (an) month.
- 12- He always comes to school on time. He ---- (never is) late.
- 13- You rarely ----- (calls) me so late at night.
- 14- I don't like fish at all. I ----- (always) eat it.
- 15- ---- (How long) does he travel to Paris? – Once a month.
- 16- We sometimes ----- (goes) cycling on holidays.
- 17- My brother likes dates. He ----- (never) eats them.
- 18- He often ----- (reading) magazines in his free time.
- 19- How often ----- (do) Ali do sports?
- 20- I'm always on time. I'm ----- (sometimes) late.
- 21- The weather ----- (usually is) sunny in Egypt.
- 22- A community garden ----- (are) a big green space on the roof of an apartment block.
- 23- Roof gardens ----- (helps) to clean the air in the city.
- 24- ----- (Do) your garden produce a lot of vegetables?
- 25- Do you ----- (wants) to come to my house?
- 26- She ----- (don't) eat candy.
- 27- Does he ----- (has) a roof garden?
- 28- Where ----- (does) you live?
- 29- They don't ----- (using) chemicals.

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- 30- He ----- (**works always**) hard to find the best location s.
- 31- We ----- (**usually**) go to school on Fridays. It's a holiday.
- 32- He ----- (**never**) goes to the club. He goes every day.
- 33- How ----- (**sometimes**) do you study English?
- 34- She ----- (**eat**) fish twice a week.
- 35- How often ----- (**do**) he go to work?
- 36- We collect data four times ----- (**an**) month.
- 37- He always comes to school on time. He ----- (**never is**) late
- 38- You rarely ----- (**calls**) me so late at night.

• **Put the adverb in the right place in the sentence:**

1. She goes to bed early (**always**)

2. We watch TV (**never**)

3. Julie and Tom go to the cinema (**often**)

4. Alex meets John (**once a week**)

5. I eat fast food (**sometimes**)

6. They cook at home (**hardly ever**)

7. He studies English (**every night**)

8. You drink coffee (**often**)

9. I go to the park (**never**)

10. They go to a restaurant (**sometimes**)

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Unit three : The past simple

١. يتكون الماضي البسيط من (التصريف الثاني للفعل) بإضافة **ed** للفعل الذي لا ينتهي بحرف **e** و بإضافة **d** فقط للفعل الذي ينتهي بحرف **e** ما عدا الأفعال الشاذة التي لها تصريفات خاصة

Regular verbs الأفعال المنتظمة

ed			d			ied		
مضارع	ماضي	معني	مضارع	ماضي	معني	مضارع	ماضي	معني
wash	washed	يغسل	use	used	يستخدم	try	tried	يجرب
play	played	يلعب	like	liked	يحب	cry	cried	يبكي
cook	cooked	يطبخ	love	loved	يحب	carry	carried	يحمل

Irregular verbs الأفعال الغير منتظمة

مضارع	ماضي	معني	مضارع	ماضي	معني	مضارع	ماضي	معني
go	went	يذهب	read	read	يقرأ	sleep	slept	ينام
see	saw	يري	take	took	يأخذ	feel	felt	يشعر
eat	ate	يأكل	get	got	يحصل	fly	flew	يطير
have	had	يتناول	swim	swam	يعوم	give	gave	يعطي
make	made	يصنع	send	sent	يرسل	speak	spoke	يتحدث
sell	sold	يبيع	write	wrote	يكتب	cut	cut	يقطع
sit	sat	يجلس	read	read	يقرأ	lose	lost	يفقد
throw	threw	يرمي	hurt	hurt	يؤلم	have	had	يمتلك

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- **I went** to the cinema yesterday
- **I often walked** to the office
- **He used** to smoke a lot
- **The ancient Egyptians lived** on agriculture

• يعبر عن حدث وقع و أكتمل في الماضي في وقت محدد.

• حدث كان يتكرر وقوعه في الماضي.

• يستخدم مع ظروف التكرار في الماضي .

- **She usually went** to Cairo when she was young .
- **They always visited** their grandparents last year.
- **I often saw** my aunt when I was in the countryside .
- **She used to sleep** early when she was six .
- **He played** football yesterday .

• كلمات داله علي الماضي البسيط : **keywords**

الشهر **last month** الاسبوع الماضي **last week** - أمس **Yesterday**
في **in** - منذ الماضي **ago**

٢. هناك فرق بين (ago – last)

3. **She went** to the pyramids **last year** .
4. **She went** to the pyramids **a year ago** .
5. **They lived** in the village **a month ago** .
6. **They lived** in the village **last month** .

The Negative

نفي الماضي البسيط

المصدر + **didn't** فاعل

- **We didn't** have a vacation this year.
- **Did Dalida** find her book? Yes, she **did**. / No, she **didn't**.
- **Did they** sleep early ? Yes , they **did** .

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The Negative

السؤال في الماضي البسيط

Did + المصدر + فاعل + ؟

- **Did they have lunch ?**
- **Did she play tennis last week ?**

الافعال المساعدة في الماضي .

<i>V. to. be</i>	<i>V. to. do</i>	<i>V. to. have</i>
I was	I did	I had
We were	We did	We had
You were	You did	You had
They were	They did	They had
He was	He did	He had
She was	She did	She had
It was	It did	It had
I have a cold .		
She has a lot of money .		
We have a lot of homework .		
She is sad .		
<i>V. to. have</i>	<i>V. to. be</i>	<i>V. to. do</i>
I didn't have	I wasn't	He didn't do
We didn't have	He wasn't	She didn't do
You didn't have	She wasn't	It didn't do
They didn't have	It wasn't	We didn't do
He didn't have	We weren't	You didn't do
She didn't have	You weren't	They didn't do
It didn't have	They weren't	I didn't do

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- She **was** tired yesterday .
 - They **didn't have** lunch this morning .
 - **Was** she happy ? Yes , she **was** .
 - **Read & write the correct form of the word (s) between brackets .**
- 1- How **did** people ----- (**got**) to China in those days?
 - 2- Where **did** they ----- (**going**) in Korcula?
 - 3- Who ----- (**did**) Marco Polo?
 - 4- Marco **went** to China **and** ----- (**write**) a diary about his experiences.
 - 5- I ----- (**doesn't**) watch the show **yesterday**.
 - 6- We **didn't** ----- (**having**) a vacation last year.
 - 7- We ---- (**studies**) the Nok civilization at school **last week**.
 - 8- ----- (Do) he work with metal? - **Yes, he did**.
 - 9- They ----- (**wasn't**) on a trip **yesterday**.
 - 10- They made beautiful sculptures ----- (**today**).
 - 11- **Were** you angry with your brother? - Yes, I ----- (**were**).
 - 12- She ----- (**make**) pizza for us. It **was** delicious.
 - 13- What ----- (**do**) you do **yesterday**?
 - 14- Where **did** he go ----- (**next**) week?
 - 15- What **did** archaeologists ----- (found)?
 - 16- Why don't we ----- (**made**) something new?
 - 17- The English exam ----- (**be**) very easy **last week**.
 - 18- We ----- (go) on vacation **last month**.
 - 19- What ---- (**does**) they use to make paper **in the past**?
 - 20- **The Ancient Egyptians** ----- (**was**) very clever.
 - 21- We ----- (**have**) a great time at the carnival yesterday.
 - 22- There ----- (**aren't**) any trains **in the past**.
 - 23- **Did** your mom ----- (**had**) a new dress for the party?
 - 24- We ----- (**weren't**) win the match **last week**.

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25- ----- (Did) they at the club last weekend?

- Complete the sentences using the following verbs in the correct form:

Buy – catch – cost – fall – hurt – sell- spend – teach – throw - write

- 1- Mozart **wrote** more than 600 pieces of music.
- 2- ‘How did you learn to drive?’ ‘Myfather me.’
- 3- We couldn’t afford to keep our car, so we..... it.
- 4- Dave..... down the stairs this morning and his..... leg.
- 5- Joe..... the ball to Sue, who..... it.
- 6- Katea lot of money yesterday. She..... a dress which..... £100.

- Complete the sentences. Put the verb into the correct form, positive or negative.

- 1- It was warm, so I **took** off my coat. (take)
- 2 The film wasn’t very good. I it much. (enjoy)
- 3- I knew Sarah was busy, so..... I her. (disturb)
- 4- We were very tired, so we..... the party early. (leave)
- 5- It was hard carrying the bags. They..... really heavy. (be)
- 6- The bed was very uncomfortable. Iwell. (sleep)
- 7- This watch wasn’t expensive. It..... much. (cost)
- 8 -The window was open and a birdinto the room. (fly)
- 9 -I was in a hurry, so I..... time to call you. (have)
- 10- I didn’t like the hotel. The room..... very clean. (be)

- Fill in the blanks below to complete the sentences.

1. I (eat)_____ dinner at six o'clock yesterday.
2. A: _____ Helen (drive)_____ to work? B: Yes, she _____.
3. My neighbor (buy)_____ a new car last week.
4. They (go)_____ to Italy on their last summer holiday.

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5. A: _____ they (**swim**) _____ at the beach? B: No, they _____.
6. My family and I (**see**) _____ a comedy movie last night.
7. First, we (**do**) _____ exercise, and then we (**drink**) _____ some water.
8. Suddenly, the animal jumped and (**bite**) _____ my hand.
9. What time (**do**) _____ you (**get up**) _____ this morning?
10. The Wright brothers (fly) _____ the first airplane in 1903.
11. I think I (**hear**) _____ a strange sound outside the door one minute ago.
12. When I was ten years old, I (**break**) _____ my arm. It really (**hurt**) _____.
13. The police (**catch**) _____ all three of the bank robbers last week.
14. How many times (**do**) _____ you (**read**) _____ that book?

• **Complete the sentences with the SIMPLE PAST of the verbs in parentheses:**

- a) They _____ (**watch**) TV last night.
- b) Priscila _____ (**talk**) to her friends all day.
- c) I _____ (**have**) a terrible headache yesterday.
- d) Bob _____ (**come**) home from school late.
- e) They _____ (**arrive**) late and _____ (**miss**) the bus.
- f) She _____ (**study**) hard and _____ (**pass**) the exam.
- g) He _____ (**call**) the office to tell them he was sick.
- h) I _____ (**speak**) to the director as he was leaving the room.
- i) Dr. Johnson _____ (**get up**) early this morning.
- j) Mary _____ (**do**) her homework and _____ (**go**) to school.
- k) Chris _____ (**find**) a ten-dollar bill.
- l) The dog _____ (**follow**) us down the road.
- m) Those students _____ (**work**) hard last semester.
- n) Lúcio _____ (**stop**) at the corner and _____ (**call**) us.
- o) I _____ (**try**) to talk to Helen last night.
- p) I _____ (**pay**) the phone bill yesterday.
- q) My dad _____ (**catch**) a cold when he _____ (**be**) in Canada.

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- r) She _____ (**leave**) home early yesterday.
s) They ____ (**know**) each other very well when they ____ (**be**) kids.
t) The teacher _____ (**bring**) the exams corrected.
u) She was cleaning the vase when she _____ (**drop**) it.
v) We _____ (**jog**) in the park yesterday.
w) The fire _____ (**occur**) while we _____ (**be**) out.
x) I _____ (**meet**) some nice people at the party last weekend.
y) Carol _____ (**sleep**) until late on the weekend.
Then, she _____ (**go**) out to lunch.
z) We _____ (**fly**) to the USA on a great airplane.

• Simple Past verbs with -y, double consonants.

1. She _____ her suitcase to the bus. (**to carry**)
2. They _____ in the park to play football. (**to stop**)
3. The children _____ to the playground. (**to hurry**)
4. John _____ to win a medal. (**to try**)
5. Peter _____ his trip to France. (**to plan**)
6. The thieves _____ the old lady. (**to rob**)
7. Grandma _____ the cup. (**to drop**)
8. The family _____ to Spain. (**to travel**)
9. The baby _____ because he was hungry. (**to cry**)
10. She _____ a bag. (**to carry**)
11. The pupil _____ to find the answer. (**to try**)
12. Sarah _____ enjoyed the new film. (**to enjoy**)
13. The team _____ yesterday in London. (**to play**)
14. My uncle _____ stayed in America. (**to stay**)
15. The car _____ in front of the traffic lights. (**to stop**)
16. Ann _____ her visit in Denmark. (**to plan**)
17. They _____ to Paris. (**to travel**)
18. The boys _____ to the city Centre. (**to hurry**)

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الأزمنة (مضارع بسيط – ماضي بسيط)

- 1) Do – does – did – don't – doesn't – didn't , can , can't+ المصدر
2) Always , usually , sometimes , never , often مضارع بسيط أو ماضي بسيط
3) yesterday , last , ago , in , once , one day = مضارع مستمر

• كيفية التعامل مع الأزمنة .

- ١- ممكن تحل عن طريق الكلمات الدالة .
- ٢- ممكن تحل عن طريق المعنى .
- ٣- ممكن تحل عن طريق الاستخدام .
- ٤- ممكن تحل عن طريق العطف ب **and**

- She sleeps in her body every day .
- She always does her homework late .
- She slept and had a dream last night .
- She went to school last week .

• ملاحظات مهمة أوي .

- ظروف التكرار تأتي قبل الفعل الأساسي وبعد الفعل المساعد .

- She never comes to school late .
- She is never late to school .
- He always plays tennis on Friday .
- They are never angry with me .
- I sometimes sleep early .
- When I was in Cairo , I always see the pyramids .

Used to (ركز علي التركات والحركات)

- المصدر + **used to** + فاعل
- المصدر + **never used to** + فاعل = **didn't use to** + فاعل
- المصدر + **use to** + فاعل + **Did**
- مضارع بسيط سواء مثبت أو منفي + **But now**
- **She used to smoke but now she doesn't . (smoke)**

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- She used to be a smoker **but now** she isn't . (a smoker)
- She didn't use to smoke **but now** she does (smokes)

Unit two : first conditional if .

If المصدر + will , مضارع بسيط

- الفعل دائما بعد **if** مضارع بسيط في الحالة الاولى سواء **if** في الأول او في الوسط .
- **If I have money , I will buy a car .**
- **I will buy a car if I have money .**

- من الممكن استبدال **will** ب **may , can** في الحالة الأولى .
- من الممكن أن يكون الطرف الثاني في الجملة (أمر - نهي - طلب - نصيحة)

- **If you want to succeed , you should study .**
- **If you would like to succeed , study .**
- **If he has money , he may buy a car .**

1 - Complete the sentences with the correct form of the word (s) in brackets:

1. If we don't protect these endangered animals, they (**would**) certainly die out.
2. If we keep building houses in the same way, global warming (**continued**).
3. If families collect their paper, plastic and metal, we (**paid**) them for it.
4. If we (**recycled**) more paper, we can avoid cutting down our forests.
5. You (**would**) be safe in an accident if you wear your seatbelt.
6. He won't come to the party (**where**) you don't invite him yourself.
7. If we (**kept**) burning fossil fuels, climate change will get worse.
8. If you see Samir, ... (**will tell**) him to come to my office.
9. If we finish early, we..... (**would**) go out for lunch.

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10. Only bring the camera..... (of) I tell you.
11. Only switch on the computer (of) I tell you.
12. What (happened) if we don't recycle rubbish?
13. We'll save water if we only (took) short showers.
14. (Unless) you work harder, you'll pass your exam.
15. How will Tarek feel if he (go) to bed very late tonight?
16. Our environment (would) be cleaner if we recycle our rubbish.
17. Pilots won't be able to fly a plane if they..... (didn't) trained.
18. What..... (would) you do if you don't understand the homework?
19. Will Dina (speaking) good English if her parents move to Canada?
20. If they play computer games all night, they..... (would) be tired tomorrow
21. If we..... (burned) plastic rubbish, we will pollute the air.
22. You..... (don't) do well on your test if you don't study.
23. They won't know the truth if you (won't) tell them.
24. If your sister goes to Paris, she (has) a good time.
25. If he (will call) you, will you answer the phone?
26. If you don't go to the party, I..... (am) very upset.

Unit three : The present simple and continuous in the future .

• مقارنة المضارع البسيط بالمضارع المستمر.

• الاستخدام **use** (المضارع البسيط) .

• نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير

١- عن المواقف الدائمة .

٢- عادة أو حقيقة نتحدث عنها بشكل عام.

٣- بدلا من المستقبل مع المواعيد الثابتة.

٤- بدلا من المستقبل بعد (if) الشرطية و الروابط الزمنية

- **Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.** (حقيقه)
- **Excuse me, do you speak English?** (أحداث متكررة)
- **It doesn't rain very much in summer.** (حقيقه)
- **What do you usually do at weekends?** (أحداث متكررة)
- **I always get hungry in the afternoon.** (أحداث متكررة)
- **Most people learn to swim when they are children.** (حقيقه)
- **Every day the population of the world increases by about 200,000 people.** (أحداث متكررة)
- **My parents live in London. They have lived there all their lives.** (أحداث متكررة)
- **Joe isn't lazy. He works hard most of the time.** (أحداث متكررة)
- **Nurses look after patients in hospitals.** (حقيقه)
- **I usually go away at weekends.** (أحداث متكررة)
- **The earth goes round the sun.** (حقيقه)
- **The cafe opens at 7.30 in the morning.** (مواعيد ثابتة)

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always	دائما	usually	عادة
sometimes	احيانا	never	ابدا
often	غالبا	rarely	نادرا
scarcely	نادرا	every	كل

• الاستخدام **use** (المضارع المستمر) .

• نستخدم المضارع المستمر للتعبير.

١- - حدث مستمر في لحظة الكلام أو حول لحظة الكلام.

٢- - بدلا من المستقبل عندما يكون الفعل تم الإعداد و الترتيب لحدوثه

- The water **is boiling** now, so you can put in the pasta.
- This week, **I'm reading** an interesting story.
- I'm meeting** John after class today.
- I've booked the ticket. **I'm travelling** tomorrow.
- Listen to those people. What language **are they speaking**?
- Let's go out. It **isn't raining** now.
- 'I'm busy.' '**What are you doing**'?
- I'm getting** hungry. Let's go and eat.
- Kate wants to work in Italy, so **she's learning** Italian.
- The population of the world is increasing very fast.
- I'm living** with some friends until I find a place of my own.
- a: **You're working** hard today. b: Yes, I have a lot to do.
- The company I work for **isn't doing** so well this year.
- Some friends of mine **are building** their own house. They hope to finish it next summer.
- Please don't make so much noise. **I'm trying** to work.
- 'Where's Mark?' 'He's having a shower.'
- Let's go out now. It **isn't raining** anymore. How's your new job? **Are you enjoying** it?

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- What's all that noise? **What's going on?** Or What's happening?

Now	الان	Today	اليوم
At the moment	في هذه اللحظة	look	انظر
Listen	استمع	Watch out !	انتبه

□ State verbs

أفعال الحالة

like	يحب	know	يعرف
love	يحب	realize	يدرك
want	يريد	understand	يفهم
need	يحتاج	suppose	يفترض
prefer	يفضل	believe	يصدق
recognize	يتعرف علي	belong	يخص
mean	يقصد	fit	يناسب
suppose	يفترض	contain	يحوي
seem	يبدو	consist	يتكون من
see	يري	touch	يلمس
hear	يسمع	smell	يشم
taste	يتذوق	feel	يشعر
wish	يتمني	trust	يثق
refuse	يرفض	hope	يأمل
agree	يوافق	hate	يكره
desire	يرغب	appear	يخص
Belong to	يخص	notice	يلاحظ

□ هذه الأفعال لا توضع في أزمنة المستمر .

- I'm hungry. I **want** something to eat.

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- Do you **understand** what I **mean**?
- Anna **doesn't seem** very happy right now.
- She **seems** sad.

ولكن لاحظ الآتي . (أفعال من الممكن أن توضع في المستمر إذا اختلف معناها) .

المضارع البسيط	المضارع المستمر		
think	يعتقد	think	يفكر
have	يمتلك	have	معني آخر
weigh	يزن	Weigh	يزن شيء
smell	ذو رائحة	smell	يشم
taste	ذو مذاق	taste	يتذوق
see	يري	see	يزور

- I **think** Mary is Canadian, but I'm not sure.
- What do you **think** of my idea?
- I am thinking of my wife .
- She **is seeing** the pyramids next week .
- This food **tastes** hot .
- I **am weighing** the chicken now .
- She **is having** lunch now .
- They **are having** a party next week .

ولكن لاحظ الآتي . - الفعلين (look – feel) يجوز فيهما الأمرين

- You **look** well today. or You're **looking** well today.
- How **do you feel** now? or How **are you feeling** now?

من الممكن أن يأتي الفعل **feel** بمعني ذو ملمس أو يعتقد .

- This knife **feels** smooth .
- I **feel** you are right .

am/is/are being + صفة (للتعبير عن حدث مؤقت) .

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- **am/is/are +** (للتعبير عن حدث عام) صفة .
- I can't understand why **he's being** so selfish. He isn't usually like that. (being selfish = behaving selfishly now) .
- 'The path is icy. Don't slip.' 'Don't worry. **I'm being** very careful.'
- I don't like to take risks. **I'm** a very careful person.

• Choose the correct answer:

1. Today she ('s spending / spends) time with her grandmother.
2. They usually(are going / go) to the gym on Sundays.
3. Now, we('re having / have) a very big villa in Luxor.
4. No, she can't answer the phone, she(has / is having) a shower.
5. I always (have / am having) a coffee before I leave for work in the morning.
6. They sometimes(fly / are flying)to London, but This week, they are going / go by boat.
7. Where are you?(I 'm sitting / sit) outside in the park!
8. He always(brings / is bringing)all his books and dictionaries to his English class.
9. The flowers (smell / are smelling)beautiful.
10. The bus to New York(leaves / is leaving)at 6.30.

• Choose the correct answer

1. **Sorry, I can't hear** you because someone a lot of noise.
a) make b) is made c) is making d) makes
2. **I can't concentrate** with my teachers well when some students...noise
a) make b) is made c) is making d) makes
3. **When your brother comes** back home, he his lessons.
a) studies b) study c) studied d) is studying

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4. **Don't make noise please** , your brother his lessons.
a) studies b) study c) studied d) is studying
5. **Never** to school on foot as it's far from our house.
a) do we go b) we go c) we have gone d) we can go
6. **When she**tomorrow, I **will take** her on a tour.
a) came b) come c) comes d) will come
7. **Please turn off the television.** I to study for an exam.
a) was trying b) am trying c) tries d) try
8. **Esraa always** has a glass of milk **before** she for school.
a) left b) leaves c) leave d) will leave
9. **We will not leave until** we our work.
a) finishes b) finished c) finishing d) finish
10. **Wael** to Luxor to spend his vacation with his friend **Sami next week.**
a) is traveling b) will travel c) travels d) travelled
11. **David's in the kitchen.** He dinner ready, so come into the garden and have a drink.
a) was getting b) is getting c) gets d) get
12. **They aren't here at the moment.** They **.lunch** at the restaurant.
a) has having b) are having c) had d) have
13. **They are busy at the moment.** They their homework.
a) do b) are doing c) did d) does
14. **They are busy at the moment.** They a lot of homework.
a) has had b) are having c) had d) have
15. **I can understand the lesson well if it..... more than once.**
a) revise b) revises c) revised d) is revised
16. **I'll phone you as soon as I** my work.
a) will finish b) has finished c) finished d) finish
17. **The internet**by millions of people all over the world.
a) used b) are used c) is used d) is use

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18. I what you say.

a) believes b) believe c) am believing d) had believed

19. My sister **usually** the 8 o'clock train.

a) has caught b) believe c) catches d) is catching

20. He's a lot of training for the race. He can't come with us to the cinema.

a) does b) had done c) doing d) is doing

• **Are the underlined verbs OK? Correct them where necessary.**

- Water **boils** at 100 degrees Celsius. **OK**
- How often **are you going** to the cinema?
- Ben **tries** to find a job, but he hasn't had any luck yet.
- Martina **is phoning** her mother everyday.
- The moon **goes** round the earth in about 27 days.
- Can you hear those people? What **do they talk** about ?
- What **do you do** in your spare time ?
- Sarah is a vegetarian. She **doesn't eat** meat.
- I must go now. It **gets** late.
- Come on! It's time to leave.' 'OK, I **come**'.
- **Are the underlined verbs OK? Correct them where necessary.**

- Nicky **is thinking of** giving up her job. **OK**
- It's not true. I'm **not believing** it. I don't believe it.
- **I'm feeling** hungry. Is there anything to eat ?
- I've never eaten that fruit. What **is it tasting** like?
- I'm not sure what she does. I **think** she works in a shop.
- Look over there. What are you seeing?
- You're very quiet. What **are you thinking** about?

• **Complete the sentences. Use is/are being (continuous) or is/are (simple).**

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- I can't understand why he so selfish. He isn't usually like that
- You'll like Sophie when you meet her. She..... very nice
- Sarahvery nice to me at the moment. I wonder why.
- Theyvery happy. They've just got married.
- You're normally very patient, so whyso unreasonable about waiting ten more minutes?
- **Put the verb into the correct form, present continuous or present simple.**
- I (**I / usually / get**) hungry in the afternoon.
- I..... (**I / get**) hungry. Let's go and eat something.
- (**you / listen**) to the radio?' 'No, you can turn it off'.
- (**you / listen**) to the radio a lot ?' 'No, not very often'.
- The River Nile..... (**flow**) into the Mediterranean.
- The river..... (**flow**) very fast today – much faster than usual.
- I'm not very active.(**I / not / do**) any sport.
- What..... (**you / usually / do**) at weekends?
- Rachel is in New York right now....(**She / stay**) at the Park Hotel.
- (**She / always / stay**).....there when she's in New York.
- Why are all these people here? (**What / happen**)?
- Julia is good at languages. (**She / speak**) four languages very well.
- Are you ready yet? (**Everybody / wait**)..... for you.
- I've never heard this word. How(**you / pronounce**) it?
- Kate (**not / work**)this week. She's on holiday.
- I think my English (**improve**)..... slowly. It's better than it was.
- Nicola (**live**)in Manchester. She has never lived anywhere else.
- Can we stop walking soon? (**I / start**)to get tired.
- Sam and Tina are in Madrid right now. (**They / visit**)
.....a friend of theirs.
- 'What(**your father/ do**)?' 'He's an architect.'
- It took me an hour to get to work this morning. Most days

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(it / not / take)so long.

- I **(I / learn)**..... to drive. My driving test is next month. My father
- **(teach)**me.
- Are you hungry? **(you / want)** something to eat?
- Alan says he's 90 years old, but nobody.....**(believe)** him.
- She told me her name, but**(I / not / remember)** it now.
- Don't put the dictionary away.**(I / use)** it.
- Don't put the dictionary away..... **(I / need)** it.
- Air..... **(consist)** mainly of nitrogen and oxygen.
- Who is that man? What..... **(he / want)**?
- 8Who is that man? Why..... **(he / look)** at us?
- Who is that man?..... **(you / recognize)** him?
- **(I / think)**....of selling my car. Would you be interested in buying it?
- I can't make up my mind. What**(you / think)** I should do?
- Gary wasn't well earlier, but..... **(he / seem)** OK now.

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Unit four : The present perfect

• نستخدم المضارع التام للتعبير عن :

- الحدث تم في الماضي في وقت غير محدد (الفعل ما زال له أثر).

- **I have read** that book. (I can tell you about it now).
- **You have broken** my CD player. (I can't use it now.)
- **I've lived** in London since I was born.
- **My father has worked** as a vet for seven years.
- **They've gone** away. They'll be back on Friday. (they are away now).
- **Some body has invented** a new type of washing machine.
- **a: Ow ! I've burnt** myself.
 - **a: Look! Somebody has spilt** something on the sofa.
- **Tom has lost** his key. (= he doesn't have it now).
- **He told me his name, but I've forgotten** it. (= I can't remember it now)
- **Sally is still here. She hasn't gone** out. (= she is here now)
- **The road is closed. There's been** an accident. (= There has been ...)
- **It hasn't rained** this week.
- **I've never ridden** a horse. (in my life)

الكلمات الدالة علي المضارع التام :

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recently	حديثا	just	حديثا
lately	مؤخرا	yet	حتى الان
never	ابدا	ever	من قبل
for	لمده	since	منذ

كلمات تأتي في السؤال في المضارع التام

- **Have , Has + فاعل + p.p. + yet ?** للاستفسار
- **Have , Has + فاعل + ever + + pp. ?**
- **Have , Has + فاعل + p.p. + already ?** للتعجب
- **Have you finished yet ?**
- **Have you finished already ? Amazing .**

كلمات تأتي في النفي في المضارع التام

فاعل + **have , has + never + p.p.**

فاعل + **haven't , hasn't + p.p. + yet .**

- **I haven't visited Japan yet .**
- **She has never visited Japan .**

already – ever

- **This is the best player I have ever seen .** التفضيل
- **She has already finished her homework .**

Has been to = has gone to = has been in

- **Have you ever been to Cairo ?** ذهب وعاد
- **She has gone to the school . she is still there .** ذهب ولم يعد
- **She has been to the school . she is no longer there .**
- **She has been in Cairo.**

For – since

For (days , weeks , years , a long time , the last , the past) .

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Since (2000 , Sunday , last , graduation , marriage , childhood).

- She has played tennis **since** three o'clock .
- She has played tennis **for** three hours .

• لاحظ الفكرة دي : **Since the last... , since the last +**

- I haven't met Ahmed **since** the last meeting.
- I haven't met Ahmed **for** the last year. (تركت)

(تركت) **for** مع المضارع التام والماضي البسيط .

- I have lived in Cairo for three years .
- I lived in Cairo for three years . I live I Paris now.

Since = because = as (تركت)

- I didn't answer the phone since I was having a shower

Choose the correct answer :

1. I (have had – had had – have to have – am having) my own computer for 3 years now.
2. My phone (hadn't worked – hasn't worked – wasn't working – isn't working) very well since I dropped it last week.
3. I'm sorry. I (had been – was being – am being – have been) really busy recently.
4. I have been very ill since we last (have met – met were meeting – had met – met).
5. I My brother (has just passed – has just been passing – has just been passed – is just passing) his university exams – that's why he looks so happy.
6. Have you finished this exercise (for – since – already – ever)? –Yes, I have finished it.
7. My father (had travelled – had been travelling – has travelled – is travelling) to Asia six times in the last two months.

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8. A fire (had broken – has broken – is broken – has been broken) out at a hotel in the city Centre. The fire is burning now.
9. It is the best decision I have (ever made – never made – been made – made ever) in my life.
10. Don't take that cup. I (have finished – have been finishing – haven't finished – hadn't finished) my coffee yet.
11. That's the first time I (saw – was seen – have been seeing – have seen) you get angry.
12. I (write – am writing – was writing – have written) stories for as long as I can remember.
13. His books (influence – influenced – has influenced – have influenced) children for many years.
14. This is the most interesting book I have (never – ever – yet – just) read .
15. Oh! I (lost – lose – am losing – have lost) my passport. What should I do?
16. My cousin has lived abroad (when – for – ago – since) his childhood.
17. Omar, (has – have – did – had) you read that book I recommended?
18. I can't phone my parents because I (lose – lost – have lost – had lost) my phone.
19. Have you (ever tried – tried ever – never tried – tried never) English food?
20. Basel (isn't – didn't – wasn't – hasn't been) hungry because he has eaten a big lunch.
21. He (eats – has eaten – had eaten – is eating) three sandwiches up till now.
22. These trees (grew – grows – will grow – have grown) phenomenally tall over the years.
23. The manager has met many people (when – on – after – since) he arrived at his office.

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24. I haven't heard from my brother (since – ago – just – for) his travel.
25. We started to live here more than 20 years (for – ago – since – so far).
26. We have lived here (for – ago – since – so far) more than 20 years.
27. Radwa doesn't know what flying is like as she (never flies – has never flown – never flew – had never flown).
28. You look pale. (Has anything happened – Will anything happen – had anything happened – Was anything happening) to you?
29. Agatha Christie's books (have been translated – were being translated – translated – have translated) into more than 40 languages.
30. Noha has (already – yet – never – ever) cleaned her room. It looks nice now.
31. How long (did – were – had – have) you studied English?
32. My brother (is going – will go – has gone – has been) to Paris, he came back last week.
33. Where is your father? My father (has been – has gone – had gone – had been) to Cairo.
34. Help! I my wallet. How can I get home?
a) lose b) lost c) have lost d) am losing
35. Last night Imy keys - I had to call my neighbour to let me in.
a) lose b) lost c) have lost d) am losing
36. They..... in Luxor since 2015.
a) have live b) lived c) live d) were lived
37. IParis three times this year.
a) visit b)had visited c) have been visiting d) have visited
38. Last year. I Paris with my family.
a) visit b) had visited c) have been visiting d) have visited
39. You look pale. to you ?
a) Has anything happened b) Will anything happen

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- c) had anything happened d) Was anything happening
40. I can't phone my parents because I my phone.
a) lose b) lost c) had lost d) have lost
41. Nawal's younger sister has studied the past tense, but she hasn't studied the present perfect.....
a) already b) yet c) just d) never
42. My uncle has lived abroad five years.
a) since b) for c) in d) ago
43. Have you tried English food?
a) ever b) never c) yet d) before
44. It's two weeks since we last.....
a) met b) have met c) had met d) meet
45. This is the most interesting book I have.....read.
a) never b) ever c) yet d) just
46. Oh! I my passport. What should I do?
a) lost b) have lost c) lose d) had lost
47. Tamer a lot of health problems since he started living in that polluted city.
a) had b) is having c) will have d) has had
48. Adel hasn't contacted me since he Cairo.
a) can leave b) leaves c) leaving d) left
49. She..... in London when she was a child.
a) lives b) has lived c) is living d) lived
50. She..... in London since she was a child.
a) lives b) has lived c) is living d) lived
51. At the weekend, they football, then they went to a restaurant.
a) have played b) has played c) played d) play
52. You can't talk to Tarek because he..... out.
a) used to go b) had gone c) has just gone d) goes
53. Ola is nervous because she..... a talk to the class before.
a) never gives b) had never given c) never used to give
d) has never given
54. He.....all her homework, so he can relax this evening.
a) has done b) did c) will do d) does

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55. I Maha for three years - we still meet once a month.
a) have known b) know c) knew d) is knowing
56. They..... all the new words. They needn't worry about the test.
a) learned b) are learning c) have learned d) had learned
57. My cousin abroad since his childhood.
a) lived b) lives c) has lived d) have lived
58. Belal is not here. He to the dentist's.
a) went b) has been c) has gone d) goes
59. We haven't travelled by train..... years
a) since b) for c) ago d) in
60. Hala cannot play tennis. because she her hand
a) hurts b) hurt c) has hurt d) had hurt
61. It.. very cold lately, but it's just beginning to get warmer.
a) was b) has been c) is d) had been
62. Basel is not hungry because he a big lunch
a) eats b) has eaten c) ate d) is eating
63. She has been to America. This means that she there.
a) is still b) is no longer c) will be d) won't be
64. It's more than 20 years I traveled abroad.
a) while b) before c) when d) since
65. I haven't seen the new adventure film
a just b yet c already d never
66. Radwa doesn't know what flying is like because she.....
a) never flies b) has never flown c) has ever flown d) has just flown
67. A long time has passed I saw him.
a) as long as b) because c) since d) until
68. They what to do for the holidays yet.
a) hadn't decided b) haven't decided c) don't decide d) won't decide

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69. Ahmed London. He is going to return to Cairo next week.
a) has gone b) has been c) has gone to d) has been to
70. Karim has been really good at English..... he went to England on holiday last summer.
a) when b) for c) although d) since
71. My little brother is sad because he his favorite toy.
a) is breaking b) was breaking c) had broken d) has broken
72. Ali isn't here. He..... to the park.
a) has been b) has gone c) had been d) had gone
73. My uncle to Germany lately.
a) is b) will be c) has been d) is being
74. He the piano since he was eight.
a) plays b) is playing c) has played d) had played
75. We our old friends for a year. They are too busy.
a) hadn't met b) didn't meet c) haven't met d) haven't been met
76. We haven't seen him over a year.
a) since b) for c) from d) in
77. been to Aswan ?
a) Had you ever b) Have you ever
c) Have you never d) You have never
78. Take your umbrella with you. It raining.
a) starts b) started c) has started d) are starting
79. She..... three cups of coffee today.
a) drinks b) has been drinking c) had drunk d) has drunk
80. A:What's wrong? B: I..... a glass!
a) breaks b) had broken c) broke d) have broken
81. I..... about the problem for months, but I haven't found a solution yet.
a) knew b) have known c) know d) can know
82. My grandparents only know each other for a few months before they got married.

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a) knew b) have known c) know d) can know

83. She is trying to stop smoking. She has not smoked a single cigarette..... a week.

a) for b) since c) at d) in

• **Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.**

1. John (**not call**) me recently.
2. They (**buy**) a new car since last month.
3. The teacher (**not return**) the tests yet.
4. How long she (**know**) about this problem?
5. you ever (**hear**) such an unbelievable story?

• **use the present perfect:**

- He is married now. He (be) married for 2 years.
- Since 1990, he (work) for a travel agency.
- He (travel) around the world two times and he is going to go again next year.

• **Write for or since.**

- It's been raining lunchtime.
- Paul has lived in Brazilten years.
- I'm tired of waiting. We've been sitting here..... an hour.
- Kevin has been looking for a jobhe left school.
- I haven't been to a partyages.
- I wonder where Joe is. I haven't seen him..... last week.
- Jane is away on holiday. She's been awayFriday.
- The weather is dry. It hasn't raineda few weeks.

• **Put in been or gone.**

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- My parents are on holiday. They've to Italy
- . Hello! I've just..... to the shops. I've bought lots of things
- Tom has just..... out. He'll be back in about an hour.
- Alice isn't here at the moment. I don't know where she's..... .
- You're very late. Where have you

Unit five : Modal verbs .

Unit two :

Modals

الأفعال الناقصة

- **Should , shouldn't , must , mustn't , ought to , have to , has to , need , can , can't , will , would , may , might , could , couldn't**

• اللي ممكن يكون بعد الفعل الناقص :

- = المصدر + فعل ناقص **يشير للحاضر**
- = **have + p.p.** + فعل ناقص **يشير للماضي**
- = **be + فعل + ing .** + فعل ناقص **يشير للحاضر**
- = **have been + p.p.** + فعل ناقص **المبني للمجهول**
- = **be + p.p.** + فعل ناقص **المبني للمجهول**

• ركز في اللي جاي : **الضرورة والالزام .**

• **Must – Should – Mustn't – shouldn't**

- **You must study hard . =** نصائح قويه
- **You must visit my house . =** دعوه قويه
- **I must sleep early . =** الزام داخلي
- **Drivers must follow traffic rules . =** قانون بوجه عام
- **Seat belts must be worn . =** قوانين مكتوبه
- **You should study hard . =** نصائح
- **You mustn't smoke at hospitals . =** المنع والتحریم
- **You have to wear a uniform =** الزام خارجي
- **She has to get a license to drive a car . =** الزام خارجي

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should = كل هذه الصيغ

You should always take a shower .

اقتراح

- You **ought to** study hard = نصائح
- You **had better** study hard = نصائح
- **It's better** study hard = نصائح
- **It's advisable to** study hard = نصائح
- **It's desirable to** study hard = نصائح
- **It's a must to** study hard . = الزام

must = كل هذه الصيغ

- **It's necessary to** turn right = نصائح قويه
- **It's obligatory to** turn right = نصائح قويه
- **It's a necessity to** turn right = نصائح قويه

mustn't = كل هذه الصيغ

- **It's not allowed to** smoke here. = المنع والتحريم
- **It's not permitted to** smoke here. = المنع والتحريم
- **It's forbidden to** smoke here. = المنع والتحريم
- **It's prohibited to** smoke here. = المنع والتحريم
- **It's illegal to** smoke here. = المنع والتحريم

كل هذه الصيغ بمعنى عدم الحاجه أو الاضطرار

- You **don't have to** sleep early . = غير مضطر
- She **doesn't have to** sleep early = غير مضطر
- You **needn't** sleep early . = غير مضطر
- You **don't need to** sleep early . = غير مضطر

• **Have to , has to = You have no choice .**

• **Needn't have , didn't need to , didn't have to**

• I **didn't have to** sleep early .

• I **didn't need to** sleep early .

• لم اكن مضطر لذلك لم أفعل .

• I **needn't have** slept early .

• لم اكن مضطر لكنني فعلت .

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• الخلاصة :

• يقع عليك العقاب أو الأذى أو الضرر في حالتين :

• **Mustn't** (أخبرتك أن لا تفعل وانت تفعل)

Have to , has to (أخبرتك أن تفعل وانت لا تفعل)

كلمات لازم تكون عارف معناها .

Necessary ضروري , **obligatory** ضروري , **advisable** ضروري ,
a must ضرورة , **allowed** مسموح , **banned** محرم ,
against the law الزام **obligation** الزام **necessity** ضرورة
prohibited محرم **optional** اختياري .

5. You **mustn't** smoke here . It's against the law .

6. You **should** study hard . It's advisable .

القدرة وعدم القدرة *Ability and disability*

was - were able to = could استخدام

She was able to swim = She could swim

wasn't - weren't able to = couldn't استخدام

She wasn't able to swim = She couldn't swim

will be able to , won't be able to = استخدام

She won't be able to come tomorrow .

القدرة وعدم القدرة *Ability and disability*

• **Can +** المصدر

• **He can swim . She can sing.**

• **Can't +** المصدر

• **He can't swim - She can't sing.**

• **Can +** فاعل + المصدر ?

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- Can you swim ? – Can you sing ?

Possibility

الاحتمال .

may , might

استخدام

She might need an appointment .

Be careful ! You might fall over .

- **Fill in the blanks with “should”, “shouldn’t”, “must”, “mustn’t”, or “have to”**

1. You ___ eat more vegetables if you want to stay healthy.
2. I ___ finish this report by tomorrow — it’s a deadline!
3. You _____ smoke in here. It’s a non-smoking area.
4. She _____ take an umbrella. It looks like it’s going to rain.
5. Children _____ talk to strangers. It can be dangerous.
6. We _____ wear uniforms at our school. It’s the rule.
7. He _____ drink so much coffee; it keeps him up all night.
8. You _____ be late for your interview. Be on time!
9. I _____ do the dishes. It’s my turn today.
10. You _____ apologize. It wasn’t your fault.

- **Choose the correct option.**

1. You (**must / should / have to**) not touch that wire – it’s dangerous!
2. I (**should / must / have to**) go to the dentist. My tooth really hurts.
3. She (**mustn’t / shouldn’t / have to**) wear a seatbelt while driving.
4. You (**must / should / shouldn’t**) try that new restaurant. It’s great!
5. We (**must / have to / shouldn’t**) leave now or we’ll miss the train.

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

- **Choose the correct phrase: needn't have, didn't need to, or didn't have to**

1. I _____ buy milk — there was plenty in the fridge. (I bought it anyway.)
2. We _____ print the tickets — they accepted digital ones. (We didn't print them.)
3. She _____ worry; everything turned out fine. (She did worry.)
4. They _____ wait in line because we had VIP passes. (They didn't wait.)
5. You _____ clean the house. The cleaner already came. (You cleaned it anyway.)

- **Use the correct form of needn't have, didn't need to, or didn't have to**

1. He _____ (**study**) so hard — the exam was very easy.
2. We _____ (**wake**) up early — it was a holiday.
3. I __ (**bring**) my own snacks; there were lots at the party.
4. She _____ (**buy**) a new dress, but she did anyway.
5. You _____ (**call**) me. I was already on my way.

- **Use: must, have to, should, mustn't, can, don't have to, can't.**

1. You _____ stop at red lights.
2. You _____ be 18 or over to vote.
3. You _____ bring your own food — snacks are provided.
4. You _____ smoke in this area; it's prohibited.
5. You _____ take breaks while studying. It helps!

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

must and mustn't .

1. You tidy up your room.
2. You smoke.
3. You do your homework.
4. You play with fire.
5. You be home on time.
6. You cheat in a test.
7. You turn the music too loud.

• Can – can't

• **Can + المصدر**

• **He can swim . She can sing.**

• **Can't + المصدر**

• **He can't swim – She can't sing.**

• **Can + المصدر + فاعل ؟**

• **Can you swim ? – Can you sing ?**

• **Choose the correct answer (can or can't)**

1. I speak French. I picked it up while I was in France.
2. I come to the party. I am really busy.
3. We hear you. The music is so loud.
4. Where are my keys? I find them.
5. I believe it. We won two million dollars.
6. We meet tomorrow if you want.
7. make me a cup of tea, please?
8. He jump. His leg hurt so much.
9. Illiterate people read and write.

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

10. Fish swim.

• Choose the correct answer (can or can't)

1. I only speak English. I don't know any other languages.

2. What sports you play the best?

3. A dog be man's best friend, but it can't help with the chores.

4. Open-minded individuals can often foresee possibilities, while narrow-minded people predict the future very well.

5. Fish survive outside the water.

6. you cook?

7. Denis doesn't want to go swimming with us because he swim.

8. It's really dark here, I see anything

9. Parking your car here is against the rules; you park here.

10. I am very hungry I eat everything right now.

11. A cheetah run very fast.

12. you help me?

13. I do my homework, it's too difficult.

14. A baby drive a car.

15. The letters are very small. I read anything.

• Choose the correct answer (can or can't)

1. Her dad only speaks English. He _____ speak French.

2. I _____ swim a hundred meters.

3. _____ you make a fire?

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

4. _____ he cook? No, he _____ .
5. What sports _____ you play?
6. Marc _____ climb trees, he is ill.
7. There's party tonight. _____ I come?
8. Peter doesn't want to go to the pool because he _ swim.
9. Cats _____ climb trees.
10. Rabbits _____ sing.
11. It is really dark. I _____ see anything.
12. I've got a new bike, no I _____ ride it.
13. He hurt his leg so he _____ run fast.
14. She's a singer. She _____ sing nicely.
15. A girl _____ fly.
16. Ducks _____ swim.
17. Babies _____ ride bikes.

• Be able to .

- **Fill in the blanks with the correct form of "be able to"**
- • I _____ speak three languages fluently.
 - She _____ finish the project yesterday, even though it was difficult.
 - When we move to the city, we _____ find better jobs.
 - They _____ solve the problem by themselves last night.
 - He _____ play the guitar when he was only ten.
 - Don't worry — you _ pass the exam if you study hard.
 - We _____ come to your party tomorrow.

Mr. Hossam Abdalla

- I wasn't sure if I _____ reach you by phone yesterday.
- She _____ run fast because she trains every day.
- After a few lessons, I think you _____ drive on your own.

B. Choose the correct option:

1. When I was young, I (**am able to / was able to**) swim very fast.
2. If you practice, you (**will be able to / were able to**) play the piano.
3. He (**is able to / was able to**) fix computers really well.
4. They (**will be able to / are able to**) come next weekend.
5. I (**am able to / was able to**) speak French since I was a child.

• Can , can't , could, couldn't .

○ Fill in the blanks with the correct form of "can "

1. I _____ swim very well when I was five.
2. She _____ come to the party because she's working tonight.
3. When I was a child, I _____ climb trees easily.
4. Sorry, I _____ hear you. Can you speak louder?
5. We _____ go out now; it's raining too hard.
6. He _____ run very fast before his injury.
7. My grandmother _____ speak three languages when she was younger.
8. I _____ play the piano now, but I want to learn.
9. You _____ borrow my pen if you need it.

تطبيق



مذكرات جاهزة للطباعة

لتحميل الملفات التعليمية مجاناً للمعلم والطالب

مذكرات وملازم / مراجعات وملخصات / امتحانات / كتب الوزارة /
أدلة المعلم / دفاتر التحضير / سجلات مدرسية / أوراق تأسيس

امسح الكود بموبايلك علشان تقدر تثبت التطبيق

وتقدر ف أي وقت تحمّل ال نفسك فيه ببلاش

هيغنيك عن البحث والجروبات والقنوات الكثيرة



تطبيق الموبايل لتحميل الملفات